Today's Weather
RAIN

The Pittsburgh Gazette.

LATEST NEWS EDITION

VOL. 117. ESTABLISHED JULY 29, 1786. NO. 198. PITTSBURGH, WEDNESDAY MORNING, FEBRUARY 11, 1903.—FOURTEEN PAGES. ONE CENT A COPY.

NEWS SUMMARY

DOMESTIC.

Speaker Henderson of the house of representatives denied that he has any acquaintance with or has ever been approached by Standard Oil interests on anti-trust legislation.—Page 1.

Representative Cannon announced in the house that there is no intention to pass the Hanna bill to pension ex-slaves.—Page 5.

Finishing touches being put on statehood bill to take place of that being presented by Senator Quay.—Page 9.

Two trainmen injured by collision at Alliance, O.—Page 7.

Pennsylvania delegation in congress trying to have new naval station located at Erie, Pa.—Page 9.

FOREIGN.

Princess of Saxony mentally deranged.—Page 1.

Steamer Madiana wrecked on coast of Bermuda.—Page 2.

PENNSYLVANIA.

Killen's confession admitted as evidence in murder trial at Greensburg.—Page 7.

President Mitchell and miners' union were targets for attacks of attorneys for operators before strike commission.—Page 5.

Joint committee of senate and house gave hearing on Berkelbach bill to amend blue laws.—Page 1.

Wyman's followers in Allegheny failed to delay consideration of the Goehring Greater Pittsburgh bill.—Page 1.

LOCAL.

Citizens finance committee secretly omitted $1,501,834 item for sinking fund from the appropriation ordinance.—Page 3.

President Hansen of the Standard Steel Car Company announced that the company had $15,000,000 worth of orders booked.—Page 3.

Dr. William H. McKelvey defeated for president of the central board of education by John T. Fox.—Page 6.

Republican canvass shows that John C. Haymaker will be elected recorder by a majority of at least 8,000.—Page 3.

Director McCandless insists that there is not enough money on hand to buy both technical school site and property for addition to the Carnegie institute.—Page 9.

Finance committee of Pittsburgh councils approved the report of salary revision committee.—Page 6.

Pittsburgh Coal Company increased net earnings last year 51 per cent, to $4,709,387; announces plan of death and pension fund.—Page 9.

Councilman Thomas M. Brown advises Fourth ward Citizens to "bury Christian soldiers at the polls."—Page 2.

Nicholas Glazner killed Maggie Hall, a domestic, in the yard of her employer's residence in Oakland and then shot himself.—Page 1.

Councilman J. C. Wasson charged that six members of councils are on the personal payroll of Thomas S. Bigelow.—Page 1.

One of the largest meetings on record in Allegheny enthusiastic over Dr. S. S. Woodburn's candidacy for recorder.—Page 2.

Many prominent labor leaders issue a statement in the interest of Haymaker and Woodburn.—Page 8.

Empire Coal Mining Company has entered an aggressive fight to place itself as the second bituminous concern of the country in three years.—Page 14.

LEGAL.

Irene Baker and Lillian Spear, two colored women, convicted of cutting F. M. Weit in an attempt to rob him.—Page 10.

School directors commenced quo warranto proceedings against a secretary to secure his books.—Page 10.

Parents asked vacation of an order placing their daughter in charge of Humane society.—Page 10.

SOCIAL.

The Western Pennsylvania Society of Colonial Dames was organized yesterday at the home of Mrs. F. B. Nimick and officers were elected.—Page 6.

Capt. Richmond Pearson Hobson, of Merrimac fame, was a matinee hero yesterday.—Page 6.

Mrs. W. Howard Nimick gave a handsome afternoon reception yesterday in honor of her niece, Mrs. Colbert Anderson McClure, who was a bride of last summer.—Page 6.

The formal opening of the Peacock baths, presented by A. R. Peacock to the Columbian council school, was held last evening.—Page 6.

The educational department of the Civic club was organized yesterday and chairmen of sub-departments were appointed.—Page 6.

SPORTING.

New Orleans winners: Aurie B., Captain Gaston, Potheen, Ahumada, Telamon, Scorpio.—Page 7.

President Dreyfuss says he is willing to have Pirates play Athletics for $5,000 as well as all the gate receipts.—Page 7.

The Banker seven made a show out of the Keystone team in last night's hockey contest.—Page 7.

FINANCIAL.

After a strong opening in Wall street, stocks reacted and closed at the lowest.—Page 12.

Pittsburgh Coal and Philadelphia Company the strong features of the local stock market.—Page 12.

Corn was most active of Chicago grains.—Page 13.

M'KINLEY SOUVENIRS FOR CONTRIBUTORS

CANTON, Feb. 10.—One hundred thousand souvenirs for distribution to contributors to the McKinley Memorial fund have been received from New York and will be sent out to postmasters. The souvenir contains engravings of the McKinley home in Canton of the White House, a picture of McKinley and a representation of the Goddess of Liberty. McKinley's last words, "God's will, not ours, be done," are embodied in the souvenir.

The Civic League says of the Bigelow party: "The party has gathered about it a horde of the professional politicians of both the old parties, many being retained upon salaries, and large numbers being paid for their political work."

TODAY'S AMUSEMENTS.

ALVIN—Mrs. Langtry in "The Crossways," 2 and 8 p. m.

NEW GRAND—Stock company in "The Way of the World," 2 and 8 p. m.

DUQUESNE—Lottie Saunders and an all-star vaudeville bill, 2 and 8 p. m.

BIJOU—"In Old Kentucky," 2 and 8 p. m.

EMPIRE—"The Eleventh Hour," 2:15 and 8:15 p. m.

ACADEMY—Phil Sheridan's "Big City Sports," 2 and 8 p. m.

AVENUE—Wilfred Clarke & Co. and 15 big vaudeville acts; continuous performance, 1:30 to 10:30 p. m.

DUQUESNE GARDEN—Ice skating, afternoon and evening.

A vote for Hays is a vote to restore the principle of boss dictation.

WYMAN'S CLAN FAILS TO DELAY GOEHRING BILL

Senate Committee Refuses to Put Off Hope for Greater Pittsburgh.

SIMON PROVES CHIEF OBJECTOR

Four Delegations Tell of Advantages to Be Gained by Annexation.

OFFER FEW AMENDMENTS

THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE BUREAU, HARRISBURG, Feb. 10.

Senator John M. Goehring's Greater Pittsburgh bill was the subject of discussion before the senate committee on judiciary general tonight, and the committee quickly learned that there is bitterness of feeling on the part of the Wyman followers in Allegheny on the question of annexation to Pittsburgh. One of Wyman's supporters, Charles W. Simon, tried to kill the bill by delay, proposing to put off further consideration of it until late in the month, but the committee would not consent to unnecessary postponement, and the opponents of the Greater Pittsburgh bill will have to offer their objections to the bill on the day after election.

Four delegations arrived today to urge the committee to report favorably on Senator Goehring's bill. The councils of Pittsburgh were represented by D. F. Crawford, Henry Fitzpatrick, W. H. Barker, S. J. Wainwright, John H. Voskamp and W. R. Brown, the city engineer, accompanied by the city clerk, E. J. Martin. Allegheny councils were represented by John Trimble, C. W. Snaman, Charles Kirschler and C. P. Lang, the city solicitor. The Pittsburgh chamber of commerce sent a delegation composed of Col. W. J. Logan, president; George H. Anderson, secretary, and D. J. Gillespie. O. H. Allerton, Frank O. Van Gorder and James R. Youngson were the representatives of the East End board of trade.

Col. Logan Starts Action.

The committee met at 8 p. m., with Senator C. E. Woods of Westmoreland county in the chair. Senator Goehring introduced Col. Logan as the representative of the commercial body that had the bill drafted. Col. Logan said:

The chamber of commerce has long been of the opinion that it would be a great advantage to our district if we could have a consolidation of the cities, boroughs and townships surrounding Pittsburgh. The chamber declared several times in favor of annexation and finally caused a bill to be prepared by a Pittsburgh attorney, Mr. Rodgers, and approved the bill. This is the bill. We believe it to be a fair measure, whose object is to permit the people to join themselves together in a great city, if desired. The four organizations represented by delegations talked over the bill today, and we agreed on three or four amendments, which I will lay before the committee.

The bill as at present drafted provides that 5 per cent of the taxables of the district desiring to be annexed to a city of the second-class shall be a number sufficient to cause the court to call an election on the question, but one amendment presented by Col. Logan makes the number 10 per cent; another amendment provides that a second election may be called by a petition signed by 15 per cent of the taxables, instead of 10 per cent, as provided in the bill; a third amendment stipulates that no second election may be held within two years after the first election, and a fourth amendment provides that the floated and bonded indebtedness of the annexed district shall be paid through taxation in that district only, and the indebtedness of the city to which other districts are annexed shall be paid for by taxation in the old city only. Mr. Goehring said he had no objection to the amendments.

No Use of Force.

Councilman Crawford of Pittsburgh desired to have it clearly understood that Pittsburgh was not demanding that contiguous districts be annexed to the city, but that she welcomed any borough, township or city that knocked for admission at her doors.

Mr. Youngson spoke briefly. City Solicitor Lang of Allegheny said the Allegheny delegation favored the bill, not that Allegheny wanted to be annexed to Pittsburgh just now, but because there was no legislation enabling it to be annexed if it so desired. George H. Anderson delivered a lengthy address and read from reports to the chamber of commerce giving reasons for annexation.

At this point Charles W. Simon broke in. He said that copies of the bill had reached Allegheny only on Saturday, and the people desired more time to consider the proposed legislation. He, therefore, asked that further consideration of the bill be postponed to February 24, and that copies of the bill be printed for distribution in Allegheny.

Col. Logan asked him what organization he represented.

"I represent myself and the Citizens party of Allegheny," replied Mr. Simon.

Mr. Simon thought he had gained his point, and soon left the room. While the one member of the committee suggested an amendment that 25 per cent of the taxables be requisite before a second election could be ordered and Mr. Armstrong combated it, Chairman Woods looked annoyed and finally spoke up:

"Mr. Simon should not have left the room at a critical moment," he remarked. "That suggestion to postpone further consideration of this bill two weeks is impracticable. The legislature is to adjourn on April 26; this bill may be referred to the house judiciary general committee, and this delay, Senator Goehring, may prevent your bill being reached."

Simon Is Called Back.

Mr. Lang said that John H. Trimble represented the Citizens party, and could tell whether Mr. Simon really represented that party. Senator Goehring went out to look for Simon, while Councilman Charles Kirschler argued against delaying the bill on account of Simon's opposition. Presently Simon arrived, in tow of Senator Goehring. The sole objector said he represented 100 property holders. Mr. Woods suggested next Wednesday night for a hearing of the objections to the bill, and although Representative Joseph Stewart objected on the ground that that was the day after election, the motion was put and passed. Simon was asked whom he represented, and Repre-

Continued on 2d Page, 1st Column.

SHOT A WOMAN AND TRIED TO KILL HIMSELF

Motorman Glazner Blew His Sweetheart's Brains Out in Oakland.

MAGGIE HALL MET AN INSTANT DEATH

Glazner Evidently Insane When He Committed Sanguinary Deed.

THE TWO WENT OUT OFTEN

Nicholas Glazner, a motorman, shot and killed Maggie Hall, a domestic, in the rear yard of her employer, J. M. Roberts, a well-known jeweler, at No. 412 Atwood street, shortly after 8 o'clock last night, and then attempted to destroy himself by shooting himself twice in the head. The woman was killed outright, the bullet entering her head above the left eye. Glazner's wounds are slight and he will recover. The shots entered the back of his head, over the right ear, and grooving under the scalp came out within an inch of where they entered. Glazner was taken to Mercy hospital and the body of the woman was removed to the morgue. The dead woman was 40 years old. Glazner is 45 years old and lives at No. 7 Elgin avenue. No one witnessed the tragedy. What grievance Glazner had is not known. He is said to have been temporarily insane, the result of a severe sickness he recently had.

Kept Company With Glazner.

Maggie Hall and Glazner had been going together for three years. The dead woman was in the employ of the Roberts family for seven years. Glazner called on the woman last Saturday about noon, and later Maggie obtained permission to be away for the remainder of that day. She and Glazner left the house and did not return until early Sunday morning. Glazner returned to the house again at noon on Sunday, and again the pair went away, the woman not returning this time until 2 o'clock Monday afternoon. The woman left the house again Monday evening, and it is known that she was with Glazner. This time she did not return until yesterday afternoon at 3 o'clock. Where Glazner and the woman went is not known. Neither appeared to have been drinking.

Found in Pools of Blood.

J. M. Roberts was in the bath room when he heard four shots fired in the back yard. One shot was heard, and after a short interval three more were fired in rapid succession. He called his son, J. L. Roberts, who was in his room, and both hurried downstairs. They went out in the back yard and saw the forms of the man and woman lying in pools of blood. Word was sent at once to the Oakland police station, and Police Inspector Robert Dunnison, Lieut. William Creehan and several officers were on the scene.

Dr. E. S. Montgomery of No. 355 Atwood street had been summoned, and pronounced the woman dead.

Glazner was conscious when found, but would not talk. He was taken to the hospital in No. 4 patrol wagon. From the positions in which the bodies were found, Glazner had evidently been walking on the right side of the woman when he shot her. Whether they had any words before the shooting is not known. Glazner evidently placed the revolver against the woman's left eye and fired. There were powder marks on her face and hat. The bullet forced the eye from the woman's head and buried itself in her brain.

Glazner placed the revolver over his right ear and fired two shots into his head. Two bullets plowed their way under his scalp and came out within an inch of the place where they entered. He fell by the side of the dead woman, a 32-caliber revolver clenched in his right hand.

Glazner Did Not Act Right.

Last summer Glazner was ill with typhoid fever for seven weeks, and his fellow workmen say that he has been acting strange since that time.

Dr. Montgomery said that Glazner seemed to be suffering from some brain trouble when he looked at him. The physicians at the hospital also confirm this. Glazner was employed as a motorman on the night car of the Center and Negley avenue lines. It was learned at the car barn last night that he had not been working for three days. It was supposed that he was sick. He roomed with Charles Gearhart, a motorman of the North Highland avenue line. As far as could be learned he has no relatives in this city.

Maggie Hall was a sister of Mrs. George W. Dowling, the wife of a wholesale liquor dealer in Braddock. She was born and raised near Turtle Creek, and has a father and brother in the west. Her mother died when she was quite young. The physicians said last night that Glazner would be in condition to be removed from the hospital this morning. Mrs. Roberts said the couple were never known to quarrel.

WABASH WINS AGAIN.

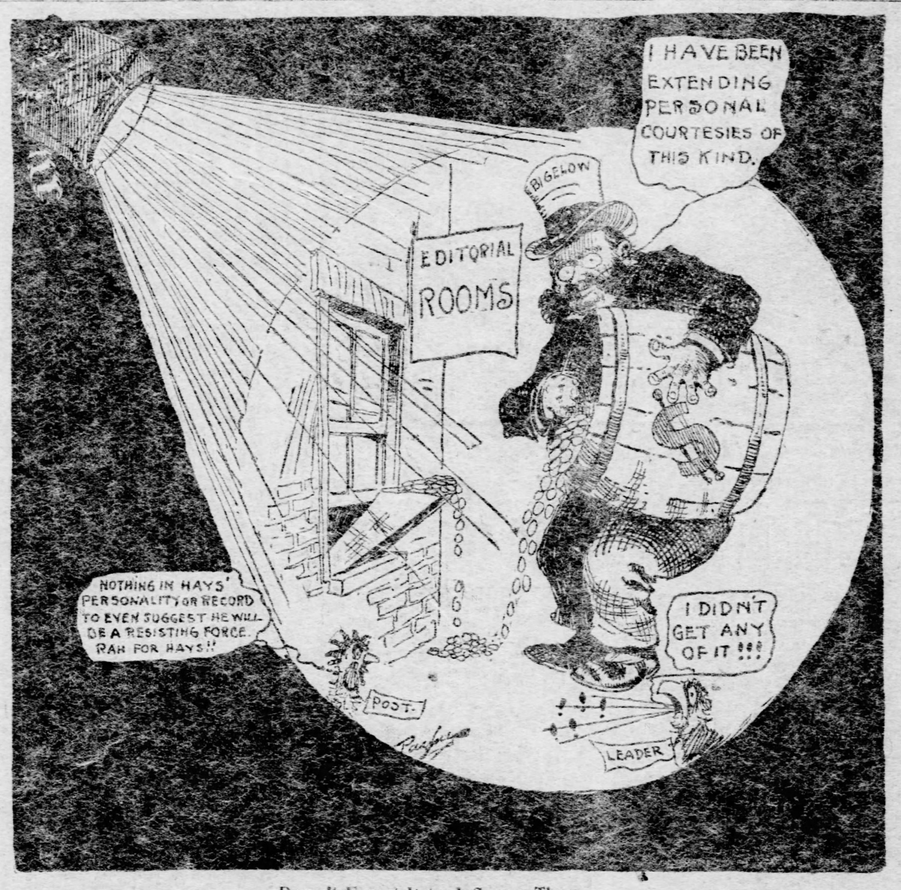
New Castle Votes Its Franchises—Ramsey at Cumberland.

NEW CASTLE, PA., Feb. 10.—The Wabash railroad won a decided triumph here last night when the select and common councils, in committee of the whole, voted to recommend to both branches an ordinance permitting the railway the right to enter the city and cross Mahoning avenue, Cherry and South Jefferson streets, either at or above grade, as its engineers deem advisable. The Wabash has been fighting for this privilege for months.

CUMBERLAND, MD., Feb. 10.—Joseph Ramsey, Jr., president of the Wabash, and other officials of that system, arrived here this afternoon from Baltimore, in a private car. The party will leave tomorrow morning on an inspection tour of the West Virginia Central and its connections.

Mr. Ramsey will go to St. Louis before making the expected trip to Pittsburgh.

He (Hays) accepts the boss principle, declares loyalty to the boss, and who can doubt these will be the animating and controlling principles of his administration? There is nothing in Mr. Hays' personality or record to even suggest that he will be a resisting force.—Post, December 31.


I HAVE BEEN EXTENDING PERSONAL COURTESIES OF THIS KIND.
BIGELOW
EDITORIAL ROOMS
NOTHING IN HAYS' PERSONALITY OR RECORD TO EVEN SUGGEST HE WILL BE A RESISTING FORCE. RAH FOR HAYS!!
I DIDN'T GET ANY OF IT!!!
POST.
LEADER

Doesn't Expect It to Influence Them.

PRINCESS OF SAXONY MENTALLY DERANGED

Her Counsel Will Ask That Divorce Proceedings Be Postponed.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS CABLE TO THE GAZETTE.]

DRESDEN, Feb. 10.—It is reported that when the divorce proceedings against the former crown princess of Saxony are called up tomorrow her counsel will ask that a new date for the hearing be fixed, on the ground that she is mentally deranged.

NYON, SWITZERLAND, Feb. 10.—The report that the former crown princess of Saxony has attempted to commit suicide is untrue. A dispatch from Munich published here says the former crown princess has written to an intimate friend, a member of the Bavarian royal family, bitterly complaining of the irreconcilable spirit shown by her own and her husband's family.

The princess is reported as saying in her letter that she dismissed Giron definitely and went to the Nyon sanatorium of her own accord. She now deeply repents her flight and declares she is unable to long endure the condition of a prisoner.

HERRICK AND GARLAND SPEAK AT BANQUET

Annual Feast of the Foraker Club Is Held at Youngstown.

[BY ASSOCIATED PRESS TO THE GAZETTE.]

YOUNGSTOWN, O., Feb. 10.—The annual banquet of the Foraker club was held here tonight. Covers were laid for more than 600 guests. The principal addresses of the evening were delivered by Col. Myron T. Herrick of Cleveland, who spoke on "The Future," and M. M. Garland, surveyor of the port, of Pittsburgh, who responded to "Lincoln, from the Workingman's Standpoint." Ex-Lieut. Gov. W. A. Jones was toastmaster. Col. Herrick spoke, in part, as follows:

The obstructive minority said we were not going to restore prosperity. But we did. They said it would not last. Well, it has lasted.

Today the problems produced by the enormous volume of business are being safely met and considered. We see the gradual approach to each other of capital and labor, brought to hand clasps by peaceful negotiations and arbitration. Some of our foremost men in all walks of life have voluntarily given their time and their means toward eliminating from our life that ugly monument of the demagogue—class hatred. The great bulk of employes and employers no longer regard each other as enemies, but as friends.

RUMOR SAYS HENDERSON.

Report That Meadville Man Will Be Named for Superior Court Today by Gov. Pennypacker.

HARRISBURG, Feb. 10.—(Special.)—The nomination of ex-Judge John J. Henderson of Meadville to the vacancy in the superior court, created by the resignation of Judge William W. Porter of Philadelphia, will go to the senate tomorrow, according to a strong rumor tonight.

Judge Henderson was defeated by Judge Thomas, Democratic-Populist, five years ago, and his friends have since been urging him for every vacancy which has occurred in the higher courts. He was a candidate for the Republican nomination for supreme court judge several years ago, when Judge Dean was nominated, and came within a few votes of receiving the nomination.

The rumor that he is to be appointed has caused much surprise among the numerous other applicants, as it was thought the appointment would go to Philadelphia.

Insurance Commissioner I. W. Durham spent the day at the capital and had a long talk with Gov. Pennypacker. It was the first time Durham has seen the governor since his inauguration, the discussing the vacancy on the superior court bench. Commissioner Durham said he thought likely a man from the country would be chosen to succeed Judge Porter. Commissioner Durham spent the evening with Speaker Walton and President Pro Tem Scott. Important pending legislation was discussed.

Pittsburghers at St Augustine.

ST. AUGUSTINE, FLA., Feb. 10.—(Special.)—Among the arrivals from Pittsburgh today were: Mrs. S. Garrison, Miss Garrison, Miss Josephine Garrison, Mrs. S. V. Huber and W. O. Murphy.

The Civic League says: "Mr. Haymaker is generally regarded in his profession as a conscientious, able and upright lawyer and man. His reputation in private life is excellent."—Adv.

SPEAKER DENIES STANDARD STORY

Presiding Officer of the House Not Acquainted With Rockefeller.

NOT APPROACHED

[BY ASSOCIATED PRESS TO THE GAZETTE.]

Washington, D. C., Feb. 10.—The Post tomorrow will publish an interview with Speaker David B. Henderson of the house of representatives with respect to reports current about the capitol connecting the speaker's name with efforts to thwart anti-trust legislation and with having endeavored to have enacted a substitute for the Nelson publicity section of the department of commerce bill. The reports also said Mr. Henderson would become attorney for one of the Standard Oil companies, after March 4, when he retires from congress. The speaker emphatically denied the report. He said:

"In the first place, I have never known any person or official connected with the Standard Oil Company in any way, nor do I know of such official or person now." Rising from his desk in the speaker's private room, and walking over to one of the window recesses, he added:

"The only relations I ever had with any person identified with the Standard Oil was some years ago. Then I wrote a letter to Mr. Rockefeller. I asked him to assist in some project for Upper Iowa university, my alma mater. I do not recall exactly what it was, but I think I asked him to assist that institution in the purchase of an organ. Afterward I secured from Andrew Carnegie a library for the college. Mr. Rockefeller, however, declined to assist in whatever undertaking I had mentioned to him in behalf of the college.

Favors Anti-Trust Legislation.

"In the second place," continued Speaker Henderson, "I know nothing whatever about any Standard Oil amendment before the conference committee on the department of commerce. The reports you mention are entirely new to me. I have had nothing to do with any such an amendment."

"And what about your alleged opposition to anti-trust legislation?" was suggested.

"There has been a lot of lying about that matter," replied Speaker Henderson, who said he had seen the subject discussed in the newspapers. "I have all along been in favor of anti-trust legislation. I got through the house a long time ago the amendments to the Sherman law, which have never been completed and enacted into legislation.

"Early this session I started out to urge legislation against trusts. It was at my suggestion, after conference with Mr. Smith, chairman of the judiciary committee of the house, that a special sub-committee was appointed—a sub-committee of earnest, sincere and competent men—to frame an anti-trust bill. They entered upon their work and from that day I was in frequent consultation with members of that sub-committee as to the progress they were making. I talked often with Mr. Overstreet, Mr. Jenkins, Mr. Littlefield and others of the judiciary committee as to what was being done."

In Accord With President.

"You are in accord with whatever program the administration wishes to anti-trust legislation?"

"Why, I have been in consultation often with the president on the matter," concluded the speaker, "and ready to work in complete accord with him, as I have been in other matters of legislation before congress. I was at the White House yesterday shortly after 1 o'clock, when we discussed the program as to the conference on the department of commerce bill, which has just been accepted by the house."

Hubbard T. Smith Dead.

GENOA, Feb. 10.—Hubbard T. Smith, United States vice consul general at Cairo, who had been in a hospital here for some time, suffering from cancer, died this morning.

Accepted Carnegie Offer.

LONDON, Feb. 10.—The Dover corporation today accepted Andrew Carnegie's offer of $50,000 to found a public library in Dover. The mayor cast the deciding vote in favor of acceptance.

BIGELOW'S MOTTO: "It is not a question of moral character, but political character."

BRITAIN'S PROTOCOL ACCEPTED BY BOWEN

When Germany and Italy Reach This Stage Blockade Will Be Raised.

[BY ASSOCIATED PRESS TO THE GAZETTE.]

WASHINGTON, Feb. 10.—Great Britain's protocol has been formally accepted by Mr. Bowen for Venezuela. The German and Italian conventions are still undergoing revision, but assurances are given in authoritative quarters that they eventually will be made to conform in all essential respects to that of the British ambassador.

Owing to the illness of the British ambassador, Mr. Bowen called at the embassy today and personally signified his approval of the agreement. He then presented his formal note of acceptance, and it has been cabled to the London foreign office.

It appears that the insertion in the German protocol of the provision for advance payment of the original $340,000 demanded of President Castro in the German ultimatum was the result of a misunderstanding on the part of the German foreign office of certain steps in the negotiations here. Through the activity of the German minister, Baron Speck von Sternburg, this point is being cleared up.

The Italian ambassador's instructions are such that he can make little headway until he knows what is contained in the German protocol. He, however, has made a rough draft of his convention and it will take only a short while after the completion of the German convention for Signor Mayor Des Planches to put the finishing touches to his protocol.

Mr. Bowen has done everything possible to conclude the negotiations with dispatch in order that the blockade might be raised, and tonight expressed his belief that he was receiving in this effort the sincere support of all the negotiators. If a serious hitch shall occur at the eleventh hour Mr. Bowen is confident that it will be through no fault of any one of the representatives of the allies here. Should the protocols of Germany Italy when presented to him contain provisions not in line with those of the British the negotiations must be prolonged until a satisfactory arrangement can be reached.

RAILROAD BUILDING IN WEST VIRGINIA

New Territory Being Opened Up and Coal Lands Advancing in Price.

[SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE GAZETTE.]

BALTIMORE, Feb. 10.—The Iron Mountain & Greenbrier railroad, for an extension of which a map was recently filed at Marlinton, W. Va., proposes to build about 15 miles to Huntersville. The road now consists of 18 miles of line running northeast from the Chesapeake & Ohio railroad at White Sulphur Springs, W. Va., along towards Creek, Fleming Run and Anthony's Creek, to Alvon and Shryrock. The extension is to go up the north fork of Anthony's creek, between Middle mountain and Beaver Lick mountain to Knapps creek, thence to Huntersville.

The contract will be awarded shortly. The new road will open up coal mines and iron ore deposits. The road is controlled by Thomas J. Shyrock & Co. of Baltimore. The officers are Thomas J. Shyrock, president; F. A. Hauck, secretary and treasurer; P. B. Houston of Ronceverte, chief engineer.

The Virginia Anthracite Mining & Railway Company have completed grading their line from Christianburg, Va., to the Great Price mountain coal mines, a distance of five miles, and nearly all the ties are laid, so the steel will probably be laid in the next two weeks. This will open up one of the finest hard coal sections in Virginia and lands are on a big boom at present.

NEW IRON DEPOSIT.

Richest Find in Canada in Years Reported by Purchaser of 1,120 Acres of Land.

SAULT STE. MARIE, MICH., Feb. 10.—News of the discovery of one of the richest iron ore finds in the Dominion was made public today by C. C. Williams of this city. The discovery was made by explorers in his employ some time ago and Williams has just secured title to the property, consisting of 1,120 acres in all.

The formation runs through the tract nearly two miles. The ore is said to be of phenomenal richness and purity, assaying 64 per cent metallic iron.

The property is located about three miles from Wilde station, on the Algoma Central railway, 50 miles from the Canadian Soo.

ORATORICAL FLOOD GATES ARE OPENED

For Four Hours Arguments Are Made for and Against Blue Law.

PITTSBURGHERS ON BOTH SIDES

Berkelbach's Innocent Looking Bill Causes Squally Time at Harrisburg.

STATE CLERGY UP IN ARMS

THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE BUREAU, HARRISBURG, Feb. 10.

One of the most interesting events of the present legislative session was the hearing this afternoon on the Berkelbach bill. It was before the senate law and order committee and Senator Fox presided. This measure is designed to repeal certain features of the act of 1794, governing Sabbath observance, popularly characterized as the "blue law."

In every session for several decades an effort has been made to modify or liberalize the provisions of the act of 1794, but the sentiment brought to bear by the clergy and the allied religious societies has prevented any change in the ancient statute.

The present bill, of which Senator Berkelbach is sponsor, is not sweeping or radical in its intent, but seeks to legalize certain privileges which its advocates allege the people demand, and which they are certain to have, regardless of any legislation now in effect or which may be enacted later. Friends of the bill ask that they be relieved of criminal intent and action by legalizing the sale of those articles which necessity compels them to sell or purchase on Sunday. The vital feature of the Berkelbach bill is:

That hereafter it shall be lawful to sell medicines, soda and mineral waters, mild and other harmless non-intoxicating drinks, bread, meat, oysters, ice cream, candy, cakes, pastry, fruits, ice, cigars, tobacco, toilet articles, and to serve meals, to hire horses and vehicles, to prepare, print, distribute and sell newspapers and run horse, electric, cable and steam cars and locomotives, and to operate telephone and telegraph lines on the first day of the week, commonly called Sunday.

That all acts or parts of acts inconsistent herewith are hereby repealed.

Four Hours of Oratory.

Nearly four hours were spent in opposing and defending this repealer. Eight addresses were made in the affirmative and 21 in the negative. Pittsburgh representatives were heard on both sides. While precedent is strongly against favorable action, it was manifest that the members of both senate and house were deeply impressed with the arguments in favor of the bill, and those who expressed an opinion said they thought the time had come when petty persecution, legalized by an almost obsolete law, should be made impossible in Pennsylvania. Their position was that the law is not, should not, and cannot be obeyed, that it is un-American and indefensible to arrest and fine the small storekeeper who sells candy, cigars, tobacco, soda water and other essentials. It was urged that the great majority of Sunday buyers are workingmen who, busy from Monday morning until Saturday night, are compelled to secure these necessities on their day of rest.

Friends of the bill were explicit in their statement that no repeal in the interest of liquor dealers was asked, no radical departure in any sense, only such privileges as are necessary.

Those against the law rested upon the confidence reposed in their forefathers, who drafted not only the blue laws, but the Declaration of Independence. They admitted that the repealer was practically innocent upon its face, but they were fearful that it might be deceptive, and if it is not, it would be an entering wedge, an amendment and indorsement of modern thought, a rebuke to those who framed the bill 109 years ago. Ancestral action should be held sacred.

Speaks for Germans.

Those opposed to the bill were heard first. Charles L. Fry, pastor of St. Luke's Reformed church, Philadelphia, opened the argument. In impassioned tones Mr. Fry said he represented the "American-Germans," not the "German-Americans." He felt that some sinister purpose was concealed in the bill "so adroitly drawn." He declared Germany tired of an open Sunday, and he said restrictive legislation was now being considered. Americans, he said, are always extremists, always do things in excess, and need curbing. Soft drinks, in his opinion, would not justify Germans here. Fry asserted that his views were in accord with 75,000 German-speaking citizens of the state.

Dr. William A. Carroll of the Cumberland Valley Sabbath association said he represented 150,000 people, nine-tenths of whom are opposed to the bill.

The Rev. Dr. T. J. Gibson of Pittsburgh said he did not think it proper that his side should take the initiative.

Chairman Fox—Your side requested the privilege of being heard first.

"I don't want my time taken by the chair," replied Dr. Gibson with emphasis.

"There is no desire upon the part of the chair to take your time. My explanation was made for the purpose of affording you every courtesy," Chairman Fox replied.

"I'll all my time," said Dr. Gibson, who then said he represented the Pittsburgh presbytery, also the Ministerial association, and not less than 125,000 communicants who are against the bill.

Tribute to Pittsburghers.

He paid a handsome tribute to the people of Pittsburgh, and said their citizenship was above the average. After reading the resolution adopted by the presbytery, he declared that the passage of the bill meant utter destruction of the Sabbath day.

Judge Ashman of the orphans' court of Philadelphia spoke against the bill. He thought a bill that had stood 109 years a good one. It was not the act of divines, but a Pennsylvania legislature, none of the members of which had been distinguished for piety. He said the sale of candy would be followed by an opening of department stores and general resumption on Sunday of ordinary mercantile affairs.

The Rev. W. C. Webb of Philadelphia

Continued on 2d Page, 3d Column.

BIGELOW PAY ROLL IN THE CITY COUNCILS

Joseph C. Wasson Says Six Legislators Are on It.

MR. HAYMAKER GOES AFTER CAPT. BRECK

Says He Is Perhaps Angry Because One Indictment Was Not Pigeonholed.

SEVERAL LARGE MEETINGS

At a Republican meeting in the Thirty-first ward last night Councilman Joseph C. Wasson made the charge that there are six members of councils on the personal payroll of Thomas S. Bigelow. He asserted that there are public officials working entirely in Bigelow's interests and for the advancement of his political projects.

At the same meeting Mr. Haymaker called attention to the charge of E. Y. Breck that over 700 indictments had been "pigeonholed" in the district attorney's office. The candidate also made this observation:

"There was one indictment which he failed to have 'pigeonholed,' one in which he was the defendant, and perhaps this explains his position today."

The Thirty-first ward meeting was held in Turner hall, one of the largest in the city, and the big building was filled. When promptly at 8 o'clock John C. Haymaker was introduced. Despite the fact that he was suffering from a severe cold, Mr. Haymaker repeated the pledge that if elected he will give the city the best and cleanest administration in his power. Referring to the statement made by the Leader that he pigeonholed indictments as district attorney, Mr. Haymaker made a statement that was clear and convincing. He said:

My opponents have not been sats at any time to show that political influence ever prevented me from doing my duty as I saw it. During the campaign some charges have been made. The latest was by E. Y. Breck. In political campaigns lawyers who are never heard of in their profession often come to the front. Breck prepared an article in which it was made to appear that I was instrumental in pigeonholing 725 indictments.

Does Not Have a Pigeonhole.

During my terms some 30,000 cases have been disposed of, but Breck says that 725 were not. He uses the word "pigeonholing" for the purpose of misleading the public, desiring to convey the impression that for political reasons or personal gain the political interests of some person or persons, neglected to do my duty. As a matter of fact, there isn't such a thing as a pigeonhole. It exists only in the imagination of this obscure person named Breck.

There was one indictment that he failed to have pigeonholed; one in which he was the defendant, and perhaps this explains his position today.

In regard to this charge that I failed to dispose of 725 indictments, I have said repeatedly that I stood ready to have a thorough investigation of the records, not only by the Republicans, but by men of prominence on the other side, and I am perfectly willing to accept their verdict. If this charge be made in good faith, all I ask is that W. B. Rodgers of the Citizens party and W. J. Brennan, neither of whom is favoring my election, make an examination of the records in my office. I promise them that to convince them and any other person who is sufficiently interested to make an investigation, that there is a good reason for every failure to dispose of an indictment. These men are lawyers and will know whether or not I am telling the truth.

Mr. Haymaker explained how informations accumulate and how, where prosecution is possible, the prosecutor would not allow the district attorney to defeat the ends of justice even if that official were disposed to do so. Mr. Haymaker left the hall to attend another meeting as soon as he finished speaking, but he had to shake hands often on the way to the door.

Harry Diamond said:

This is a fight for decency or indecency. The two candidates are on platforms that are not unlike, but the men themselves differ materially. The question now is which do you want, Hays or Haymaker? If Hays, you will have Bigelow in full control of the city recorder. This is not denied. You will also have Andy Kelly as director of the department of public safety. John McIlvaine as superintendent of police, and worse than the E. M. Bigelow as director of the department of public works. I say this in all seriousness, and you all know that E. M. Bigelow is more responsible than any other man for the high tax rate in Pittsburgh today. If Hays is elected to carry out contracts that they observe or were said more money than they earned, Bigelow is almost to blame. He approved their every claim for extra work. It was he who said that the Grant boulevard would cost $400,000, and already we have paid $1,500,000 and the bills are not all in. The taxpayers want to consider seriously these men and to do all in their power to prevent this gang from getting back into power.

Councilman J. C. Wasson, the next speaker, told how the Citizens party threw down the banner of reform and raised the flag of boodle. He said that 20 Republicans in councils have pledged to support the reforms that J. C. Haymaker has promised to inaugurate. Then he made his sensational expose of Bigelow's methods. He said:

His Opinion of Bigelow.

Thomas Bigelow actually believes that he can buy any class of citizens. A cartoon in a evening paper, showing a large dollar sign with Bigelow's picture in the center, tells the whole truth in two words. Bigelow is not actuated by patriotic motives when he spends upward of $500,000 in two campaigns and when he gives $700 checks to newspaper reporters. He was not a patriot when he engaged quarters at the Hotel Duquesne and received the councilmen who were sent across to him by his brother Ed who was on the floor of council lobbying for the Pennsylvania's Brilliant station ordinance. Nor was he influenced by patriotic motives when in violation of the pledges of the Citizens party he voted to give away by ordinance franchises that grants a valuable privilege to a company in which he may be interested. It is a fact that six men in councils are on the Bigelow payroll and will do the boss's bidding.

Stephen Boyle and Jere Carney also made strong speeches.

Homewood was full of Haymaker enthusiasm last night. A meeting was held in Carpenter's hall, Hamilton and Homewood avenues, and like all the meetings held thus far in the Twenty-first ward it was largely attended. Prior to the meeting there was a parade and the voters who gathered at the hall filled it to overflowing.

George W. Hunter presided over the meeting last night and music was furnished by the Colonial quartet. Attorney Edward C. Chalfant was the first speaker. After telling of his support of the Citizens party and his reasons for leaving it, he said the people arose in the city and county and destroyed one boss and now the Citizens party asks them to put another in his place, infinitely more

HAYMAKER MEETINGS TONIGHT

Zimmerman's Hall, Grandview Avenue, Thirty-fifth ward. Speakers—John C. Haymaker, J. C. Watson, F. C. Chalfant, Stephen Boyle.

Republican Auditorium, Sixth Avenue—Italian meeting. Speakers—John C. Haymaker, W. A. Blakeley, W. A. Magee, Jr.

Foley's Hall, Main Street, Thirty-sixth ward. Speakers—John C. Haymaker, Geo. H. Stengel, E. Steuer, H. Walton Mitchell, M. F. Tighe.

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despite that the old one. After thus paying his respects to T. S. Bigelow, Mr. Chalfant said that the men most prominent in helping Bigelow were the most pronounced ringsters the city ever knew. "Andy" Fulton and Roger O'Mara may have been purified," he said, "but I want them kept on probation a while longer before I vote to place them in command."

Carpenter on Haymaker.

J. McQ. Carpenter made a speech that aroused much enthusiasm. He referred to the fact that Mr. Haymaker is a man in the prime of life, a man of worthy ambitions and asked the audience if he would not be a fool to try to re-establish former Senator Flinn in power. "If Mr. Haymaker should attempt anything of that kind," the speaker said, "his name would become a by-word." Mr. Carpenter took up some of the tales circulated by the Bigelow outfit and described them as contemptible. He mentioned among others the story that Haymaker is begging for an office because he has no private clientage and would not be able to make a living as a lawyer after leaving the district attorney's office. Mr. Carpenter spoke of Mr. Haymaker's ability and the fact that he would readily secure a large income in practicing law.

Mr. Carpenter referred to the high character of man demanded by the people of New York when they elected Seth Low mayor. He gave a description of the scene that would result were Mayor Low to visit Pittsburgh and be met at the station by W. B. Hays as city receiver, Andrew Fulton and Roger O'Mara. The audience was fairly convulsed by this portion of Mr. Carpenter's speech.

Charles A. O'Brien and J. C. Gray made strong addresses.

It was an enthusiastic audience that greeted John C. Haymaker and the speaking supporters of the Republican party at the Bane school hall, in the Twenty-seventh ward, last night. The hall was filled long before the time scheduled for the opening of the meeting. Besides Mr. Haymaker, addresses were made by George H. Stengel, C. Steur, O. E. Ainsworth, Mr. Metcalf and W. B. McClure, the last named being the chairman of the meeting.

When Mr. Haymaker entered he was greeted by an outburst of cheers. He spoke briefly, as the hour was late and he had yet to address a meeting in the Twelfth ward.

Promised Better Water.

Apropos the question of pure water, which for long has engaged the people of the South Side, Mr. Haymaker said that if by grace of the people he is made recorder of Pittsburgh it will be with him a conscientious duty and an immediate one to provide for the South Side the pure water so necessary to the health and comfort of the community, and to remedy the existing conditions which represent typhoid. This pledge brought forth shouts of approval from the whole audience. His platform, that the will of the people and could be ruled by no faction or person was reiterated, and the confident expression of his determination impressed all who were within hearing. After leaving the hall he was greeted by many people who recognized him on the street.

George H. Stengel, voicing the sentiments of W. B. McClure, the chairman, pointed out the radical change in the purpose of the Citizens party. From intentions of a reform government, he stated, the principles of the party have degenerated into an avaricious attempt to establish a government of bossism such as never existed before in this city. Referring to the Democratic convention in the Third ward, he declared that never before had he seen such an aggregation of paid "ringers" at any Democratic convention. It was at that time that he decided that, for the welfare of the city and in defense of the Democratic principles, he could not support such a candidate as W. H. Hays and immediately took the stand for Haymaker, supporting him at all public meetings and working heartily in his behalf.

Mr. Steur held out the splendid record Mr. Haymaker has established by his past services to the city, and cited many instances showing that the Republican candidate is a man of individual control and is unassailable to the influence of wealth or political interference. He pointed out that the "reformers" are holding up the ghost of former bossism in a desperate effort to hide their own intentions of establishing a rule of bossism in the city and raise a hue and cry so as to deflect the voice of protest and public indignation and wrath from themselves. His address was enthusiastically received.

The Italians of the Seventh ward held a large and enthusiastic Republican meeting last night in the headquarters of the Political club at No. 87 Federal street. Salvatore Buonocore presided and Guglielmo Onesto acted as secretary. Antopio Lorse, John B. Moore, Councilman William R. Gelfuss, school director, and S. K. Natcher made addresses. Resolutions indorsing John C. Haymaker's candidacy for recorder were adopted.

Colored voters thronged last night the rooms of the Young Men's Progressive club, No. 622 Penn avenue. The crowd was enthusiastic and good speeches advocating the election of Mr. Haymaker were made by George A. Neale, W. H. Stanton, Dr. W. D. Clinton and others.

EXCURSION STEAMER MADIANA WRECKED OFF BERMUDA

Passengers Taken Off While Vessel Was Pounding on the Reef.

GROUNDED IN THE NIGHT

All Were in Their Bunks When Crash Came and Had Thrilling Adventure During the Rescue. Pittsburghers Missed Ship.

[BY ASSOCIATED PRESS TO THE GAZETTE.]

HAMILTON, BERMUDA, Feb. 10.—The Quebec Steamship Company's steamer Madiana, Capt. Frazer, which sailed from New York last Saturday with a party of excursionists for a special cruise around the Caribbean islands, went ashore on the reef off this island at 3 o'clock this morning. The passengers had a thrilling experience. The ship is a total loss, but all on board were rescued and brought safely to land, after a perilous trip in life boats from the wreck to a tug, standing a mile off. The mails and the passengers' baggage also were saved.

According to statements made by those on board, the Madiana was threading her way in the night through the narrow channel between the coral reefs, which leads to Hamilton harbor, when she struck a reef. No explicit explanation is yet forthcoming as to how the vessel went on the rocks, and the only information obtainable from the officers is that the light which indicates the channel could not be seen.

All the passengers were in their bunks when the Madiana struck the rocks, but the shock of the impact awakened them and they rushed on deck. Considerable alarm, though not a panic, prevailed among the passengers when they found that the vessel was hard on the rocks, but the officers went among them and calmed them, although a number did not venture below again to seek clothing. A part of the crew did not share the coolness of the officers, but the latter soon restored order among the troublesome seamen.

Signals of distress were sent up, and the passengers passed an anxious time during the latter part of the night. The Madiana listed heavily after a time, and when morning broke lay broadside to the wind. The passengers were huddled together on the hurricane deck, and the sea, breaking over the steamer, drenched them.

As soon as the news of the wreck became known here, government and other tugs proceeded to the scene to endeavor to render assistance. A heavy sea, however, was running, and they dared not approach too closely to the reef on which the Madiana was pounding. For some time no communication with the Madiana was possible.

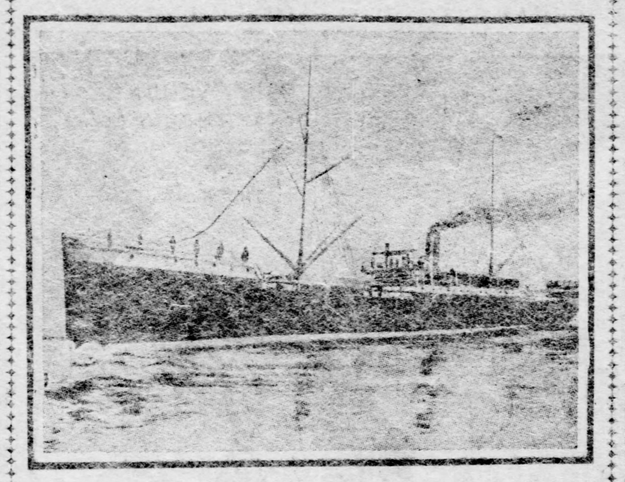
The tug Gladiolen stood about a mile off awaiting an opportunity to assist, but it was not until 11 o'clock this morning that it became possible to effect a rescue. The crew of the Madiana launched a boat, but it could not live in the sea then running and was dashed to pieces against the steamer's side. A second and more successful attempt was made a little later and some of the passengers were lowered into the boat and it succeeded in reaching the Gladiolen. The Madiana's other lifeboats were then launched and the remainder of the passengers and the captain and crew gained the salvage tug in safety.

By the prompt action of Engineer Nelson, who had the Madiana's bulkheads broken through, the mails and the passengers' light baggage were taken out and brought in the last boats to the Gladiolen, which landed the passengers, crew, mails and baggage here.

Joseph K. Crowhut of Hartford, Conn., one of the passengers, said:

"I was in my bunk when the shock of the steamer's stranding awoke me. I at once hurried out and rushed on deck. The other passengers streamed up from below immediately afterward. There was no confusion among the officers or the passengers. The crew, however, who were mostly foreigners, became disorderly at first, but discipline was soon restored. It all passed off as though it was a part of the program of the cruise."

Three Pittsburghers, T. Morrison McKenna, Mrs. Thomas McKenna and Miss Elizabeth McKenna, were booked by Steamship Agent J. J. McCormick of Pittsburgh to sail on the Madiana from the Bermudas yesterday morning, but were not on the steamer. They sailed for the Bermudas from New York on the Trinidad last Saturday and stopped in the Bermudas.



S. S. MADIANA, 3,080 TONS.

ORATORICAL FLOOD GATES ARE OPENED

Continued from First Page.

presented some petitions and W. H. Fries of the International Barbers' union spoke against the measure.

The Rev. J. A. Snodgrass of the Baptist church, Pittsburgh, said there was no more excuse for repealing this act than in repealing the entire decalogue, removing penalties for murder, theft and perjury. The Ten Commandments, he said, were not only an ecclesiastical, but a civil guide for men. The law was in the interest of humanity. He was not a stickler for any particular day, but there should be one. Personal liberty was a good thing, so long as it does not encroach upon the rights of others.

Short talks followed by the Rev. C. C. Hays of Johnstown, the Rev. J. V. Bell of Clearfield, the Rev. T. P. Stevenson of Philadelphia, the Rev. J. W. Memminger of Lancaster, the Rev. M. C. Piper of Altoona, the Rev. E. N. Kremer of Harrisburg, the Rev. William Powick of Columbia, the Rev. J. C. Gretlz of Reading, the Rev. J. Pennebaker of Lancaster, the Rev. Mr. Reinsnyder of Milton, Mrs. M. M. Steese of the W. C. T. U., E. Frank Carson for the Philadelphia Sabbath association and Dr. T. T. Mutcher, corresponding secretary of the Philadelphia Sabbath association.

Dr. McCrory on Newspapers.

The Rev. Dr. J. T. McCrory of Pittsburgh said he represented 104,000 young men and women who did not want this bill to pass. In Pittsburgh, not only the churches, but the people, he said, were opposed. He thought it right to have ferryboats and trolley cars, but Sunday newspapers were not in the privileged class, if they were a necessity the courts should say so, he thought. He thought the same lack of necessity applied to other kinds of business, but favored the ideal that all such matters be left to interpretation by the courts.

Dr. J. C. Hexamer of Philadelphia was first heard in support of the bill. He said in part:

> It has been well said by an able Maryland jurist: "The present laws are obsolete and look the supporters of public opinion, without which they cannot be enforced, and no amount of hysterical agitation can galvanize into life this dead and musty corpse. The only valid basis that can be enforced is the observation of Sunday as a day of rest and recuperation after six days of labor. Any enforcement of Sunday as the Sabbath or religious institution is contrary to the principles of our government and public sentiment. It is a personal institution and subject to all the vagaries of personal inclination." I will add, and should remain forever separated from the state or its laws. And that the strong arm of the law should not be used or the citizens be used to force people to attend any church.
>
> In short, gentlemen, you have to deal with the making of laws which are sane and tend toward the greatest good of the greatest number. In a republic the majority rule. We live, thank God, in a republic, not an oligarchical hierarchy. Laws should not be on the statute book that the people openly violate. What respect can our children, or the masses, have for laws they see openly broken once a week.

Hypocrisy Our National Fault.

Not only foreign observers, but some of our leading thinkers and historians have lamented that hypocrisy is our great national fault. Why, then, pander to this vice by keeping on our statute book laws that we must violate, for who can truthfully say he has never violated or abetted the violation of these laws, who has never received a quart of milk on a Sunday? Who has never hired a carriage or horse on a Sunday? Who has never telephoned or telegraphed on a Sunday? Or who has never read a newspaper on a Monday morning, which everybody but an unthinking idiot knows is in part prepared on Sunday? Like Ruskin, these that look up to us will not respect the law if we are transgressors of the law in this instance, why not in others?"

J. M. Friedman of Pittsburgh said in part:

> Representing a constituency of 40,000 citizens of Western Pennsylvania, I do not ask the abrogation of the act of 1794. And the Sabbatarians of the state, who live in the rural districts of this commonwealth, except perhaps six, the very things provided for in this bill are committed every Sunday under the very eyes of the gentlemen that oppose this measure. Yet they do not demand the enforcement of this law which has been more honored in the breach than in the observance. The opponents lose sight of the fact that we are hand in hand with them for the reasonable enforcement of laws providing for a proper observance of the Sabbath, on broad and sensible lines. Do not make the sale of such articles as candy, cigars and things of that kind prohibitive. Our citizens can be depended upon to uphold all laws, and our patriotism can be depended upon in all cases.
>
> Western Pennsylvania demands the passage of this act, because it has for years experienced the infamous uses to which reformers have subjected this act. It will be a beneficial substitute, and in no wise affect the workings of the act of 1794.

Talks About Justice.

Attorney R. B. Seandrett of Pittsburgh said in part:

> The judgment of the committee will, I take it, be determined by two things, first whether the proposed law is just and reasonable, and second, whether it is demanded by a majority of the people in this commonwealth. Your own personal investigation, along with such information as may be gained from the arguments on both sides, and from petitions for and against this bill and from all sections of the state as to the wishes of our constituents, will determine this. The only representative of the laboring classes that has appeared before the committee to-day, apart from the quiet and peaceful city of Philadelphia, and with no reflection on his honorable calling, I am advised today for the first time, that the laboring community of this commonwealth is epitomized in a tonsorial artist.
>
> It may be that the unfortunate barber, who is here today, was on his humble errand at 2 o'clock Sunday morning, after a day of 17 hours' labor, and then rose with the dawn to shave the good people of the quiet and peaceful city of Philadelphia. If there had occurred in Pittsburgh it would simply have been referred to the anti-cruelty society.
>
> I take exception to the assumption upon the other side that those who favor this bill would place some obstacle in the pathway of the church or that they have not a due appreciation of the good work which religion has been exerted over the whole civilized world by Christian teachers. I would simply have you take honest men out of 100,000 of our best citizens who under this law are made criminals. In a word, if the law as it stands is right it should be rigidly enforced. If not it should not be on the statute books. Let us quit creating hypocrites by an obsolete law, and rather cultivate and encourage sincerity among our citizens.

Appeals for Confectioners.

Mayor M. Swaab, Jr., representing the Philadelphia Jobbing Confectionery Association, said in part:

> We represent not 3,000,000 people of our state, but 5,000,000 more than that, 8,000,000, giving employment to some 20,000 persons, supporting not less than 100,000 men and women, boys and girls, who, through us, paid that sum of $7,000,000 in wages compelled to do. Repeal the law which they infract week after week, only because they are not personally compelled to do so by their neighbors upon whom it has power to strike. And in coming here I plead that you make it impossible that in the future the small storekeeper, who pays the state an annual license tax of $7, be mulcted weekly an equal amount through the sticking, snaking officers of those who have not the honor or the manhood to attack those who are able to protect themselves, or at least return the attack and punish the cur who bites.
>
> Yes, gentlemen, no man sells on Sundays or on any other day against the will of the people—and you need not go farther than to legalize selling what the people look upon as necessities, for the people of each neighborhood will decide what is, and what is not a necessity, and whether those stores should be opened on Sunday or not, will be, as it is now and always will be, decided by the people, who in their present mood cause the storekeeper to continually break the law, the Sabbath, and his purse in paying his fines.

Adolph Timm, secretary of the German-American Alliance, spoke in part as follows:

New Circumstances Appear.

The laws of 1794 as formulated and adopted in the nineteenth century were no doubt very useful and suitable to the customs then prevailing. The progress of over a century, however, has brought forth circumstances that cause every fair-minded, good, law-abiding citizen to ask for new laws; laws that can be enforced and applied, and laws that can be observed day after day. The very people that stand here today arguing against a modification of the antiquated laws of 1794, are violating them morally and collectively once a week, with all due respect to their noble calling, for we stand here and as classes, but as citizens, pleading for the best welfare of our commonwealth, in the spirit of "do unto others as you would have them do unto you." The laws which cannot be observed in their ancient form on the statute book, must have a bad moral effect upon the growing generation, and create a disrespect for the observance of other laws. To turn against Sunday newspapers and other necessities of progress and advanced civilization is as ridiculous as to hope that the sun will not shine on Sunday. Common sense pleads for a modification of the laws of 1794.

C. D. POTTER.

WOODBURN GROWS STRONGER DAILY

Big Meeting of Allegheny Supporters of Republican Candidate.

WYMAN RECORD SHOWN

George Elphinstone Tells of Former Mayor's Abuse of His Power and Warns Against Trusting Him With Recorder.

Republicanism is sweeping like a great wave over the city of Allegheny, in a manner that presages an overwhelming victory for Dr. S. S. Woodburn and the various ward Republican candidates in the city. The attendance at the meetings that are being held by the Republicans in all parts of the North Side this week is evidence of the real sentiment held by a majority of the voters.

One of the biggest meetings ever held in the city was presided over last night by A. B. Hay, Jr., in the Sherman avenue, Second ward, school auditorium. On the platform with the speakers were a score of business men and attorneys, whose names are known throughout the city. Attorney George Elphinstone was the principal speaker. In his address he said:

> The Citizens party has drafted a platform that on the face of it sounds very well, but the platform of any party amounts to nothing if there is not behind it the assurance that the provisions of the platform will be put into effect. Now every man here knows J. G. Wyman's past history, and it is scarcely likely that many will believe that he will enforce the provisions of any platform that does not conform to his own personal ends. J. G. Wyman served part of three terms as mayor of this city and if he ever did anything for the good of Allegheny I have never heard of it.

Mr. Elphinstone's Opinion.

> I was city solicitor of Allegheny during Wyman's first two terms as mayor, and all I can say for him is that it would be a disgrace to elect him to the office of recorder. I became very intimately acquainted with Mr. Wyman during the years I was city attorney and am qualified to speak as I do.
>
> As city attorney it was my duty to prosecute J. G. Wyman when he was charged with extortion eleven years ago. Associated with me in this trial were D. F. Patterson and Joseph Langfitt, and it was on the cross examination of this man that D. F. Patterson said: "J. G. Wyman was sent to jail." Let Mr. Patterson declares in a Wyman party meeting that he has not slept well during the past eleven years because he thought Wyman was unfairly dealt with.
>
> After Wyman had been convicted of extortion Messrs. Langfitt, Patterson and I appealed to Judge White for a suspension of sentence. The reply Judge White made was: "No; extortion is ten times worse than highway robbery."
>
> For the benefit of those who were not voters at the time Wyman was sent to jail I will say that the thing that sent him was his persecution of poor foreigners who were ignorant of the laws. Several wagon-loads of them were taken into police station one day and the crowd fined $105. Under the old charter the fines in these cases could not exceed $1 50. But Wyman imposed this fine of $105 purely spiteful.
>
> Now as mayor, J. G. Wyman had limited powers and abused them. If he is elected recorder, with all the power reposing in that office, the abuses that will mark his administration of abuses will be unlimited. We want a good, clean man who has never had his name connected either with rolls or corrupt political deals and who is a credit to the city to learn. His past record is known to all and he is sailing now under his true colors.
>
> I know positively that although Wyman and his managers profess to favor the entrance of the Wabash into Allegheny, they are secretly pledged to oppose it in every manner possible. Such opposition is a blow to the commercial interests of the city and should not be tolerated. And if annexation with Pittsburgh should come up we want at the head of our city government a man who will look after the interests of the city instead of scheming in every way to get as much out of the deal personally as can be wrung.

This speech was followed by one by W. J. Burke, one of the most prominent Democrats in this vicinity. Mr. Burke declared that he could see no reason why J. G. Wyman appealed to the Democrats for support because he had never done anything for the party and that it had nothing to expect from him should he be elected. Although Wyman has secured the Democratic indorsement, Mr. Burke said that the majority of the Democratic voters in Allegheny would cast their vote for Dr. Woodburn, because in him was the embodiment of a clean man whose election would insure an administration of the city's affairs that would be creditable alike to the recorder and the citizens.

The Rev. Dr. J. D. McClanahan of the Western Theological seminary spoke to the crowd on the duties of citizenship, urging every man of a voting age to perform his whole duty by going to the polls Tuesday and casting his ballot. He advised every one simply to compare the characters of the two candidates and then to cast his vote as his conscience dictated.

The other speakers at the Second ward meeting were Attorney Harvey Henderson, Joseph Henry, A. B. Hay, Jr., and Dr. Woodburn.

In the Wrong Place.

A crowd of Wyman workers that went into a meeting of the Twelfth ward Republicans in the Concordia Brotherhood hall in Raymond street last night had their eyes opened at some things they saw and heard. The meeting was held in one of the clubs that Wyman declares will be closed by Dr. Woodburn if he is elected. The Twelfth has the biggest German vote in the city and, as a diversion between speeches, a quartet sang songs in the German tongue.

W. H. Baird urged the Republicans of the Twelfth to support the entire ticket in the ward. In speaking of what had been done for the city by J. G. Wyman in his years as mayor, Mr. Baird said that the only time Wyman ever took any voice in the proceedings of councils was when he fought bitterly an ordinance providing for improved sewer systems in all parts of the city. This, Mr. Baird said, was but one evidence of how J. G. Wyman considers his own interests before those of the people that elected him. Should those sewers have been constructed, Mr. Baird said, Wyman's business would have been seriously lessened.

S. S. Robertson scored a point by defying any man in the house to present one reason why he should vote for J. G. Wyman. Mr. Robertson gave the crowd plenty of time to bring out one argument in favor of voting for Wyman, but nothing was heard. The other speakers at the Twelfth ward meeting were George A. Smith, Charles W. Dallinger, Christ Saam, Oscar Gallagher and Samuel Garvin.

A meeting of Republicans was held in the Greenwood club in the Fifth ward last night. The speakers were George Steadeford and James Welsh.

W. H. M'KELVEY WAS DEFEATED

John T. Fox Elected President of the Central Board of Education.

DECIDED BY ONE VOTE

Loser Cast a Ballot for His Opponent — Business Transacted by the Members at the Meeting Last Night.

After serving as president of the central board of education for 20 years, Dr. William H. McKelvey was defeated for re-election last night by John T. Fox by a single vote, and it happened that the decisive ballot was cast by Dr. McKelvey against himself.

The struggle for control of the central board, which ended last night, has been of many years' duration. The president is elected for a term of one year. For many years past, as the date of the election approached, there would be talk of opposition to McKelvey, but the dissatisfied element could never gather enough strength and the movement would die out.

Last summer a systematic campaign was begun and was prosecuted vigorously. Both sides worked with energy. The opposition tried several men, but failing to develop strength enough dropped them. Within the past month John T. Fox was centered on and with him they won.

The Temporary Organization.

The new board organized temporarily with D. L. Gillespie in the chair and George W. Gosser as secretary. John McKain, who has been temporary secretary for a great many years, refused to serve. Credentials as new members were presented by Thomas B. Foley, North sub-district; F. E. Kline, Allen; H. L. Reinecke, Humboldt; E. G. Schwartzwaelder, Springfield; Daniel Mensinger, Mt. Washington; W. J. Easton, Liberty; Samuel A. Jamison, Franklin; W. S. McCutcheon, Minersville; John F. McTighe, Forbes; H. M. McEwan, Beltzhoover, and John McKain. Of these all were members re-elected except Messrs. Foley, Kline, Reinecke, Jamison and Mensinger.

The chairmanship fight started with the presentation of the credentials. John McKain protested against receiving the credentials of H. L. Reinecke of the Humboldt sub-district. His objections were that Mr. Reinecke had been elected at a special meeting not called by the president of the Humboldt board, and consequently illegal.

Reinecke Was Seated.

After a long discussion Chairman Gillespie decided that the meeting of the Humboldt board had been legal and that the credentials were good. There was no appeal, although the members all knew that Mr. Reinecke's vote would give Fox a majority, and that Mr. Gillespie was a stanch supporter of McKelvey.

The roll being made up, Mr. McGarey nominated John T. Fox and Mr. John McElroy nominated Dr. William H. McKelvey. The vote stood: Fox 18, McKelvey 17, as follows.

Fox—Messrs. Brophy, Clinch, Fleming, Reinecke, Jamison, McCutcheon, McEwan, McGarey, McGraw, McTighe, Fedder, Kistler, Welch, Rebele, Schwartzwaelder, Sellers, Ziefel and McKelvey.—18.

McKelvey—Aufderheide, Brobeck, Easton, Fox, Foley, Gever, Gillespie, Gosser, Mensinger, Harper, McGrew, McElroy, McKain, Stauffer, Whitmore, Wilson and McMillan.

The roll was called from last year's form, which had McKelvey's name as president at the bottom. Fox had voted for McKelvey, and when McKelvey's name was called the vote stood 17 to 17, and he knew it, but he voted for Fox and elected him.

Two Members Absent.

All the members were present except F. C. Cameron of the Washington sub-district and R. P. Logucy of the Colfax sub-district. They were both counted for McKelvey, and had their votes been so recorded he would have won. A paper was shown yesterday pledging the signers to vote for McKelvey which bore the name of one man who voted for Fox last night, but it is said he withdrew from McKelvey some time ago.

Messrs. McKelvey, Wilson and Fleming escorted Mr. Fox to the chair, and he returned thanks briefly. The salary of the secretary was fixed at $4,000 a year, and Charles Reesfar, Jr., was re-elected. The office force was fixed at a clerk at $80 and a stenographer at $80 a month.

Mr. McCutcheon moved that as the fiscal year begins on February 1 the advance in salary of $10 a month to the truant officers start on that date. President Fox ruled that the present salary must continue until the end of the school year. Mr. McCutcheon did not like this. He said that the teachers had been advanced $5 a month to date from February 1, and the cases were similar. Dr. McKelvey said the board had done wrong in that, which admission seemed to greatly please Mr. McCutcheon. Mr. McElroy said:

"If this thing keeps up, instead of 39 members the people will call us 39 thieves."

Allegheny Organ Recital Tonight.

H. F. Ecker, Allegheny city organist, will give one of the evening series of recitals tonight in Allegheny Carnegie music hall. Mr. Ecker will be assisted by Miss Charlotte Wagner, contralto and W. Yeatman Griffith. One feature of the recital will be a half hour with Wagner, with Mr. Griffith as the soloist.

BROWN GIVES THEM ADVICE

Tells Fourth Warders to "Bury Christian Soldiers at the Polls."

BEER TO HOLD CROWD

Republicans and Citizens Hold Opposition Meetings in Adjoining Halls in the Eighth Ward. Colored Men Favor Haymaker.

"Bury the Christian soldiers next Tuesday at the polls," was Thomas M. Brown's closing admonition at the meetings of the Citizens' party last evening in the Fourth ward school, Eighth street and Duquesne way. The remark brought both cheers and shouts.

There were about 300 men scattered around the room, in which 500 chairs had been placed for the crowd which did not come. Even those that attended were retained to the close only when one of the lieutenants frightened at the many desertions, insisted in words more forcible than elegant that all remain until the meeting closed.

"There's going to be a barrel of beer on tap," he said, and they remained.

The chairman of the meeting was P. A. Garrity and E. T. Carr was secretary. L. S. Levine was the first speaker and the others in turn were Thomas M. Brown, James H. Burtt, Controller John B. Larkin and F. M. Shaffer.

Opposition political meetings in adjoining basements of the Franklin school, Franklin and Logan streets, enlivened the campaign in the Eighth ward last evening.

The Republican meeting was for colored voters. About 250 were at the meetings. It had the advantage of occupying the basement hall nearest to Logan street. The citizens meeting was in an adjoining hall farther down Franklin street. "Barkers" for both meeting were lined up for half a square and every one approaching was given careful directions and even personally conducted to the right door. No one was allowed to steal a person who had decided predilection for the other meeting.

At the Republican meeting one of the principal speakers was "Ajax" Jones, the recorder's messenger. He told in his speech of finding a friend "barking" for the Citizens meeting. "What are you doing here?" asked Ajax. "Making $5, but intending to vote the Republican ticket," was the prompt response.

Resolutions strongly worded and straight to the point were unanimously adopted by the colored voters. The candidacy of John C. Haymaker as the friend of the party to which the colored race owes much was indorsed, and the best efforts of the colored men of the Eighth ward pledged to aid his election.

Prof. Charles Clifton, a clerk in the house of representatives at Washington, spoke briefly. Another speaker was the Rev. G. W. Pullen, a colored minister, who denounced the attitude of the Hays clique as hostile to morality in public life. "We are called upon to measure our strength with men who have no fear of God," he declared.

Dr. W. D. Clinton, John E. Hudson and Frank Williams, all colored, were the other speakers. George W. Hall, president of the Colored Independent Republican club, was chairman.

Knoxes Guests at Fairbanks Dinner.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 10.—(Special.)—Senator and Mrs. Fairbanks gave a dinner tonight at which the guests of honor were the attorney general and Mrs. Knox.

THERE IS ONLY ONE

Laxative Bromo-Quinine. Call for full name and look for signature of E. W. Grove on box. The remedy that cures a cold in one day. 25c.

It (the nomination of Hays) is a cap-sheaf of political stupidity and incompetence.—Post, December 29.

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the biggest seller in the world! Why? Because the best to cure Biliousness, Indigestion, Sick Headache and all troubles from Disordered Stomach is

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Sold Everywhere. In boxes 10c. and 25c.

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It is commonly inherited.

Few are entirely free from it.

Pale, weak, puny children are afflicted with it in nine cases out of ten, and many adults suffer from it.

Common indications are bunches in the neck, abscesses, cutaneous eruptions, inflamed eyelids, sore ears, rickets, catarrh, wasting, and general debility.

Hood's Sarsaparilla and Pills

Eradicate it, positively and absolutely. This statement is based on the thousands of permanent cures these medicines have wrought.

"My daughter had scrofula, with eleven sores on her neck and about her ears. Hood's Sarsaparilla was highly recommended and she took it and was cured. She is now in good health." Mrs. J. H. Jones, Parker City, Ind.

Hood's Sarsaparilla promises to cure and keeps the promise.

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BIG FOUR

Raymond Hat	$3.00
Winfield Hat	$2.50
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THE MARDI GRAS.

SPECIAL NOTICE. The steamer Hill City will leave St. Louis February 17, at 4 p. m., for New Orleans, La., taking passengers to New Orleans and return to St. Louis, including meals and berth while en route and berth while at New Orleans at the total cost of $45. Boat will lie at New Orleans four days, will stop at Cairo, Ill., Memphis, Tenn., Vicksburg, Miss., Natchez, Miss., and Baton Rouge, both ways. Will not handle freight, under any circumstances. Parties desiring further information or reservation of stateroom, write or wire H. C. HOLASKI, 902 Fullerton Bldg., St. Louis, Mo.

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The Gazette's Educational Contest Appeals to Every Aspiring Young Person. Don't Fail to Enter It.

WYMAN'S CLAN FAILS TO DELAY GOEHRING BILL

Continued from First Page.

sentative John Francies explained that he was present at the meeting to which Simon referred.

"Was it not a political meeting?" asked Mr. Long.

"It was," said Mr. Francies, "the gentlemen present were 'citizens' in two senses."

The meeting then adjourned, and Simon had a few words with several Allegheny City men. They told him he ought not to oppose the bill and he remarked, "Well, if it ever comes to an election on the question of annexing Allegheny to Pittsburgh, the proposition will be beaten so badly that it will never know its face. I am opposed to the bill because the people of Allegheny don't want it."

It is understood that the Wyman followers believe the bill is intended to be put into force only in case Wyman should be elected recorder of Allegheny, and that the object is to deprive him of most of the term for which they hope to elect him.

J. D. IHMSEN.

TWO SESSIONS HELD BY THE STATE SENATE

Number of Measures of Local and General Character Are Presented.

[SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE GAZETTE.]

HARRISBURG, Feb. 10.—The senate held a short session at 2 o'clock this afternoon and another session at 9 o'clock tonight, at which considerable business was transacted, and then adjourned until 10 o'clock tomorrow morning. The following bills were introduced:

Grady, Philadelphia—Defining the duties of the fire marshal in Philadelphia.

Scott, Philadelphia—Providing that the salaries of each member of the board of revision of taxes of Philadelphia shall be $6,000 per annum.

Cummings, Warren—Repealing the act of July 15, 1897, relating to the unloading of lumber lying within or along navigable rivers, appropriating $3,000 for the erection of a new school house on the Complanter Indian lands in Warren county.

Crawford, Allegheny—Reducing the weight that may be hauled in vehicles with four-inch tires from 10,000 to 4,000 pounds.

Cox, Philadelphia—Providing that stockholders of all corporations of Pennsylvania, wherever residing, shall be entitled to vote at any corporate meeting or election thereof and shall have the right to vote thereat by proxy.

White, Beaver—Repealing the act prohibiting the sale of intoxicating liquors in Monongahela City and Carroll township, Washington county.

Williams, Butler—Legalizing the charter of boroughs that have never recorded the petition for, or decree of, incorporation, or both.

Patton, Clearfield—Appropriating $20,000 to the Lock Haven hospital, $10,000 to the Bellefonte hospital, $8,000 to the Clearfield hospital, $25,000 to the Central State Normal school at Lock Haven, $10,000 to the Dubois hospital.

Roberts, Montgomery—Appropriating $202,000 to the Norristown insane hospital.

Shissler, Pike—Appropriating $500 to the Northwestern Pennsylvania Humane society.

Harrison, Philadelphia — Amending the Judges' disability act by reducing the salary of Judge Gordon to $4,000 per annum, the disability one-half of that which he now receives.

Harrison, Philadelphia—Appropriating $100,000 to the University of Pennsylvania toward the erection of its buildings for the department of veterinary medicine and $150,000 to the hospital of the University of Pennsylvania.

Patton, Clearfield—Appropriating $22,000 for the college State hospital at Pittsburgh.

Boland, Crawford—Appropriating $12,500 to the Meadville City hospital.

Mutzon, McKean—Appropriating $62,000 to the Bradford hospital.

Fox, Dauphin—Increasing the salary of the keeper of the state arsenal to $2,500.

Woods, Allegheny—Appropriating $2,500 to carry into effect the act providing for the appointment of inspectors of scales, weights and measures.

Cummings, Warren—Providing that women who served not less than three months as nurses in the army hospitals during the civil war shall be pensioned by the state, providing they be otherwise disabled as a result of their service, also, authorizing the secretary of agriculture to co-operate with county fair associations in offering premiums for agricultural products of superior quality.

Quayle, Schuylkill (by request)—Prohibiting the employment of females under 18 years of age between the hours of 7 p. m. and 6 a. m. and raising the minimum age limit for the employment of children under 12 years to 14 years.

Among the bills favorably reported from committees was one providing for the erection of a monument on the battlefield of Germantown and the two bills regulating the practice of barbering.

TO HONOR BATTLESHIP.

Measure Appropriating $25,000 for Silver Service For Penns

BIG MAJORITY FOR HAYMAKER

Complete Canvass of City Shows He Will Win by at Least 8,000.

HIS LEAD MAY BE 15,000

Chairman Leslie Predicts That He Will Carry 26 and Possibly 29 of the 38 Wards in Pittsburgh.

Republican canvassers have completed their work, and show that John C. Haymaker will be elected recorder of Pittsburgh by majorities ranging from 8,000 to 10,000.

There has never been such a painstaking and careful canvass made of the city as has just been completed by the Republican organization. Trained men have been at work in each district, and they have definitely determined the sentiment of the voters.

"I have made a careful examination of the reports of the canvassers," said City Chairman Leslie yesterday, "and I am satisfied that we have a correct line on the situation. I believe that Haymaker will carry 16 of the 24 wards on this side of the Monongahela, and 10 of the 14 on the South Side. Of the 12 wards allotted to the opposition, three are placed in the doubtful list. At this time my estimated majority for Haymaker is from 8,000 to 10,000. If the improvement continues, I am of the opinion that William B. Hays will be defeated by the largest majority in the history of the city. That Haymaker's lead will reach 15,000 will not be surprising to me."

Repeaters Are Being Trailed.

Chairman Leslie says that he has received information that 20 repeaters have been brought into the city by the opponents of Haymaker. Detectives are now on the case, and men are also watching the railway stations.

Thomas B. Alcorn, chairman of the Democratic county committee, was at Republican headquarters yesterday to see Mr. Leslie. He called to confer about the appointment of an inspector in the election board in the First district of the Eighth ward. There is a vacancy and the place belongs to the Democrats.

Raffaele Ananio yesterday petitioned the court to have George W. Newcomer, assessor of the First district of the Fifth ward, made to appear and show cause why 67 names should not be stricken from the registry list. The proceedings to purge the books are brought by the Republican organization through Attorney William Hunter.

Bets Made on the Twentieth.

Simon O'Donnell, superintendent of the East End stock yards, last evening bet $575 to $500 that Hays would lose the Twentieth ward. The Hays end of the wager was covered by an agent acting for John Staley. Mr. O'Donnell has more money to place on the Twentieth ward.

The Fifth and Sixth district Republican associations of the Eleventh ward will give a smoker tomorrow evening for the voters of the ward at Odd Fellows' hall, in Arthur street. The committee of arrangements is composed of Walter E. Bllows, chairman; J. M. Seelig, George F. Mercer, William Ferguson and Lee H. Brown.

WILL STATE ITS SIDE IN ITS OWN COLUMNS

Dispatch to Answer Gotthart's Charges — Bigelow Admits Sending Checks.

The chief topic of conversation in the city yesterday was the publication in The Gazette of the affidavit of C. J. Gotthart, a Dispatch reporter, in which he stated that he had been given a check for $100, issued by T. S. Bigelow, by his city editor. The affidavit further said that Gotthart had been instructed to write political matter for the Dispatch to favor the candidacy of W. B. Hays.

Mr. C. A. Rook, the president of the Dispatch Publishing Company, told a Gazette reporter last evening that he had no statement to give out, but that the Dispatch this morning would print its side of the case.

Thomas S. Bigelow did not deny that he sent the check to the Dispatch office. He is quoted as follows:

"I don't know much about this particular instance, but I know that I have been extending personal courtesies of this kind to all the political reporters. I see no harm in it. I don't give them these courtesies to have them color their news nor to influence their newspapers, but merely as a personal matter."

THE WEATHER.

Rain and cloudy weather conditions are predicted for Pittsburgh and vicinity by the Washington weather bureau for today. The weather will be somewhat cooler and there will be either rain or snow tomorrow. Yesterday was one of the most pleasant days experienced locally for a week, and a light overcoat was sufficient protection, while walking was very comfortable. The maximum temperature, 50 degrees, was registered at 5 o'clock last evening, while the minimum, 29 degrees, was recorded at 7 o'clock in the morning.

Rain.

Time of sunrise today..... 7:02 a. m.
Time of sunset today..... 5:30 p. m.

Daily report for yesterday furnished by the United States weather bureau.

Time.	Bar.	Tem.	Hum	Wind	Weather.
8 a. m....	30.24	31	65	S. W.	Clear
8 p. m....	30.13	46	49	S. E.	Clear

Comparative temperature and precipitation for February 10:

	1902	1901	1900	1899	1898	1897	1896
Maximum	23	32	40	2	64	34	42
Minimum	15	18	27	20	45	32	25
Mean	19	25	34	11	55	33	33
Precipitation	.02	T.	0	0	0	0	.61

Maximum temperature (5 a. m.)..... 50
Minimum temperature (7 a. m.)..... 29
Mean temperature..... 40
Normal temperature (for 31 years)..... 34
Excess in the temperature for the day..... 6
Excess in the temperature since Feb. 1.... 71
Excess in the temperature since Jan. 1.... 34
Normal precipitation (for 31 years)..... .10
Precipitation for the day..... .10
Deficiency in precipitation for the day.... .10
Deficiency in precipitation since Feb. 1.... .08
Deficiency in precipitation since Jan. 1.... .30

Government Weather Report.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Feb. 10.—Forecast for Wednesday and Thursday:

Western Pennsylvania—Increasing cloudiness Wednesday, followed by rain, Thursday, probably rain or snow and colder; fresh to brisk south winds Wednesday.

Ohio—Rain Wednesday, Thursday, fair; colder, except probably snow along northeast lake shore; fresh to brisk south winds, shifting to west and north.

West Virginia—Rain Wednesday, Thursday, colder; with fair in west and rain or snow in east portion.

Observations taken at weather bureau station at 8 p. m.

Buffalo	40 Rain	Cleveland	40 Cloudy
Cincinnati	48 Cloudy	Norfolk	40 Clear
Indianapolis	46 Cloudy	Louisville	48 Cloudy
Chicago	46 Cloudy	Memphis	46 Cloudy
Washington	40 Clear	St. Paul	34 Pt. Cldy
Kans. City	48 Cloudy	Huron	34 Clear
Parkersburg	46 Clear	Denver	50 Pt. Cldy
Philadelphia	40 Clear	Salt Lake	58 Pt. Cldy
New York	44 Clear	Omaha	46 Cloudy
Boston	42 Clear	Helena	28 Cloudy

BIG CONTRACTS FOR WORK ON PENNSY

Bids Will Be Opened Monday for Constructing 35 Miles of New Road.

The bids for the new Lancaster cut-off on the Pennsylvania railroad will be opened in Philadelphia next Monday, and the contract for the 35 miles of new road will be awarded. The estimated cost is between $5,000,000 and $7,000,000, and it will require almost two years to complete the work.

Operations will begin probably the latter part of this month, and the railroad will bind the contractor to have the job finished in as short a time as possible. Several bridges will have to be built on the new road, and it will have no curve over two degrees. The new line will extend from Shucks Mills to Parksburg, through 35 miles of fertile and productive country.

This special improvement is being made to relieve the great freight congestion which has blocked the Pennsylvania for the last year. With the present amount of freight the road is now hauling, next summer with good crops in this state it will be impossible for the Pennsylvania system to transport the freight from points along its lines.

The building of the new road will, in a measure, avert this swamping with freight. The bulk of the eastern freight is now sent from Altoona to Columbia, and thence to Lancaster, where it is made up. When the new road is finished twice the amount of freight may be hauled across the line than at present. The new piece of road will all be low grade.

FLINT WAGE SCALE UP FOR ADJUSTMENT

Manufacturers Insist That Workers Attend Conference With Full Power to Act.

The National Association of Manufacturers of Pressed and Blown Glassware will open the preliminary wage conference today with representatives of the American Flint Glass Workers' union. Sessions will probably run along for several days, much time being consumed in the classification of new designs. The manufacturers are insisting in this conference that the workers committee come with full power to act. This may result in a final wage settlement being made by the conference, instead of letting it run over till after the union has held its annual convention.

The conference is to determine the period of the summer suspension of factories. Last year it was four weeks, and while the workers will again demand a longer period this year, the rush of business at the factories will bring resistance from the manufacturers.

At the annual meeting of the manufacturers' organization yesterday the following officers were elected: James Gilfinder of Philadelphia, president; David Carie of Pittsburgh, vice president; W. A. B. Dalzell of Moundsville, W. Va., secretary, and James Wilson of Tarentum, Pa., treasurer.

CABBIES MAY STRIKE.

Threaten to Go Out Unless Liverymen Grant Them a Raise in Wages.

Unless the liveryman's association signs the new wage scale presented to them by the cab drivers' local, over 200 drivers will quit work. They ask for $14 a week instead of from $10 to $14.

The liverymen refused to consider the scale when it was first presented and the men were about to strike, when T. H. Flynn, general organizer of the American Federation of Labor, advised them to remain at work pending a final answer, which will be given on Friday. Mr. Flynn stated that the scale would probably be ratified.

Increasing Sick Benefits.

Steam fitters and steam fitters' helpers local No. 218 met at Old City hall yesterday and decided on a new scale of sick and death benefits. A local fund of over $1,000 was secured. This, with the aid of the United association fund, will raise the sick benefits of each member from $5 to $10 a week and the death benefits from $100 to $200. Final arrangements were made for their ball in Cyclorama parors, Allegheny, Wednesday evening, February 18.

K. of L. to Begin a Campaign.

The district executive board of the Pittsburgh Knights of Labor met at No. 535 Smithfield street yesterday and decided to begin a campaign of organization. These organizers were commissioned: E. W. Hambleton, James Stilman, J. A. Bacharach, H. A. Hurney, L. Hofstetter, L. N. Ross and D. Detweiler. Another meeting will be held next week, at which the schedule of meetings will be arranged.

IN THE LABOR WORLD.

A meeting of ship carpenters to organize a local will be held in West Elizabeth Friday evening. Thomas M. Flynn and William A. Shaw, business agent of the machinists, will speak.

The property of the late Karl Reuber at Fifth avenue and Boston streets, which was devised by him to the United Mine Workers for the erection of a new building, will be accepted. Plans will shortly be made for the new edifice.

Several representatives of the Amalgamated Order of Painters conferred with the bricklayers and plasters' locals of Pittsburgh yesterday for the purpose of having them indorse the order. Their proposition was no acceded to.

A special meeting of the executive board of the United Labor League of Western Pennsylvania will be held at 425 Diamond street this evening to confer with the building trades council relative to the proposed abolishment by the city of four plumbing inspectors and one journeyman plumber.

Secretary-Treasurer William Dodds of the United Mine Workers received word from Monongahela that John Mills, aged 50, a member of Local No. 500 of Sayreton, Ala., was killed on the railroad at that place. He was identified from papers found in his clothing. Mr. Dodds will make an effort to find the relatives of the unfortunate man.

SINKING FUND ITEM OMITTED

Citizens Secretly Cut $1,591,884 Appropriation Out of Ordinance.

AMENDMENT NECESSARY

This Will Delay Measure Until After Election, When Other Items Can Be Put In and the Millage Raised.

More evidence is disclosed of the secret manipulation of the appropriations by the Citizens finance committee of councils. An examination of the ordinances introduced Monday night by Chairman W. H. Stevenson of the finance committee, shows that the $1,591,884 item for the sinking fund has been omitted from the list of fixed charges and is not provided for in any of the five ordinances presented.

The item was approved by the finance committee last Thursday afternoon and the chairman was instructed to incorporate it with the other items in the appropriation ordinances. It was the largest appropriation made by the finance committee, is one of the appropriations which must be made and will have to be reinserted in the ordinance.

Common council meets tomorrow night, and an amendment to insert this item will probably be offered by Chairman Stevenson, in pursuance with the program the Citizens have mapped out.

This will require the ordinance to be laid over until the next meeting for reprinting, under the rules of councils, and it will be impossible to pass the measure before election next Tuesday.

The scheme of the Citizens is to pass the other appropriation ordinances, if possible, before the election, but to hold this ordinance back on the pretense that the omission of the sinking fund item was unintentional.

After the election the ordinance is to be taken up and revised and several more items put in which have been purposely left out to keep the millage down and hoodwink the public. One of the additional items which will be inserted in the ordinance covering the fixed charges of the city will be an appropriation to pay the first installment of interest on the $5,000,000 bonds which the Citizens propose to issue in March.

The payment of bills from last year, amounting to over $400,000, will have to be provided for this year and this can be added when the ordinance is revised. The additional $80,000 required for the park extension fund may also be added.

Any other items which the finance committee has purposely left out to keep down the millage until after the election can be incorporated when the ordinance is revised, and the millage can then be raised to meet the appropriations that have been made.

The Civic League says of the Bigelow party: "The party has gathered about it a horde of the professional politicians of both the old parties, many being retained upon salaries, and large numbers being paid for their political work."

HAS ORDERS BOOKED WORTH $15,000,000

Declaration of President Hansen at Annual Meet of Standard Car Co.

President John M. Hansen of the Standard Steel Car Company, reported to the annual meeting yesterday, in the company's offices in the Frick building, that contracts aggregating $15,000,000 are now on the company's books. He said that with the big plant at Butler operating to its capacity, as now, prospects for the future are particularly bright and that the short period of operating in last year was entirely satisfactory.

The directorate was increased to 11 members, as follows: R. B. Mellon, B. H. Jennings, W. L. Mellon, J. M. Hansen, J. H. Brady, L. G. Woods, Henry Aiken, Henry R. Rea, A. R. Frazer, Edwin Hawley and L. C. Wehr. Officers were re-elected as follows: John M. Hansen, president; James B. Brady, vice president; A. R. Fraser, treasurer; A. S. Valentine, secretary; Peter F. McCool, general manager; W. P. Jacquette, general sales agent.

WYMAN WINS HIS CASE.

Court Decides That He Was Regularly Nominated by the Allegheny Democrats.

Judge R. S. Frazer yesterday handed down an opinion sustaining the Democratic indorsement of James G. Wyman as a candidate for recorder of Allegheny. The court also dismissed the objections in the contests against the ward tickets.

The court stated in its opinion that it doubted very much the right of the members of one political party to object to a certificate of nomination filed by an opposition party, but that this question was not passed on, as the objections were dismissed for other reasons.

Mr. Haymaker's election is a guarantee of clean government. Vote right.

The New and Better Breakfast Food

There are too many cereal products on the market, but

"It"

has no equal and has come to stay.

One trial will convince you as it has thousands of others.

No cooking required. Always ready for eating.

Serve with hot milk in winter, cold milk in summer.

Prepared by the Genesee Pure Food Co., Le Roy, N. Y.

INSURE

The attractive appearance of your silver by using

GORHAM SILVER POLISH

All responsible jewelers keep it 25 cents a package

PERMANENT ARMORY FOR THE EIGHTEENTH

Boom Given Old Project at Banquet of Veteran Corps.

The movement for a permanent armory for the Eighteenth regiment was given another boom last night at the annual banquet of the veteran corps of the Eighteenth at the Hotel Henry. In his preliminary remarks as toastmaster, Col. R. W. Guthrie reopened the old proposition to have a new and permanent armory such as several of the New York city regiments have.

Col. Guthrie prefaced his remarks by telling of the new home of the regiment in the old Clarke home. He suggested that a fund should be started at once for the purchase of permanent quarters, and said that when the regiment is compelled to quit the Clarke property he hoped it would have a permanent home to which to go. He made mention that a part of the Clarke property might be bought for this purpose and that if such a site is impossible to obtain, a location could be secured in the Oakland district.

Twenty-six members of the veteran corps attended last night's banquet. Places were provided for 40, but late yesterday afternoon a number of letters of regret were received. The banquet was in charge of the following committee: Maj. J. Scott Ward, Capt. A. A. Jackson and Col. W. C. Connelly, Jr. The only out-of-town guest was Capt. A. G. Beeson of Uniontown.

The following responded to toasts: Capt. John Cowley, Dr. T. L. Hazzard, George J. Lightenheld, E. M. McCombs and G. M. Hammer. The new commander-elect, George S. Houghton, was introduced by the toastmaster, and announced the following appointments: Senior vice commander, John M. Cowley, Jr.; junior vice commander, Dr. T. L. Hazzard; commander of the company, G. F. Shriver; senior vice commander of the company, Edward Havakotte, and junior vice commander of the company, G. J. Lightenheld; adjutant, A. A. Jackson; quartermaster, Col. W. C. Connelly, Jr.; commissary, W. E. Watson; surgeon, Dr. B. S. Ralston; judge advocate, George C. Burgwin; quartermaster sergeant, J. W. Blakeney, and sergeant major, Harris Crawford. The Veteran corps lost by death four members during the past year in Gen. P. N. Guthrie, Col. Norman M. Smith, Maj. W. D. Williams and Maj. J. B. Steen. Appropriate resolutions were framed and read on their deaths.

Foreign Instructor to Be Employed.

The directors and trustees of the Western Theological seminary in Allegheny, have decided to employ an instructor for the foreign-speaking students enrolled at the seminary. The Rev. Dr. J. S. Fisher of the Swissvale Presbyterian church, the Rev. Dr. D. S. Kennedy of the First Presbyterian church, Allegheny, representing the seminary, have sent out a letter to all the Presbyterian churches in this section, asking an offering to support the work undertaken.

W. M. Laird Co.

25

PER CENT OFF.

A week of bargains in Misses' and Children's fine

SHOES.

All regular lines of

$2, $2.50 and $3 Shoes are included

Spring Heel and Low Heel in Box Calf, Vici Kid, Velour Calf, Etc. Correct weights, and styles, with genuine Goodyear welt soles, in all sizes; also, on the

Bargain Tables At 50c, 75c and 98c

Special lots of Misses' and Children's Shoes showing a reduction of 25 to 50%.

It's a good time to buy the youngsters an outfit, all round.

One Dollar saved on every four—

W. M. LAIRD CO.

404 to 408 Market St.
431 to 437 Smithfield St.

VALENTINES

Sentimental, Juvenile, Comic and Artistic.

The choicest assortment of Valentines, Cards, Drops, Booklets and Latest Novelties.

Come and see our display.

J. C. Lauer's TOY HOUSE,

620 LIBERTY STREET.

TYPEWRITERS!

Manhattans, A. B. and No. 9. Call and See Them—Price $30 and $75. Repairs on All Makes of Machines Solicited. F. S. Webster Co. Carbons and Ribbons Always in Stock.

F. S. Webster Co., Prop. 433 DIAMOND ST.

MichiganFurnitureCo.

Unprecedented Price-Cutting

Stamps this great February Furniture Sale as the bargain event of the season—

If any prospective furniture want is in sight, you can make it profitable to come here now—

This is the second day of the great "Gold Tag" reductions—three more days is the limit—all we ask is that you inspect the goods — the prices — no urging to buy is needed.

BEDROOM FURNITURE.

SUIT, MAHOGANY, THREE PIECE..	$320.00	SALE PRICE	$200.00
SUIT, MAHOGANY, THREE PIECE...	190.00	SALE PRICE	140.00
SUIT, MAHOGANY, THREE PIECE...	175.00	SALE PRICE	125.00
SUIT, MAHOGANY, TWO PIECE.....	150.00	SALE PRICE	110.00
SUIT, MAHOGANY, THREE PIECE...	115.00	SALE PRICE	80.00
SUIT, MAHOGANY, THREE PIECE...	87.50	SALE PRICE	60.00
SUIT, WALNUT, THREE PIECE.....	135.00	SALE PRICE	95.00
SUIT, GOLDEN OAK, THREE PIECE.	160.00	SALE PRICE	100.00
SUIT, GOLDEN OAK, THREE PIECE	98.00	SALE PRICE	62.00
SUIT, GOLDEN OAK, THREE PIECE	75.00	SALE PRICE	55.00
SUIT, GOLDEN OAK, THREE PIECE	54.00	SALE PRICE	40.00
SUIT, GOLDEN OAK, THREE PIECE.	44.00	SALE PRICE	32.00
DRESSER, MAHOGANY.....	125.00	SALE PRICE	95.00
DRESSER, MAHOGANY.....	87.00	SALE PRICE	60.00
DRESSER, MAHOGANY.....	65.00	SALE PRICE	48.00
DRESSER, MAHOGANY.....	50.00	SALE PRICE	38.00
DRESSER, GOLDEN OAK.....	97.50	SALE PRICE	62.00
DRESSER, GOLDEN OAK.....	37.00	SALE PRICE	25.00
DRESSER, BIRDSEYE MAPLE.....	35.00	SALE PRICE	25.00
DRESSER, BIRCH.....	35.00	SALE PRICE	24.00
CHIFFONIER, MAHOGANY	65.00	SALE PRICE	45.00
CHIFFONIER, MAHOGANY	54.00	SALE PRICE	40.00
CHIFFONIER, MAHOGANY	32.00	SALE PRICE	24.00
CHIFFONIER, MAHOGANY	28.00	SALE PRICE	20.00
CHIFFONIER, GOLDEN OAK	28.00	SALE PRICE	21.00
CHIFFONIER, GOLDEN OAK	26.00	SALE PRICE	19.00
CHIFFONIER, BIRDSEYE MAPLE....	43.00	SALE PRICE	30.00
CHIFFONIER, BIRDSEYE MAPLE....	33.00	SALE PRICE	24.00

BRASS BEDS.

BRASS BED	$150.00	SALE PRICE	$100.00
BRASS BED	88.50	SALE PRICE	60.00
BRASS BED	65.00	SALE PRICE	45.00
BRASS BED	44.00	SALE PRICE	33.00
BRASS BED	28.00	SALE PRICE	20.00

DINING ROOM FURNITURE.

SIDEBOARD, FLEMISH	$300.00	SALE PRICE	$185.00
SIDEBOARD, FLEMISH	99.00	SALE PRICE	75.00
SIDEBOARD, GOLDEN OAK	215.00	SALE PRICE	150.00
SIDEBOARD, OAK	200.00	SALE PRICE	125.00
SIDEBOARD, GOLDEN OAK	76.00	SALE PRICE	55.00
SIDEBOARD, GOLDEN OAK	65.00	SALE PRICE	48.00
SIDEBOARD, GOLDEN OAK	54.00	SALE PRICE	40.00
SIDEBOARD, GOLDEN OAK	38.00	SALE PRICE	25.00
EXTENSION TABLE, FLEMISH.....	170.00	SALE PRICE	100.00
EXTENSION TABLE, FLEMISH.....	43.00	SALE PRICE	28.00
EXTENSION TABLE, GOLDEN OAK..	87.50	SALE PRICE	65.00
EXTENSION TABLE, GOLDEN OAK..	50.00	SALE PRICE	38.00
EXTENSION TABLE, GOLDEN OAK..	37.00	SALE PRICE	28.00
EXTENSION TABLE, GOLDEN OAK..	32.00	SALE PRICE	22.00
EXTENSION TABLE, GOLDEN OAK..	24.00	SALE PRICE	17.00
EXTENSION TABLE, GOLDEN OAK..	21.00	SALE PRICE	15.00
CHINA CLOSET, GOLDEN OAK.....	65.00	SALE PRICE	45.00
CHINA CLOSET, GOLDEN OAK.....	54.00	SALE PRICE	38.00
CHINA CLOSET, GOLDEN OAK.....	37.00	SALE PRICE	28.00
CHINA CLOSET, GOLDEN OAK.....	28.00	SALE PRICE	18.00
CHINA CLOSET, GOLDEN OAK.....	22.00	SALE PRICE	15.00

PARLOR FURNITURE.

SUIT, MAHOGANY, THREE PIECE..	$350.00	SALE PRICE	$225.00
SUIT, MAHOGANY, THREE PIECE...	200.00	SALE PRICE	125.00
SUIT, MAHOGANY, THREE PIECE...	150.00	SALE PRICE	100.00
SUIT, MAHOGANY, THREE PIECE...	125.00	SALE PRICE	85.00
SUIT, MAHOGANY, FIVE PIECE.....	95.00	SALE PRICE	65.00
SUIT, MAHOGANY, THREE PIECE...	110.00	SALE PRICE	60.00
SUIT, MAHOGANY, THREE PIECE...	60.00	SALE PRICE	40.00
SUIT, MAHOGANY, THREE PIECE...	44.00	SALE PRICE	30.00

LIBRARY FURNITURE.

BOOKCASE, MAHOGANY	$ 65.00	SALE PRICE	$ 45.00
BOOKCASE, MAHOGANY	50.00	SALE PRICE	38.00
BOOKCASE, OAK	95.00	SALE PRICE	60.00
BOOKCASE, GOLDEN OAK.....	55.00	SALE PRICE	40.00
BOOKCASE, GOLDEN OAK.....	44.00	SALE PRICE	33.00
BOOKCASE, OAK	35.00	SALE PRICE	22.00
BOOKCASE, OAK	25.00	SALE PRICE	15.00
BOOKCASE, OAK	14.00	SALE PRICE	8.00
LIBRARY TABLE, MAHOGANY.....	55.00	SALE PRICE	42.00
LIBRARY TABLE, MAHOGANY.....	35.00	SALE PRICE	25.00
LIBRARY TABLE, MAHOGANY.....	28.00	SALE PRICE	20.00
LIBRARY TABLE, MAHOGANY.....	18.00	SALE PRICE	12.00
LIBRARY TABLE, GOLDEN OAK.....	40.00	SALE PRICE	30.00
LIBRARY TABLE, OAK.....	25.00	SALE PRICE	17.00
LIBRARY TABLE, GOLDEN OAK.....	15.00	SALE PRICE	10.00

DAVENPORTS.

DAVENPORT, MAHOGANY	$ 98.00	SALE PRICE	$ 70.00
DAVENPORT, MAHOGANY	76.00	SALE PRICE	58.00
DAVENPORT, MAHOGANY	66.00	SALE PRICE	50.00
DAVENPORT, GOLDEN OAK.....	43.00	SALE PRICE	32.00

HALL RACKS.

HALL RACK, FLEMISH	$115.00	SALE PRICE	$ 90.00
HALL RACK, GOLDEN OAK	66.00	SALE PRICE	50.00
HALL RACK, GOLDEN OAK	55.00	SALE PRICE	42.00
HALL RACK, GOLDEN OAK	44.00	SALE PRICE	32.00
HALL RACK, GOLDEN OAK	32.00	SALE PRICE	23.00

The above list represents but a small portion of the entire offering. If the article you may need is not named, come, and expect to find it anyhow. The usual conditions prevail—Old Tags with original prices remain, and new "Gold Tags" showing the price reductions, are attached so that you can see just what you are saving.

MichiganFurnitureCo.

623-625 Penn Avenue.

The bureau drawer is very insecure—

Safe Deposit is the place for will, deed, insurance policies and other valuable papers—

Boxes $5 and up—a year.

THE CITY DEPOSIT BANK,
Penn and Center Aves., E. E.

"BREVITY IS THE SOUL OF WIT."

GOOD WIFE! YOU NEED

SAPOLIO

Your Store Closes at 5:30

HORNE-STEWART CO

DRY-GOODS

Wednesday, 11 February, 1903

PART of the special spring exhibits which launched spring business at your store yesterday—direct imports without a profit eating hitch in the coming.

The New Laces

It is to be a lace year and Fashion permits wide choice. Plauen goods will be prime favorites with the tendency toward separable effects.

New Plauens in separable effects—grapes, fruits, floral, butterflies, white, cream and ecru, 25 cents to 5.00 the yard.

Cluny, medallions and separable, will be in great favor as well as the Antique and Venise.

Straight bands in Cluny, real and imitation, and straight bands in Wool, 25 cents to 4.00 the yard.
Medallions in real Cluny, two tone, white and ecru, 1.00 to 5.50 the yard.

Vals hold their own and your store never owned so many.

All the new sets in all widths in lace and insertings at all prices from 2 cents to .50 the yard.

Plat Val sets, medallions and all overs to match, all widths, from 4 cents to 2.00 the yard.

Embroideries

The lace man sends up word that the new embroideries are here and he is busy figuring how little he can sell them for. They are going into stock as you read—plenty of the plain whites, especially in motifs, which are to be particularly prominent.

Ready by the time you reach the store—nothing wanted missing and priced for easy buying.

Sale of white wear and undermuslins in progress See the windows.

233-235 FIFTH AVENUE.

REGISTER'S NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given that the following accounts of Executors, Administrators, Guardians and Trustees have been duly examined and passed in the office of the Register of Wills and Clerk of Orphans' Court, and will be presented to the Orphans' Court in and for Allegheny county, for confirmation and allowance on MONDAY, March 2, 1903.

No.	Estate of	Accountants.	Filed.	
1	Ackley, Selena A.	Raynor, Laura J., et al., Executors	Jan.	3, 1903
2	Tepe, Christopher	Tepe, Wm. A., Executor	Jan.	5, 1903
3	Meanor, Samuel C.	McMichael, John, Guardian	Jan.	5, 1903
4	Emmerich, Walburga	Horton, Joseph, Executor	Jan.	5, 1903
5	Tolhurst, James	Fisher, Wm., Administrator	Jan.	5, 1903
6	Slater, Mary	Hoffman, Philip L., Administrator	Jan.	6, 1903
7	Duiseath, George R.	Rose, George R., Guardian	Jan.	6, 1903
8	Seitz, Rosina	Seitz, Leonard A., Administrator	Jan.	7, 1903
9	Haering, David	Prey, Otto, Administrator	Jan.	7, 1903
10	Wanker, Christena	Young, W. A., Executor	Jan.	7, 1903
11	Koffler, Meinhair	Koffler, Joseph, Executor	Jan.	8, 1903
12	McKelvy, Wm. H. and Frank G.	McKelvy, W. M., Guardian	Jan.	8, 1903
13	Otto, Charlotte	Otto, Gustav G., Administrator	Jan.	9, 1903
14	Roehrig, George	Roehrig, Charles, Executor	Jan.	10, 1903
15	Johnston, Elliott S.	Johnston, J. C. R., Administrator	Jan.	10, 1903
16	McCallam, Mary J.	McCallam, A. C. et al., Executors	Jan.	10, 1903
17	Godfrey, Louis	Godfrey, Mamie V., Administratrix	Jan.	10, 1903
18	McClintock, Wilson S., Charles A. and Rachel G.	Shaw, George E., Guardian	Jan.	12, 1903
19	Lloyd, Jane	McCall, R. S. P., Executor	Jan.	12, 1903
20	Powers, Chas. L.	Powers, Mary R., Administratrix	Jan.	12, 1903
21	Williams, James H.	Sugden, Lilly M., Administratrix	Jan.	12, 1903
22	Milholland, James	Milholland, Mary, et al., Executors	Jan.	12, 1903
23	Clarke, Hannah	Byers, Sarah Nevada, Executrix	Jan.	13, 1903
24	Gray, Henry	Gray, Thomas, Administrator	Jan.	13, 1903
25	Stoops, Jane A.	Wharton, Michael, et al., Executors	Jan.	13, 1903
26	Heath, W. C.	Heath, J. M. S., Administrator	Jan.	13, 1903
27	Reibert, John	Reibert, Sophia, Executrix	Jan.	14, 1903
28	Sproutner, Benjamin	Sproutner, Benjamin H. et al., Executors	Jan.	15, 1903
29	Soltz, Abraham	Levy, B., Administrator	Jan.	15, 1903
30	Ferree, Nancy	Ferree, Sarah L., Executrix	Jan.	16, 1903
31	Lambright, Bessie	Gutshall, J. A., Administrator	Jan.	16, 1903
32	Gillespie, J. S.	McClellan, A. P., Surviving and Trustee	Jan.	16, 1903
33	Atkinson, William	Miller, R. W., Administrator	Jan.	17, 1903
34	Hollman, Catherine	Hollman, Charles S., Administrator	Jan.	19, 1903
35	Thompson, Sarah E.	Thompson, Wm. H., Administrator	Jan.	20, 1903
36	Foster, John	Foster, J. et al., Administrators	Jan.	20, 1903
37	Patton, Alexander	Patton, Mary A., Administratrix	Jan.	20, 1903
38	Fechter, Charles, Jr.	Fechter, Charles, Sr., Administrator	Jan.	20, 1903
39	Dunn, William A.	Dunn, James R., Administrator	Jan.	20, 1903
40	Herron, Nicholas	Gillen, Thomas F., Administrator	Jan.	20, 1903
41	Dickson, James	Dickson, Chas. A., Administrator	Jan.	20, 1903
42	Mills (alias Linden, alias Japhet) Julia B.	DeRoy, Emanuel, Administrator	Jan.	21, 1903
43	Neckamin, Joseph	Jordan, Wm. Rev. Administrator	Jan.	22, 1903
44	Schmidt, Rosina	Zimmerman, Ludwig, Executor	Jan.	22, 1903
45	McKee, Harry A.	McKee, Nellie May, Administratrix	Jan.	22, 1903
46	Fristach, Maria	Weigel, Alois, et al., Executors	Jan.	22, 1903
47	Christ, Joseph M.	Weihl, Thomas, et al., Administratrix	Jan.	22, 1903
48	Couch, Vinton M.	Shepherd, A. B., Administrator	Jan.	22, 1903
49	Beam, Joseph C.	Beam, Amos, Administrator	Jan.	23, 1903
50	Waters (or Watters) Charles	Linhart, Wilkins, Administrator	Jan.	23, 1903
51	Blum, Margaret	Blum, Fred L., Administrator	Jan.	23, 1903
52	Selp, Eliza C.	Selp, Christian F., Administrator	Jan.	23, 1903
53	Thomas, Mary A.	Thomas, David R., Trustee	Jan.	26, 1903
54	Zug, Christopher	Zug, Chas. H., et al., Executors	Jan.	26, 1903
55	Moss, Norman R.	Alexander, Geo. M., Guardian	Jan.	24, 1903
56	Morrow, Thomas M.	Morrow, Daniel W., Executor	Jan.	24, 1903
57	Hoffman, John	Hoffman, Elizabeth, Trustee	Jan.	24, 1903
58	Sheeran, Mary	Sheeran, J. C., Administrator	Jan.	24, 1903
59	McCance, James	Brown, James C., Executor	Jan.	26, 1903
60	Lackner, Theresa	Lackner, Fred, et al., Executors	Jan.	26, 1903
61	Wallace, Margaret	Miller, Bruce, Executor	Jan.	26, 1903
62	Michaels, Wm. M.	Michaels, Ellis, Executor	Jan.	26, 1903
63	Higgins, Mary A.	Diez, W. H., et al., Executors	Jan.	26, 1903
64	Lamck, Margaret	Wagner, L. P., Executor	Jan.	26, 1903
65	Miller, Ann	Smith, James, Executor	Jan.	26, 1903
66	Blair,

The Pittsburgh Gazette.

Established July 29, 1786.
PUBLISHED EVERY MORNING
AT 347 AND 349 FIFTH AVENUE,
PITTSBURGH, PA.

Entered as Second Class Matter at the Postoffice at Pittsburgh, Pa.

TELEPHONE CALLS:
BELL—Grant 108.
P. & A.—Main 1014-1015-1016.

BRANCH OFFICES.
EASTERN OFFICE — 467-8-9-10 Temple Court, New York.
NEW YORK NEWS BUREAU — Herald Building, Herald Square.
WESTERN OFFICE—Rooms 1210 and 1212 Boyce Building, Chicago, Ill.
WASHINGTON (D. C.) NEWS BUREAU—Room 10, Postal Telegraph Building.
PHILADELPHIA NEWS BUREAU—Ledger Building, Sixth and Chestnut Streets.
LONDON (ENGLAND) OFFICE—Effington House, No. 1 Arundel Street, Strand, W. C.
ATLANTIC CITY (N. J.) OFFICE—Young's Pier.

The Pittsburgh Gazette receives the full report of the Associated Press every day of the week, as well as the special telegraph and cable news of the New York Herald, and in addition has private wires to its bureaus in New York, Philadelphia and Harrisburg.

TERMS.

Daily Edition by carrier in Pittsburgh, Allegheny and surrounding towns for 6 cents a week.
Sunday Edition 5 cents per copy.
Rates by mail within the United States and Canada, outside of the City of Pittsburgh:
Daily Edition at the rate of $8.00 per year.
Sunday Edition $2.50 per year.
Daily and Sunday Edition, per month, 50 cents.
Daily and Sunday Edition, per year, $8.00.

Anyone unable to purchase a copy of the Pittsburgh Gazette on trains or at news stands will confer a favor by reporting the same to this office.

Wednesday, February 11, 1903.

There is a fresh controversy about the money to pay for the technological school site. The amount is not large, and it ought to be provided for promptly. The question as to whether the shortage is on the technical site or the institute extension site may be waived if it be agreed that the shortage exists and must be made good. The important thing is to have both institutions go forward without delay, and the people who pay the taxes will not grumble over the addition of $60,000 to their burdens for either of the two purposes. Let us have the technical school and the Carnegie Institute extension without more ado.

A fine scandal is precipitated upon the British army by the disclosures of Rear Admiral Cochrane of the British navy. It has come to his knowledge, through friends in the other branch of the service, that cruel and unusual punishments are inflicted upon members of the Guards regiment, and Gen. Lord Roberts has ordered an exhaustive investigation. In this country there is a wild howl of indignation whenever reports come in that slight cruelty has been practiced upon a half-civilized enemy. There is no telling what would happen if charges of cruelty to soldiers in barracks in the home country should be made. Ethical standards vary in different countries, but those of the "hunties" are the oddest things.

It is pretty well known throughout the community that Mr. Hays is a man with a past, but with one exception in the early part of the campaign no attempt has been made to rake it up against him, and no reference has been made to it lately. It is therefore rather unseeming, to say the least, for his organs to intrude his family affairs upon the public notice and to offer as an argument in his behalf a testimonial from his former wife, who secured a divorce from him. The evidence in that case is upon the records of the court, and had better be allowed to stay there. There are ample public grounds why he is ineligible for the recorder's office, without going into his personal history.

There is much in the annual report of the Pittsburgh Coal Company to gratify its stockholders and to please the people of the region in which it operates. An increase of $1,807,919—51 per cent—in net earnings is a good thing on its face, but it is strongly reinforced by the liberal reserves for coal royalties and depreciation of plant, set aside from the gross earnings. Both of these items are materially in excess of actual requirements and give to the company a standing not to be secured by dividends. In the reserve is the power of perpetuation of the earning capacity of the company and of recuperation from any possible accidents. The management must be congratulated upon its precision and conservatism.

An important omission from the appropriations ordinances is pointed out—the items of interest and sinking funds. This is apparently not intentional, as the estimates given out by the finance committee included $1,591,834 for the purpose. This can be inserted at the meeting on Thursday evening, but if that is done it will preclude the suspension of the rules for final passage, since an amendment will compel the ordinance to lie over for printing. The revision of salaries is, of course, intended to fit in with the changes made in the appropriations and in most instances the items of salaries can be approved. The reduction of scrubwomen from $40 a month to $35 a month, however, is not commendable. Many of these have families to support and are worth as much as male janitors.

Yesterday's discussion of the "blue laws" at Harrisburg served principally to bring to public attention the fact that nearly all of the things which the amendment seeks to legalize are regularly done, anyway. It is ridiculous to contend in this day against riding in street cars, sending telegraphic messages or using the telephone on Sunday, but it is equally unnecessary to amend the laws to specifically permit those things or others mentioned in the bill. The ancient law on the subject permits "works of necessity," and street cars, Sunday newspapers, telegrams, telephones and the like are undoubted necessities. When Gov. Pattison vetoed a bill similar to the one under discussion he said privately that it was not change of the law that was needed, but demonstration that the things named are necessities of modern life. That demonstration has been made, though a respectable minority declines to recognize the fact.

In the suggestion of tunnel and subway is the truest solution of the problem of street congestion and rapid transit. We do not mean by this to prefer one route over another, as any that lead underground from the crowded downtown section to the outlying residence quarters will help immensely in getting the people to and from their homes quickly and safely. They may be supplemented by elevated roads, as they will be reinforced by surface distributing lines. The cost is not prohibitive. This is clearly indicated by the several tunnels through Mt. Washington, either in course of construction or projected to accommodate a traffic much smaller than that toward the East End. The tunnel will effectually clear the streets and give genuine rapid transit.

Simultaneously with the disclosure of the influence exerted over the news reports of the Dispatch by the Bigelow ring, the news columns of the Dispatch afforded confirmation of the statement made. The leading article on the political news page is headed "Haymaker Was Slated by Flinn Four Months Ago"—"Haymaker's Cabinet"—"Flinn-Oliver Bargains." The contents are not only false in fact, but they bear on their face the marks of the campaign fake. The stuff is on a par with the romance "Andy" Fulton recites at ward meetings of how Hays virtuously scorned an alliance with Flinn. Such stuff is not news, and does not even purport to be news, but is mere campaign misrepresentation of past occurrences. The utterance of such calumnies is congenial occupation for "Andy" Fulton, but its appearance in the Dispatch can only be explained by the fact now disclosed that the news columns of the Dispatch have been an annex to the headquarters of the Bigelow ring.

The Duty of Independents.

The disclosure of the way in which the boodle system of the Bigelow ring has colored and distorted the news reports of a professedly independent newspaper, gives special point to the solemn warning in the foreword of the report of the Civic league. Referring to its contents, the report says:

If this information shows that the livery of reform worn by either party is merely a cloak, that under its folds there are practices debauching the voters, substituting money for morals, the way of the honest voter is clear. No greater harm can befall any community than to teach the floating, dishonest, purchasable vote of a large city that it can demand and receive a price. Such an example once set will remain a hideous plague for years thereafter.

The information submitted by the Civic league shows that just that is the case with the so-called Citizens party bought and owned by Thomas S. Bigelow. The report gives in detail the successive steps by which the Bigelow ring captured the Citizens party and the Democratic party. It points out that the Stalwart Republican association, under the direction of Thomas S. Bigelow, had the Third avenue headquarters established before the Citizens movement was started. The manner in which this organization captured and absorbed the Citizens party is described, and the report declares: "The present organization of the Citizens party is a compact, well-disciplined body, largely supported by the contributions of T. S. Bigelow and entirely controlled by him. * * * The party has gathered about it a horde of the professional politicians who constituted THE WORST ELEMENT OF BOTH THE OLD PARTIES, many being retained upon salaries and large numbers being paid for their political work."

To defeat the raid of this gang of freebooters upon the city government is the first duty of citizenship. As the Civic league says: "Independents must act as well as think. It is the vote that counts; not the opinions. It is only the coward who, doubting, fears to act. Complacent doubters have made corrupt bossism possible."

Spread of Mohammedanism.

A controversy has been going on in the London Spectator as to the relative missionary efficiency of Mohammedanism and Christianity. It is well known that the area of Mohammedanism has been largely carved out of Christendom. North Africa, Egypt and Asia Minor were once Christian lands, but the change of religious ascendancy was accomplished by the sword and not by persuasion. In modern times a vast machinery of missionary enterprise is maintained for the spread of the Christian religion, and yet statistics have recently been submitted as proof of the assertion that Mohammedanism, without any official machinery or missionary work, makes more converts annually than Christianity.

The assertion has been severely criticised and the statistics upon which it was based have been shown to be unreliable; but still, after all deductions, the spread of Mohammedanism is astonishingly great. The only part of the east regarding which reliable statistics are to be had is British India, and it is a fact that all Christian missions can show as the result of the labor of many generations is a Christian population of less than 3,000,000, while during the last 20 years the Mohammedans have added more than 12,000,000, or over four times the Christian total, to their numbers. Census returns from 1891 to 1901 show that the Mohammedans have increased from 57,321,000 to 62,458,000, while the total Christian population, European and native together, increased from 2,284,280 to 2,923,241. A gain of 638,861 in 10 years is a satisfactory showing for the results of the work of Christian missionaries, but Christians are few compared to Mohammedans, whose religion came to India from without, just as Christianity has done. The native Hindoo religious beliefs still retain the allegiance of over 200,000,000 of the people, but show no tendency to enlarge their influence. A decrease of 585,000 among the Hindoo believers is reported for the 10-year period. The most vigorous and expansive religious force in India today appears to be Mohammedanism, and it is reported to be not uncommon for whole villages to go over from Hindooism to Mohammedanism, although Mohammedanism has no official propaganda.

The explanation of the tendency is easy to find. Mohammedanism does make the brotherhood of believers an actual, practical fact of daily life. It grows, just as does a political party, from the attractions and advantages presented by association with it. Its religious tenets are accepted because of the social status they confer, and in this way Mohammedanism propagates itself. Its adherents are numbered by millions in China, as well as in Africa, and it appears to be still spreading. The only point where a recession is marked is in Europe, where province after province has been lost to it, and whence it will doubtless be eventually expelled. Christianity accompanies prosperity and enlightenment, but among the backward and barbarous peoples of Asia and Africa Mohammedanism is at the present time making remarkable gains.

Anglo-American Relations.

It having been reported in London that the United States senate will refuse to ratify the Alaska boundary treaty because of the feeling aroused in the United States by Great Britain's participation in the Venezuela excursion, the London Daily News takes advantage of it to tell the British minority that that "most insecure fabric, British popularity with the Americans, has sustained a damaging blow in connection with the Venezuelan affair." Foreign Secretary Lansdowne is also urged to study the history and national character of the United States "before embarking on his next transatlantic venture." It may be, however, that Secretary Lansdowne will not have a hand in any "next transatlantic venture," and it is not sure that the Alaskan treaty is doomed because of the present one. Lord Lansdowne muddled the British war office as badly as he has muddled English foreign relations in his first important exploit, and it will be a surprise if some excuse is not found for unloading him ere long. His health, for instance, is not robust, and his physicians may advise a quiet life. As for the Alaskan treaty doubtless some senators will permit prejudice growing out of the Venezuela affair to sway their judgment, but if the Alaskan treaty is defeated in the United States senate it will be because of a settled opposition on the part of senators to submitting what they consider undoubted American rights to any outside tribunal. Senator Lodge, however, is said to have informed the president that he does not regard the ratification of the treaty as "a hopeless task." The statement does not make it look any too rosy for the treaty, of course, but conditions might be worse. Neither the American people nor the United States senate are absolutely hostile to it, but the general course of the English statesmen has given rise to a suspicion that will cause more careful scrutiny of all our relations with England, present or prospective, and all matters bearing on them.

Are They Coming?

If it be true that land has been purchased in Texas and arrangements made to bring 20,000 Boer families from South Africa to settle on it to till the soil, the Lone Star state will acquire an important addition to its population. It is hardly credible, however, that so many people as indicated have already consented to emigrate from the Transvaal republic and Orange Free state to Texas. If they have consented, insufficient provision has been made for them in the purchase of only 200,000 acres of land. The Boers are stockmen principally and are accustomed to the occupation for tillage and pasture of large tracts. Ten acres would be looked on by a Boer family (or even by the family of an American farmer) as a mere kitchen garden, and ten acres is all the boomers allow to each family of the 20,000 in providing only 200,000 acres for the colony. There is something wrong with the boom statistics, or with the boom; or, if not, the 20,000 Boer families, who are represented in a dispatch from Chicago to be "awaiting instructions from Gen. Pearson," the Boer leader, and ready to "immigrate at once to America and settle in their new homes in Texas," are in for a great disappointment, or perhaps the whole matter, like the report some years ago of Mark Twain's death, is greatly exaggerated.

The Boers have large families as a rule. But at the ordinary rate of calculation of five persons to an ordinary family, 20,000 families would approximate 100,000 persons, in the Transvaal republic when the war broke out there were but 119,139 persons, and in the Orange River Free State but 48,326, a total of 167,465. It is probable that the press agent of the Texas boom is unaware that he is arranging to transport to the United States almost two-thirds of the entire population of the Boer lands. He has probably estimated the whole number of the Boers by the noise they made in the world, and believes he is engaged in the modest task of bringing a small fraction of the people, representing the irreconcilables, to America. Perhaps that and perhaps several other things, but it isn't worth while to speculate further until the press agent catches his breath and recovers his bearings. The Boers may be coming, like the hosts to Father Abraham, 100,000 strong, but it will take a lot of ships to bring them, and the press agent will perhaps be too tired when he finds out about that part of the contract to arrange the matter. A reduction to 20,000 persons would be more reasonable.

Andrew Carnegie told the American Institute of Electrical Engineers how different things were when he was a boy. They are still different with a good many people who were also boys then.

There might have been no need of protest against seating Reed Smoot in the United States senate if the protestors had started in before the election of members of the Utah legislature.

The proposition to provide homes for old crippled and helpless employes of coal mines and their wives being a good thing, it follows naturally that homes for everybody will be better.

Until two trains succeed in passing each other on the same track without disastrous results it isn't worth while for ocean steamers to try the overland route.

Persons who look for gas leaks with a light continue to find them and also to make business for the doctor and the undertaker.

John C. Haymaker's good record in office and in private life is a guarantee of good faith as well as for publication.

Secretary Root's resignation of the war portfolio is being attended to in New York political circles.

Talked of in New York

GEORGE C. JENKS.

By The Gazette Leased Wire.

NEW YORK, Feb. 10. Public attention again turns toward that incorrigible landshark, the night-hawk cabman. His extortions, his insolence, his utter disregard of the rights of pedestrians, and his general air of owning the Tenderloin, if not the whole earth, have been descanted on often. Through it all he drives belter-shelter, caring for no one, not even the police, and charging what he likes for the minimum of service and courtesy. The careless way in which he whisks around corners and runs down all who are not active enough to get out of his way has aroused as much indignation as any one peril of the city's streets. Mark Twain had trouble with one of these pirates a year or so ago and spent several sessions in the office of the mayor's marshal trying to find out whether there was any way of punishing a cabman who charged more than his legal fare. Mark came to the conclusion that he had wasted his time. It is the habit of the average Tenderloin driver to pick up a fare when he can and charge him what he thinks his victim will stand at the end of the journey. There are some honest cabmen, but they are few and far between. The free lance cabby, who is not responsible to any recognized business institution, such as the Pennsylvania railroad or the Waldorf-Astoria, has a clear sweep in his calling, and if he does not make a great deal of money it is because times are bad. Every cabman is licensed by paying a yearly fee, but there does not seem to be any handy way of punishing him when he misbehaves himself. The only remedy is to complain to the city marshal, which means nothing at all. So many complaints have been heard of late, however, that it is possible the legislature will take up the question of placing a martingale on the cabman's exuberance. It would be a popular bit of legislation, although the cabman might not see its beauty.

Still Another Theater.

New York has another vaudeville theater. It is in that neighborhood which will be the center of the theater district in another year or two if indications may be accepted—the circle at Fifty-ninth street.

Prospective Stars on View.

An interesting theatrical performance was given at the Madison Square theater this afternoon. It was by the pupils of Mrs. Wheatcroft's dramatic school and the work of some of the young folk was excellent. They did three plays—a curtain-raiser of one act, followed by a four-act comedy drama, and winding up with a comedietta. This gave the performers opportunities to essay various kinds of work, and it was all done well. I saw half a dozen young men and women whose names will become well known to Pittsburghers by next season, or I am mistaken. The dramatic school is regarded with considerable respect by managers nowadays—much more than was the case in the old days of 15 or 20 years ago.

Enlarging "L" Stations.

Many of the stations along the "L" are being enlarged and yet the people using the trains are not fully accommodated. Fourteenth street, on the Sixth avenue line, is one of the stations that will never be large enough. It is in the heart of the cheap shopping district, for one thing, while at night there is the Fourteenth Street theater and several places of amusement in the neighborhood of Union square, which draw multitudes of men, women and children. The new schedule of the "L" is working well when the guards rush things along. Otherwise conditions are pretty nearly as bad as ever.

The Only Way.

Brooklyn has "a women's club run by men." It is called the "Balcony club," and its purpose is for men and their wives to meet at stated intervals in a restaurant for dinner, and afterward to attend a theater in a body, sitting in the balcony. Thus the women of each family will not be shut out of the men's amusements. This is the way of it in a nutshell, although there are many details which I have not space to give. Paul Kester, who dramatized "When Knighthood Was in Flower," is mixed up in the executive committee in some way not clear to the casual observer.

Girl Waiters Don't Expect Tips.

One of the best—if not the very best—of restaurants in the shopping district is on the eighth floor of a great department store in Herald square. The menu is excellent, the chef an artist, the prices reasonable—29 or 39 cents, at your pleasure, for a table d'hote luncheon—and the service as good as you will find at the Waldorf. Thousands of women and hundreds of men lunch there every week. Only one thing should be carefully remembered—that if you tip the neat-handed Phyllis with 10 or 15 cents you must be prepared for her dropping in a fit. Women shoppers are not given to the "tip" habit, and when a man gives up, as he is accustomed to doing elsewhere, it may be too much for the nerves of the girl waiter.

Young Goes to Sing Sing Friday.

William Hooper Young will be taken to Sing Sing on Friday. He is said to have braced up wonderfully since his sentence. What he feared was the electric chair. The prospect of spending the rest of his life in prison appears not to trouble him.

Mayor Low Still an Educator.

The stereopticon is to be employed in the celebration of the 250th anniversary of the birth of New York city. A lot of lantern slides showing the development of the city from the earliest times to the present will be painted, and will be exhibited in the halls used for board of education lectures all over the greater city. Mayor Low conceived the idea. It is not a bad thing to have a former educator in the mayor's chair, for Seth Low never forgets entirely that once he was president of Columbia university.

Much Ado About Nothing.

East Siders are struck with awe over the moving of a 60-ton steel shaft several blocks to get it aboard a lighter in the East river. It will cost $800 to make the trip. Pittsburghers are so used to seeing immense masses of steel picked up and tossed from one place to the other, so to speak, that they would hardly understand all this excitement over the moving of such a trifle as 60 tons.

Canines Voice Their Discontent.

Madison Square Garden tonight is echoing to the barking, growling, yelping and baying of many hounds, terriers and poodles of high degree. The dog show will open there tomorrow and the exhibits are being got in tonight with the usual canine complainings.

Pittsburghers in New York.

The following Pittsburghers are registered at the New York hotels today:

Waldorf-Astoria.
J. A. McNally.
F. C. Perkins.
C. H. Bradley.
W. F. Baum.
G. J. Mohn.
H. S. McKee.
F. L. Robbins.
J. P. Orr.
W. C. Coffin.
Mrs. P. F. Lovejoy.
Mrs. A. L. Fleming.
Mrs. A. L. Fleming.

Manhattan.
F. J. Le Moyne.
Mrs. Le Moyne.
John W. Rigby.
Charles W. Davis.
William Bradford.
P. F. Stewart.
Mrs. E. A. Deem.
Miss Marie Deem.

Holland.
D. G. Kerr.

Imperial.
S. S. Brieda.
C. W. P. Murray.
Hugo Rosenberg.
A. M. Spencer.
Joseph P. Vandergrift.

Grand Union.
W. H. Clarkson.

Savoy.
Ethan J. Dodge.
Blythe R. Solomon.

Broadway Central.
A. E. Sloan.

Normandie.
J. Loebel.

Grand.
F. F. Cole.

Fifth Avenue.
Ed. Wirtlin.
J. M. Hunting.

Victoria.
George J. Mohn.
William P. Baum.
J. G. Rook.
Joseph H. Miller.
O. Strassburger.
H. S. Strassburger.
William H. Stotz
Fred S. Avery.

Gilsey.
A. A. Rogers.
J. J. Kintner.
Dr. F. C. Gundlach.

Herald Square.
Samuel B. Weller.
Miss Alice Neff.

Hoffman.
E. A. Landon.

Sinclair.
Charles Grain.
Mrs. M. Atherton.

Astor.
J. S. Crookston.
W. C. Clark.

The Citizens party is made up of thoroughgoing independents, whose sole aim in politics is to obtain the best possible government for our city. In the forced nomination of William B. Hays and the consequent prevention of fusion with the Democrats, the wishes of this element are visibly overruled and its interests are set at naught.—Leader, December 27.

The Quiet Observer.

ERASMUS WILSON.

What's in it?

That's the question. At least it is one of the first questions asked concerning almost every new proposition, particularly a proposition relating to business affairs.

And it is an important, as well as a pertinent question; for, if there is nothing in it what's the use in bothering with it, be the matter ever so trivial.

There is plenty of time at our command, but none to waste, and we are each and everyone bound by our birthrights to make good and proper use of every moment.

You may have thought you could have done much better if you had been given more time. Such were an idle thought, for the reason that you had all the time there was. Every moment of time that comes to pass is placed at your disposal. It waits but a moment, yet it is all yours while it remains.

How, then, can you have more time than is at your command?

Clearly your plea for more time than you have cannot be granted, therefore, the best thing for you is to make good use of time as it passes.

* * * * *

Will it pay?

This is another question that is often asked where a new proposition is offered for consideration. It is not merely another form of that other question: What's in it?

It is different, quite different.

That which pays is necessarily a good thing, and the time devoted to it will be well spent. It never pays to do the wrong thing, not even if there is money in it, for money is not the whole thing.

When you ask what's in it you are supposed to have reference to money, and more especially to unearned increment, commonly known as boodle. It is something on the side, or but distantly related to your legitimate business. In many instances it is nothing short of a slice from your neighbor's loaf. Instead of lending him a hand in a time of need you sell it to him, and the greater his need the bigger the price.

There may be something in this sort of thing, but will it pay?

It may, if you are willing to take your pay in money; that is, to sell yourself for cash, or to sacrifice your life on the altar of selfishness.

Never mind what is in it, but make sure that it will pay.

* * * * *

Does it pay to get the name of being the best looking girl in town?

There may be something in it; a rich rake of a husband, for instance. The papers are full of pictures of reigning beauties, whose pretty faces and shapely forms are about all there is to them. And it sometimes happens that these features are not first class.

Beauty is a valuable asset, but like money, it is not the whole thing. It will do to bank on for awhile, but not for long. It's life is not nearly as long as that of a bank note, nor is it as negotiable as a slip of gilt-edged paper. It won't stand washing with tears, and it fans, and freckles, and chaps when exposed to the inclemencies of life's changing seasons.

Does it pay to be a beauty?

If one may judge from the rules and regulations prescribed by experts in the art of developing beauty, the necessary care and treatment is quite onerous, to say the least. As a matter of fact, the life of your laundress is more free, and less irksome.

But then it is a big thing to be recognized as a beauty, and to get your pictures in the papers, with a good puff attached, even if you can't do up your own hair or make a cup of tea.

* * * * *

A great many young men appear anxious to be rated as good fellows.

What's in it to induce them to live high, stay out late and feel tough in the morning? The only excuse they can offer for their unreasonable conduct is that they have to do it in order to keep in the swim.

Does it pay? The best of them will tell you, on the quiet, that it is a bore, if not worse, but that a fellow might as well be out of the world as out of the swim. They admit that it takes attention away from business, overtaxes human vitality and unfits them for enjoying life after its heyday is passed.

They give as a reason that the father of the deuced good fellow was not that sort of a good fellow, that the old man had to work and hustle in order to rake stuff enough together to enable his sons to be good fellows, and his daughters to be recognized as beauties, even though they should be as homely as Mother Goose's ducklings.

There may be something in being a deuced good fellow; but does it pay?

* * * * *

There is honey in a pepper pod, but it takes a bee to get it out.

That is; there is good in everything, but only those who are built for it can get it out. Then, what's the use trying to be that for which you were not intended, or to achieve success along lines for which you are not fitted?

If my lady's face lacks lines of beauty can she put them there? She may produce artificial lines, but they are not lasting, and only give a passing effect at very best? There may be something in it for the present, but does it pay? Faded lines are worse than none at all. If my lady is in luck, as we say, and makes a hit with her artificial charms, she may conclude that there was something in it for her, but time will tell whether it paid or not.

True beauty always pays. It flourishes in the heart, and shows through the features, the action and the loving disposition of the individual. The homeliest of women, and of men, become the handsomest when their features light up with a genial soul-light.

It pays to be a beauty of the right sort, and there is much in it, also, for those who cultivate it for the good there is in it.

Danger in Overheating.

From the Chicago Chronicle.

It ought to occur to persons of ordinary intellect that if heavy winter clothing should not be worn during July and August with the thermometer at 80 such a temperature should not be maintained in a house when people are wearing flannels and similar heavy fabrics. Yet a large portion of the population of this town sits in rooms heated to a summer temperature, closes all the windows and swelters, only to wonder how on earth it caught cold when the throat becomes sore and the nose begins to run. We Americans overheat our houses and our offices. We revel in steam heat, which is the doctor's best friend. We keep ourselves warmer in winter than nature keeps us in summer, and nature takes revenge by congesting the mucuous membrane and irritating the bronchial tubes. It is safe to say that where one case of illness results from low temperature 100 cases can be traced to excessive heat. The person who maintains a temperature higher than 70 degrees in office, living room or bed chamber during the winter is issuing an invitation to influenza and very likely to pulmonary tuberculosis.

German-American Sentiment.

From the New York Herald.

One striking feature of the Venezuelan situation, and one that appears to have escaped the attention of Berlin, is the unanimity of public opinion in the United States protesting against the aggressive action of the German emperor. That unanimity is all the more remarkable when it is remembered that the large body of American citizens who indorse the protest, if they have not actually formulated it, are of German descent. A superficial observer might be tempted to suppose that the sympathies of this part of the population would be with the German aggressors. This view, in fact, has evidently been held by the kaiser and his advisers, and their surprise and mortification on discovering their mistake is possibly at the bottom of the exasperation betrayed in the recent developments of Germany's transatlantic policy.

Reforms for Revenue Only.

From the Oil City Blizzard.

It is a significant fact, in connection with the recordership contest in Pittsburgh, that the Citizens candidate, who is supposed to stand for reform, has the united and undivided support of those voters who would not recognize anything like real reform were they to encounter it in broad daylight. The chaps who invariably follow the bell-wether with the boodle are right in line for the Citizens' candidate, and among those are some former "practical politicians" of the old country, who, when here, were never known to possess a pair of dollars at a time, but who are now flashing hundreds to bet on the election of Mr. Bigelow's archangel of reform.

BIGELOW'S MOTTO: "It is not a question of moral character, but political character."

The Death Roll.

James Bell.

James Bell died yesterday at his home in Chestnut street, Carnegie, from a paralytic stroke. In the morning he started on his usual trip from his home to the magazine to deliver powder for the Wevmer Powder Company of Pittsburgh. On his way he was stricken with paralysis and fell from his wagon and was badly injured. He was unconscious when found and was taken to his home. Dr. H. C. Hisler was called, but could do nothing to revive the injured man and at 2:30 he received another stroke and died. Mr. Bell is survived by his widow, four sons and three daughters. He was a member of the First Christian church of Carnegie. The funeral services will be held at his late home tomorrow afternoon at 2 o'clock. Interment will be in Chartiers cemetery.

Mrs. Jane Craft.

Mrs. Jane Craft, 87 years old, died last evening at the home of her son, Thomas Craft, No. 422 Ross avenue, Wilkinsburg, of old age. She was born at Wellsboro, W. Va., and spent most of her life in that vicinity. Two years ago she removed to Wilkinsburg. She is survived by a sister, Mrs. Martha McCrea of Allegheny, and three sons and a daughter, Thomas Craft and Alfred Craft of Wilkinsburg, Logan Craft of California and Mrs. Clarinda Shell of Washington, D. C. She was a member of the First Christian church, Wilkinsburg, and the funeral services will be conducted by the pastor of that church, the Rev. L. N. D. Wells, at the home of her son in Ross avenue tomorrow morning. The interment will be at Wellsburg in the afternoon.

Oliver Shawhan.

Oliver Shawhan, 75 years old, a pioneer resident of the South Side, died at noon yesterday at his late home, No. 158 South Seventeenth street. Mr. Shawhan was born and lived his entire life on the South Side. He served a full enlistment in the civil war, in the artillery service, during which he received many wounds, from which he never fully recovered. He was a member of the Grand Army of the Republic and a lifelong member of the Methodist church. One son, William B. Shawhan, and two daughters, Miss Ida Shawhan and Mrs. Bell Katherine Baker, survive.

J. Webster Reed.

J. Webster Reed, 47 years old, a contractor, died last evening at his late home, No. 1221 Swissvale avenue, Wilkinsburg, of typhoid fever. He was prominent in the business affairs of the borough and last year was a candidate for school director. Besides his widow and a daughter, Lucille he is survived by his parents, Mr. and Mrs. John Reed of Savannah avenue, Wilkinsburg, and by three brothers, Leander, David and John.

Obituary Notes.

Peter C. Fish, 63 years old, died yesterday morning at his home in Mifflin street, Homestead, of paralysis. He is survived by his wife and nine children.

Loyal M. Brockney, a well known oil producer and contractor of Butler, Pa., died yesterday, aged 45. He is survived by his widow and a stepdaughter, Mrs. Robert Hays of Latrobe.

Mrs. Mary Cramer, died at her home in Armaugh, Indiana county, Pa., yesterday, aged 62. The following children survive: Mrs. William Stiles, Mrs. Albert Crumbling and George Cramer.

William G. Collins, foreman of the plant of the Indiana Foundry Company, Limited, died at Indiana, Pa., yesterday of consumption, aged 55. His early life was spent in Allegheny county. His widow survives.

"An Atrocious Libel."

From the Butte Inter-Mountain.

A rumor is flying over the country that the saloons in Butte have been placed under rigid restrictions and are closed most of the time. It is difficult to imagine how such a damaging statement could get abroad. Of course it is the work of an enemy, but what enemy could harbor within his breast such deep and deadly enmity toward the greatest mining camp on earth? We can understand a mind capable of conjuring up a story that Butte had plague and pestilence and was slowly suffocating to death in the smoke of a hundred smelters. But it is almost unthinkable that under the blue canopy there is a mind base enough to conceive this atrocious libel concerning our bars and our town. Mr. Heinze may close all the mines on Butte hill by injunction and have them thrown into the hands of high-salaried receivers as per his proposed enactment of the legislature, and the old town would still peg along. But when the bars are closed then will the heavens roll together as a scroll and chaos come in a clap of all the thunders at once.

Retaliation or Reciprocity?

From the Chicago Post.

There are two kinds of reciprocity, and we shall soon have to choose definitely between them. One kind is that which Mr. McKinley contemplated and expounded in his great Buffalo speech, the kind that means freer trade, mutual advantage, industrial expansion and peace, and that is in a measure exemplified by the treaties now pending in the senate. The other kind is that illustrated by Russia's retaliatory advance of duties on certain American products by the proposed maximum duties of the agrarian German tariff and by any other arbitrary discrimination against the trade of any country.

The era of exclusiveness is past, and the cultivation of foreign markets has become a necessity to every important industrial nation. But how is such trade to be obtained? Shall we have to fight for it, or are the rulers and legislators of the world intelligent enough to secure reciprocity without tariff wars and economic reprisals?

Canadian Conceit.

From the Montreal Star.

For our part we anticipate a great strengthening of the Dominion as a part of the British empire from American immigration—the very cause which inspires so many of our transatlantic friends with vague apprehensions. Our institutions are better in many ways than those prevailing on the other side of the line and are better calculated to develop a high type of political intelligence. The attentive reader of the United States press cannot fail to observe an undertone of anxiety in regard to the political and social future of that country. Political authority is showing itself continually weaker in the presence of mob demands; and a weak sentimentalism on the part of the public complicates and further endangers the situation. We cordially welcome every good American citizen who crosses our border. Let as many of them as like make their homes with us and we shall mutually do one another good.

Cornering a Scientist.

From the Indianapolis Journal.

A bacteriologist recently made microscopical examination of the washings from a woman's train on the streets of London, and claims to have found them to contain 10,672,000 microbes of disease. As it would take something like a year, working ten hours a day, to count ten millions of bacteria, it follows either that the bacteriologist had "time to burn" or that he lied. You can't believe all you hear even from a scientist.

Hoke's Joke.

From the Kansas City Journal.

According to Hoke Smith, Democratic victory next year is a foregone conclusion. If Hoke reigns in Georgia, he is probably right. He might also have included a few other states in the same neighborhood without straining his prophesying apparatus. Quite likely, however, he meant the country at large. Hoke always would have his little joke.

Praiseworthy Legislation.

From the Louisville Courier-Journal.

The action of the Tennessee legislature in passing an anti-kissing bill and making it applicable only to its author is to be commended to legislatures generally. Most of the legislation proposed, and much of it passed, should be limited in its application to the statesmen proposing it.

We have here an exemplification of the same method of making nominations that was numbered among the sins of the ring—the slating of a candidate and thrusting him down the people's throat without reference to his availability or to the wishes of any element aside from the clique immediately behind him.—Leader, December 24.

The Alaskan Treaty.

Peaceable and well-balanced citizens of the United States will learn with regret that the treaty looking to the settlement of the Alaskan boundary question will not receive the approval of the senate, and will, therefore, fail. It has been opposed by senators from the northwest, who say that there is nothing to arbitrate in the Alaskan boundary dispute. The treaty does not propose arbitration. It provides for a commission of three Americans and three Canadians or Englishmen, who are to meet together and decide definitely upon the boundary line between Canada and Alaska. There is to be no one-man power in this commission. The worst thing it can do is to disagree. Western senators say that the case of the United States is a plain one, that there can be no honest difference of opinion as to where the boundary line should be. If such is the case, and we confess it looks so to us, the United States commissioners can hope to win over to their side at least one of the British commissioners and settle the dispute.

If the question is left open without any attempt at adjusting it, it may prove irritating, and, possibly, dangerous. Questions of this sort are not subjects for jingoism. They can best be settled peaceably. The treaty was a step toward a peaceable settlement, and it is unfortunate that the senate does not look upon it in that light.—Baltimore News.

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The time to dispose of the matter is now, while the region is thinly populated and while the relations between the high contracting parties are so cordial. To reject the treaty is not to settle the question, but to postpone it to a time when the interests and passions of a populous region will complicate it a hundredfold, and when, it may be, the relations between Canada and Great Britain shall have become so nearly formal that practically the negotiations of the second part will be a country animated by the jealousies of a neighbor rather than the cordial spirit of a friendly power over sea.

It is becoming increasingly difficult to get a treaty of any sort through the senate. There is a school of American politics whose idea seems to be that the age has arrived in which "Old Europe" should concede to the United States anything it wants, and whose paramount concern is the fear that something may get away from us. We have had this school before. Two generations ago its watchword was "54-40 or fight." The landmark of its folly is the forty-ninth parallel. The northwestern boundary of the United States might have run a degree of so beyond that line if its greed and falsity had been a degree less.—New York Mail and Express.

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All American authorities agree that the American title to an unbroken Alaskan coast line is, as John W. Foster puts it, "incontestable," but, as the same expert admits, "there are certain points of uncertainty as to the precise frontier which can be best determined by a joint commission." The failure of the treaty would leave the question open, and, if the temporary modus vivendi by which both Americans and Canadians occupy the same territory ends, the chances for serious collisions would be very good.

The only sensible remedy for such a dangerous situation is for the Canadians to do as they did when the Russians owned the coast strip of thirty marine miles: endeavor to lease from the United States access to the sea front and port privileges. This is a suggestion from F. W. Seward, a son of the secretary of state who negotiated the Alaska purchase. But we apprehend that the senators from the northwest will receive that neighborly proposition with no more favor than they did the Hay-Herbert treaty. It may turn out that the opposition to the treaty is not so significant as it looks; or that it is a phase of the fight over the omnibus statehood bill. When that embarrassing subject is out of the way the various treaties awaiting ratification may have some chance.—Buffalo Commercial.

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The president and secretary of state have determined to abandon the Alaska treaty, having been assured by leading senators that it would not be ratified. While this may be a misfortune, it is perfectly logical. No one likes to place in jeopardy that which he is convinced is his own, and there is, too, the common and almost universal prejudice against arbitrating a boundary dispute. It never occurred to Canada to question the claims of the United States until gold was discovered in Alaska. The Anglo-Russian treaty was concluded in 1825, and the incidents of the controversy and the purpose of the treaty were so widely known and the terms of the latter so precise that it was almost impossible for an intelligent person to entertain any doubts.—Baltimore American.

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No question was raised regarding the boundary until gold was found in the Klondike and the Canadians thought it necessary to possess ports on the Alaskan coast. Besides, it is said that politics was largely responsible for the interjection by the Canadian government of the boundary matter into the negotiations conducted by the joint high commission. Whether this is true or not, it is true that the dispute has since been given a more or less important place in Dominion politics.

No concessions are to be expected from any Dominion government and this, of itself, shows the wisdom of submitting the matter to a tribunal for final settlement. So long as the people of Canada continue to feel as they do now, the Alaskan question will be a constant irritant in the relations between the United States and the Dominion. Americans have nothing to fear from the submission of the boundary dispute to an international commission, but they have much to gain by having the vexing matter settled amicably and for all time.—Buffalo Express.

BIGELOW'S NEWSPAPER GRAFT: "I have been extending personal courtesies of this kind to all the political reporters. I see no harm in it."

CANNON SHATTERS EX-SLAVES' HOPES

Gives Assurance in House That Hanna's Bill Will Not Pass.

SHARPERS AFTER GAIN

Credulous Southern Negroes Were Being Made Dupes by Alleged Agents — Richardson Demanded Disavowal.

THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE BUREAU, Room 10, Postal Building, WASHINGTON, D. C., Feb. 10.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 10.—In the house today Mr. Cannon, chairman of the appropriations committee, gave notice that at the proper time he would move two amendments, one to provide for the purchase of a site and the erection of a three-story 100-room office building for members, to be connected with the capitol by a subway, and to cost $8,800,000, and the other an appropriation of $2,500,000 to carry out the original plans for beautifying and enlarging the main wing of the capitol.

Mr. DeArmond (Mo.), in a brief, but exceedingly sarcastic speech relative to the bill recently introduced by Senator Hanna to pension the ex-slaves, precipitated quite an interesting debate. He denominated the bill a "curious evidence of the prevailing trend of politics," which was "more valuable as a piece of political maneuvering than as a piece of prospective legislation."

The introducer of the bill, he said, announced that he was not a candidate for the presidency, but from the same authority came the statement that there were no trusts. The exact facts could, he said, be balanced in the public mind, after a study of both statements. The negro delegate, he said, was an important factor in Republican national conventions, and there was nothing like making preparations in good time.

Has a Pathetic Side.

It was an interesting game, and those not concerned could watch it with equanimity. It was a farce, he said, but still farces had their solemn aspects. And it was sobering to think of the old negroes in their cabins in the south giving up their small earnings until the time came when they would turn for relief to their natural protectors—the white people of the south. (Democratic applause.)

Mr. Cannon, in reply, treated Mr. DeArmond's remarks lightly, calling attention to the fact that Senator Hanna's bill had been introduced "by request."

Mr. Richardson (Tenn.) treated the matter very seriously. He said that companies were already being formed and circulars sent out to ignorant colored people by unscrupulous adventurers, and he thought both sides should join in an assurance to them not to invest their quarters and dimes in this chimerical scheme.

Mr. Cannon responded that all should understand—rich and poor, white and black, cultured and ignorant—that the government promised to all alike equality before the law and equality of opportunity, and under it each must work out his own salvation.

Mr. Cannon Gives Assurance.

Mr. DeArmond was not satisfied with this statement, but asked for a more specific assurance, and in reply Mr. Cannon stated with emphasis that if the ignorant were being imposed upon, they should be undeceived; that, in his judgment, no such bill could or would pass.

In the senate today Mr. Morgan of Alabama referred to bills regarding trusts which he said had been kept back and will be kept back until it is too late for discussion regarding them. The time of the senate was being wasted on account of what he termed "a peaceful political blockade" on the statehood bill, when more important measures were awaiting action.

Mr. Hanna presented the conference report on the department of commerce bill, a final vote on it being deferred until tomorrow in order that it might be printed. The conference report on the general staff bill was agreed to. A number of other bills were passed.

Senator Cullom, chairman of the senate committee on foreign relations, said today that he had decided to give the Panama canal treaty preference when an executive session long enough to consider any of the pending treaties can be secured for the reason that the option of the United States on the franchises and other canal property of the French Panama Canal Company expires on March 4 and because of the announced determination of Senator Morgan to talk at length on the treaty.

GAY TIMES AHEAD OF MISS ALICE ROOSEVELT

New Orleans Society Makes Lavish Preparations to Entertain President's Daughter.

[SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE GAZETTE.]

NEW ORLEANS, Feb. 10.—Entertainment of the most lavish nature has been prepared for Miss Alice Roosevelt during her Mardi Gras visit in New Orleans. The rival and exclusive carnival organizations are vying with each other to see which can pay the greatest honor to the chief executive's daughter.

Miss Roosevelt and Miss [illegible], daughter of the Hon. Elihu Root, will arrive from Washington on the 16th or 17th of February. They will be the guests of Lieutenant and Mrs. John A. McIlhenny of Avery Island, who have taken the palatial southern residence of Banker James F. Hayden in Louisiana avenue for the winter. Mr. McIlhenny was a Rough Rider with Col. Roosevelt, being one of his closest friends.

After the carnival festivals, the young ladies will be entertained down at Avery Island for three or four days. "Jefferson," the Louisiana home of Joe Jefferson, the actor, is nearby. From there they will return direct to Washington.

His (Hays) nomination is a surrender to the vital principle of boss rule against which the Democrats and Citizens came together last February. It will nullify, with vast advantage in his unskilled hands, to be directed by others, all of the important results achieved in the election of a reform council and reform controller. It is a surrender to those ideas and principles of municipal administration against which the people have been in arms a long time.—Post, December 31.

Many causes induce gray hair, but Parkers' Hair Balsam brings back the youthful color. Hindercorns, the best cure for corns. 15 cts

CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

Candidates should not be considered upon their pledges, but upon their records. Judged in that way Mr. Hays, as a candidate for recorder upon a platform of reform, becomes utterly ineligible for consideration by the voters who supported the late Citizens party on principle.—Dispatch, January 2.

MITCHELL BLAMED FOR ALL TROUBLE

Situation in Anthracite Region Laid at His Door by Attorneys for Operators.

TALK ABOUT SOCIALISM

Attempt to Reduce All Men to Dead Level Fault of Miners Union — Non-Unionists Demand Freedom of Labor.

[BY ASSOCIATED PRESS TO THE GAZETTE.]

PHILADELPHIA, Feb. 10.—The United Mine Workers of America, as an organization, was severely arraigned today by counsel for operators before the anthracite coal strike commission. The non-union men, through their attorney, John T. Lenahan, presented their side of the controversy, and demanded consideration at the hands of the commission, claiming the legal right to earn a livelihood as they might elect, without the consent or dictation of the union. During his presentation of the case Mr. Lenahan denounced the union as a fomentor of crime and anarchy. The main feature of his argument was the claim that the union had no legal or moral right to coerce miners into membership or to arrogate to itself the authority to fix the wages of mine workers.

James H. Torrey, counsel for the Delaware & Hudson Company, claimed that the question of recognition of the union was not an issue before the commission, but he devoted considerable time to the consideration of that demand. He asserted that violence and intimidation were agencies selected for the promotion of the purposes of the mine workers. Regarding the demand for an eight-hour working day, Mr. Torrey said the evidence showed that for various reasons the breakers did not average more than eight hours a day, so that the physical effects of long hours were not felt.

Blames All on Mitchell.

Maj. Everett Warren, counsel for the Hillside Coal and Iron Company and the Pennsylvania Coal Company, answered the demands of the miners in detail, and declared the socialistic theories of the union, or some of its leaders, to be responsible for unreasonable claims. Mr. Warren said in part:

"The rights of persons, the rights of property, the rights of employes, popular liberty and constitutional limitations, the phenomena of human associations, the interests and happiness of the people—all these are, to some remote extent, involved in this submission.

"The real parties to this submission are the employes of the several hundred companies on the one side, or certain of them, and their employers on the other; they who are seeking to become parties and intruding themselves upon the commission absolutely without warrant by the terms thereof, are the United Mine Workers of America.

"If any evidence of this were needed, aside from the documents relating to the strike now in your possession, attention is called to the demands as filed with the commission on behalf of the mine workers and to the fact that they are signed by John Mitchell, as the representative of the mine workers.

"No one has told us where these demands originated, it is said they were formulated by the Shamokin convention. As presented to the commission, however, they are in entirely different form and supported by certain reasons.

Men Most to Blame.

Maj. Warren asserted that the companies have proved accidents, for the most part, to be the result of the miners' carelessness, and that the occupation of a miner is comparatively healthy. Regarding Mr. Mitchell's claim that wages in the anthracite mines were insufficient to maintain the American standard of living, Maj. Warren said:

"Fortunately for all of us that has been interpreted by Mr. Mitchell, and he has given us the benefit of his opinion that $600 a year would permit the mine workers to live in a manner conformably to the American standards. The average earnings of the contract miner for the year 1901 in the employ of the companies I represent are approximately $620.

"Throughout the discussion as to the rate of wages, no matter how it may be presented, whether by figures, or testimony, or argument, it is absolutely necessary to bear in mind that the annual earnings of the mine workers are limited by the men themselves. I am perfectly willing that you should take into consideration all the evidence offered on the other side as to the efforts made to equalize the distribution of cars, and after all this, it remains clearly established before you that, since the advent of the union the earning capacity of the contract miner has been limited, and, instead of the union being an advantage to him, it has worked to his disadvantage in restricting his earning capacity.

"Socialism proposes to establish an equality among unequal men, by reducing them to the dead level of this possible majority. Instead of allowing everyone to determine for himself what he wants to do, it is to be done for him. That is nothing but slavery. What is the theory of the union if it is not this? I do not dispute the right of men to organize, and I hold no brief against organized labor. The methods of the United Mine Workers, however, appear to be exquisitely adapted to degrade intelligent labor, to paralyze honest industry, to crush spirit, hope and ambition.

Under stress of popular protest Moore's name was withdrawn and that of W. B. Hays a veteran politician, with hardly any other visible claim to the nomination than Moore was able to submit, was substituted.—Leader, December 28.

ROOT'S RETIREMENT IS PREMATURELY ANNOUNCED

Secretary Contemplates Leaving the Cabinet Next Summer if Practicable.

[BY ASSOCIATED PRESS TO THE GAZETTE.]

WASHINGTON, Feb. 10.—Secretary Root today denied with emphasis that he had any intention of retiring from the cabinet on March 4. The story that he intends to leave this abruptly emanates from New York and is given out at this time for the purpose of creating the impression that there is friction between the president and Secretary Root on trust legislation.

While it is extremely probable that Mr. Root will retire from the cabinet and resume the practice of law in New York some time during the summer, no definite date for his retirement has been fixed. He has not even told the president that he intends to resign, and yet it is perfectly well understood that if the change can be arranged without detriment to the war department or to the administration's plans, Mr. Root will not remain as secretary of war until the beginning of another session of congress.

To see three of his measures in operation is now Secretary Root's great desire. They will give the United States an organization which will make it practically prepared for war at all times under a scheme by which it can expand its standing army of 59,000 men to an effective force of 350,000 on a very few weeks' notice.

Thus it will be seen that Secretary Root's work in the war department is rapidly approaching completion, but he does not intend to leave the cabinet abruptly or except with the very best relations prevailing between the president and himself.

The Citizens party is made up of thoroughgoing independents, whose sole aim in politics is to obtain the best possible government for our city. In the forced nomination of William B. Hays and the consequent prevention of fusion with the Democrats, the wishes of this element are visibly overruled and its interests are set at naught.—Leader, December 27.

DR. ALEXANDER TELLS HIS STORY

Once Tended Bar Before He Was Graduated in Medicine at Indianapolis College.

DENIES CANTRILL'S TALE

Says Negro Was Originally Employed to Clean Skeletons. Seven Bodies Bought from Confessed Ghoul at $30 Each.

[SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE GAZETTE.]

INDIANAPOLIS, Feb. 10.—Dr. Alexander took the stand in his own defense today and told in detail of his connection with Rufus Cantrell, the confessed grave robber. Dr. Alexander appeared pale, but not ill at ease, and he spoke in a low but clear tone. He was graduated March 25, 1895, from the Indiana college and opened an office in this city. Dr. Alexander testified that he "tended bar" and kept the books for a time in his uncle's saloon. He was arrested at one time while in the saloon business, he said, on the charge of selling liquor "after hours," but was acquitted. He was married in 1897.

Dr. Alexander said he was employed to deliver 30 lectures at the Central college on osteology, or descriptive anatomy of skeletons, during the school year of 1901-02, and he admitted that it was his duty to procure dissecting material for the college.

"We used possibly 10 or 12 bodies a season," he said. He received, all told, $60 for each body.

Dr. Alexander said he hired Cantrell to clean a lot of skeletons in the old college building for $25. Cantrell, whom the defendant then knew as William Rufus, said he had worked about medical colleges and wanted employment. On one occasion, in July, 1902, Dr. Alexander talked with Cantrell about procuring bodies for dissection, the negro saying he had done that kind of work for different colleges and would like to do it again.

Dr. Alexander then made arrangements to supply material of this kind, to be paid $30 for each body delivered at the college. Cantrell afterward furnished seven bodies to the college, but the witness declared he did not know any graves had been robbed until claims were made for bodies at the college. Dr. Alexander denied having bought tools or revolvers for Cantrell, but admitted he had advanced him money and had paid his fine in the police court.

The defense in the case was closed this afternoon and argument of legal points as to certain evidence was then heard.

RUNAWAY GIRLS HAD ENOUGH ADVENTURE

Pretty Cleveland Misses Came to Pittsburgh to Work, but Were Glad to Go Home.

With tear-stained faces and their spirit for adventure broken, Helen Moore and Grace Mason, young and pretty girls of Cleveland, who were arrested here yesterday afternoon by Detectives John Roach and Edward Kennelly, were taken back to that city last night by Mrs. Mason, the mother of Grace. The girls ran away from their homes two weeks ago and were working in a department store. They were found yesterday and taken to the police station. Both are well connected in Cleveland but wanted to see the world rather than go to school.

Helen is 17 years old and Grace is one year younger. After their disappearance their parents became distracted. No trace of them could be found. On Saturday Grace wrote a friend in Cleveland that she was working here. The letter was taken to Mrs. Mason, and she came to this city on Monday and notified the police.

When the mother and daughter met both broke down and cried. Helen Moore cried, too. Before leaving for home the girls told Superintendent John McAleese they were glad to go back to their parents.

He (Hays) has had no real experience in applying the principles of good government; on the contrary, he is standing today and has achieved his nomination by an apparent willingness to abjure the principles on which the Citizens movement was organized in Pittsburgh.—Post, December 31.

Mrs. Emmons, saved from an operation for Ovaritis, tells how she was cured by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

"I am so pleased with the results I obtained from Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound that I feel it a duty and a privilege to write you about it.

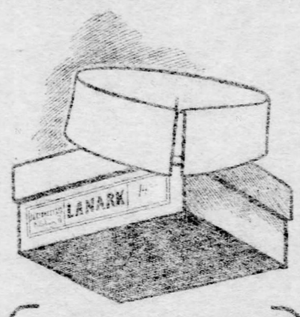
"I suffered for over five years with ovarian troubles, causing an unpleasant discharge, a great weakness, and at times a faintness would come over me which no amount of medicine, diet, or exercise seemed to correct. Your Vegetable Compound found the weak spot, however, within a few weeks—and saved me from an operation—all my troubles had disappeared, and I found myself once more healthy and well. Words fail to describe the real, true grateful feeling that is in my heart, and I want to tell every sick and suffering sister. Don't dally with medicines you know nothing about, but take Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, and take my word for it, you will be a different woman in a short time."—Mrs. LAURA EMMONS, Walkerville, Ont. —$5000 forfeit if original of above letter proving genuineness cannot be produced.

Don't hesitate to write to Mrs. Pinkham if there is anything about your case which you do not understand. She will treat you with kindness and her advice is free. No woman ever regretted writing her and she has helped thousands. Address is Lynn, Mass.

DR. HENRY F. GAREY'S OPHTHALMO OSCILLATOR.

The only experienced and reliable office established in the Pittsburgh district giving the Dr. H. F. Garey's Opthalmo Oscillator treatment for blindness and diseases of the eyes. Special rates to clergy and cross-eyed people. Cross-eyes straightened without knife or drugs. Offices, Nos. 1502 and 1503 Arcott building, Pittsburgh, Pa.

BIGELOW'S MOTTO: "It is not a question of moral character, but political character."



Men's Furnishings.

Alteration Sale—Have to move the men's furnishing department Your opportunity—For instance—

Bennett Collars—You know what they are for style and quality—$3 a dozen straight you've been paying—About 100 boxes today at $2 a dozen—

Bennett Shirts—Best grades—$3.50 each—Good styles and colorings—$1.50 each today—

Golf Gloves—$1 and $1.50 grades, 50 cents a pair.

These are only hints—You'll find surprises in most every line of furnishings—

J. G. BENNETT & CO., Wood and Fifth.

Established 1837.

D., C. & J.

The New Dressers.

One swallow does not make a Summer—nor can one illustration give you any idea of our immense stock and variety of Dainty Dressers. We're not boastful—still we insist that you won't find another such a complete line west of New York, if there.

Every demand that the making of your toilet can suggest is met—see them—

DAULER CLOSE & JOHNS 636--SMITHFIELD ST--640

J. B. MURDOCH & CO.

Successors to A. M. & J. B. Murdoch.

TEL. 429. FLORAL EMBLEMS. 510 Smithfield St.

DEATHS.

BATTEN—On Monday, February 9, 1903, at 7 a. m., of apoplexy, at her residence, No. 1080 Western avenue, Allegheny, SARAH, wife of John Batten, in her 73d year.

Funeral services at the late residence on Wednesday afternoon at 2 o'clock.

CRAFT—On Tuesday, February 10, 1903, at 6 p. m., at the residence of her son, Thomas Craft, 427 Ross avenue, Wilkinsburg, MRS. JANE CRAFT, widow of Alexander Craft, in her 87th year.

Interment at Wellsburg, W. Va., on Thursday.

GEISLER—On Thursday, February 5, 1903, at Pasadena, Cal., MARY GORDON, beloved wife of Charles W. Geisler and eldest daughter of W. Gordon and Martha A. Miller.

Funeral services at the residence of her parents, No. 1929 Wylie avenue, Pittsburgh, on Thursday afternoon at 2 o'clock. Interment private.

HOOK—On Sunday, February 8, 1903, at 7:05 p. m., at the residence, No. 1423 Buena Vista street, Allegheny, Pa., MARGARET, beloved wife of George Hook, Jr., in her 54th year.

Funeral services on Wednesday afternoon at 2 o'clock. Interment private.

KLAUSS—On Saturday, February 7, 1903, at midnight, at the family residence, 3818 Bates street, IDA, infant daughter of Louis G. and Ida B. Klauss, aged 12 days.

McINTIRE—On Monday, February 9, 1903, at 8:45 p. m., at St. Louis, Mo., ISABELLA, widow of J. F. McIntire.

Interment in Chartiers cemetery, notice of funeral later.

MURPHY—On Sunday, February 8, 1903, at 1:30 p. m., WILLIAM J., son of Ellen and the late Owen Murphy, aged 19 years.

Funeral from the family residence, Berlin street, near Margaretta street, East End, on Wednesday morning at 9 o'clock. Requiem high mass at Sacred Heart church at 9:30. Friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend.

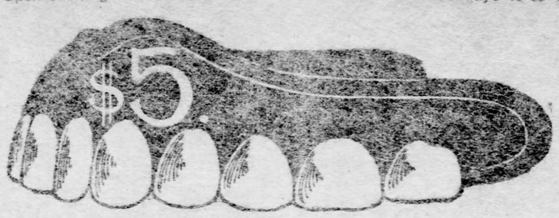
SMITH—On Tuesday, February 10, 1903, at 8:40 a. m., at the residence of her daughter, Mrs. Frank M. Hays, 5549 Black street, East End, MRS. RHODA FULDER SMITH.

Funeral services and interment at Hornellsville, N. Y.

FLORAL EMBLEMS.
A. M. MURDOCH,
Tel. 2423. 580 Fifth Avenue.

RUNAWAY GIRLS HAD ENOUGH ADVENTURE

Open evenings till 8. Sundays 10 to 4.



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Sets of Teeth, $5.00
Gold Crown, 22k, $3.00
Bridgework, $4.00
Gold Filling, $1 Up
Silver Filling, 50 Cts
Examinations, FREE
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CAUTION: Beware of unscrupulous dentists who copy our name and style of advertising.

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204 FIFTH AVE. COR. MARKET STREET. 204

CAPITAL $500,000 SURPLUS & PROFITS $750,000

ONLY $2 A WEEK

Suppose you can save only $2 a week. That amount deposited regularly every week in the Keystone Bank of Pittsburgh—where it will earn 4 per cent. compound interest—will amount in

Five Years to $585
In Ten Years to $1,301
And in Twenty Years to $3,228

Did you have any idea that money at interest grew so rapidly?

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ALWAYS GOOD GROCERIES.

You get them from the Haslage store every time. No matter what the price, the groceries are bound to be worthy of this store's reputation for high quality.

This Week We Name Some Special Bargains.

Olives.

Many odds and ends; good brands at prices to fully meet your approval.

Dried Fruit Bargains.

California Fancy Evaporated Peaches, 10c lb.
California Fancy Pitted Plums, 15c lb.
California Fancy Evaporated Pears, 15c lb.

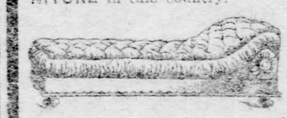
Scattered Specials.

California Strained Honey, special size, always 15c; this week, per bottle, 10c.
Maple Syrup, special size, always 15c; this week, per bottle, 10c.
Virginia English Lunch Mustard, special price, 15c.
Imported Pineapple, special, per can, at 15c.
Dew Drop Asparagus Tips, large 3-lb-cans, this week, 25c.
Everything that is good, at the price you'll appreciate at our Sewickley branch store.

Wm. Haslage & Son,
18 Diamond Square, Pittsburgh.
"About Fifty Feet From Fifth."

MOVED!

We are now nicely located in our new store and are showing the largest line of OFFICE FURNITURE in this country.



The above cut shows one of our comfortable LEATHER COUCHES, appropriate alike for home or office, and the price is very reasonable.

Baker Office Furniture Co.
OFFICE OUTFITTERS.
815-817 LIBERTY AVENUE.
Formerly at 308 Wood St.

Bindley's "New Peculiar" Razor

Makes Shaving a Luxury

Highest grade materials, patent ground, finely finished and every one fully warranted.

All retail dealers sell them. Remember there is NOTHING "just as good."

Bindley Hardware Co.,
"Everything in Hardware."
Seventh Avenue and Grant Street.

Stinson, Kennedy & CO.
Successors to Halpin, Kennedy & Co.
SANITARY PLUMBING
FINE GAS AND ELECTRIC FIXTURES, INSTANTANEOUS WATER HEATERS.
No. 213 Wood St., Pittsburgh
L. D. 'Phone, Court 741

Eureka Harness Oil is the best preservative of new leather and the best renovator of old leather. It oils, softens, lengthens and protects. Use

Eureka Harness Oil

on your best harness, your old harness, and your carriage top, and they will not only look better but wear longer. Sold everywhere in cans—all sizes from half pints to five gallons.

Made by STANDARD OIL CO.

B. & B.

Every one of the 64 Departments offers the newest things in its line.

Plenty for selection and Prices to show we want the business.

The array of New Dress Cottons should be seen by all.

glace silks

better known as Changeable Silks, have attained a new vogue.

The soft, rich Silks in which changeable effects are produced this year are particularly desirable for Shirt Waist Suits.

Glace or Changeable Paillet de Soie, 75c.
Glace or Changeable Canvas Silk, $1.00—both are soft finish, luxurious Silks.
Other soft Glace Silks, $1.25 and $1.50.
Variety of weaves and color tones to satisfy any taste.
Special—Glace or Changeable Taffeta Silk in forty different color effects—light, medium and dark—55c

new waist patterns

Handsome collection of entirely new things just received.

White, Black and Color combinations Silk, embroidered on White Silk and Natural Color Pongee, including some gorgeously beautiful Oriental Colorings—$6.00 to $8.50.

Plain goods by the yard to match both.

the drapery store

wishes announcement made of its enormous new stock.

Lace Curtains, Portieres, Couch Covers, Heavy Goods for Hangings and for Furniture Coverings.

New Rope Portieres, New Silkolines, Cretonnes, Denims, Art Tickings, Dimities, Taffetas, Hungarian Cloths, etc.

Note in particular the immense variety of new Nottingham Curtains, ranging from 85c to $7.75 a pair.

Regulation styles, floral effects, neat geometrical patterns, dots, etc.

Bonne Femme and Throw-over effects.

Corded Escurial Curtains in the Arabian Color.

White, Ivory and Linen Color Cable and Wire Net and Diamond Mesh Curtains—copies of fine French Curtains at very moderate prices—$2.50, $3.50 and $5.00.

New stock of All White and Color insertioned and ruffled Flounced Curtains—50c to $5.00 a pair.

New Irish Point Curtains—our own direct importations at prices that show our method makes you money.

room size rugs

—new ones in—patterns and color effects the very latest.

A very large stock of Tapestry, Roxbury, Body Brussels and Wilton Rugs especially in the 9 by 12 sizes.

Hartford, Bigelow-Lowell and Schofield Mason's Body Brussels Rugs.

Selkirk, Bigelow-Lowell, Bundhar and French Wilton Rugs all in the large and some in the small sizes.

The very choicest of these celebrated productions.

suits and skirts

Our ready-wear store is superbly equipped for any demand.

Those who want the latest Fashions in either Suits or Skirts for immediate wear will find it greatly to their advantage to come and see.

The range of new Suits from $10.00 to $75.00, with such a showing at and between $20.00 and $40.00 as you'll find a great satisfaction.

New Skirts, $5.00 to $50.00.

Today's special announcement is of sheer goods Skirts—Voiles, Etamines, Mistrals, Twine Cloth, etc., $10.00 to $40.00.

A special Mistral Skirt—Black or Blue—beautifully made—handsomely trim'd with Glace Silk bands, Glace Silk Drop Skirt—both made good and full, and right up to the moment, $16.50.

BOGGS & BUHL, ALLEGHENY

Capital and Surplus, $800,000.00.

Every woman should have a Savings account. Many women need a Checking account. Special attention to the comfort and convenience of women here.

4 per cent. interest on Savings accounts.
2 per cent. interest on Checking accounts.

The Pennsylvania Trust Company of Pittsburgh
410 Smithfield Street

Fashionable Furs REDUCED.

WE OFFER YOU a choice of the finest stock of genuine Furs in town at a discount of from 20 to 30 per cent from our already low prices. Glad to have you call. See our windows.

McCORD & CO., 809 WOOD ST.

It's Worth While

Looking into the propositions the Provident Life and Trust Company make in the way of Life Insurance. Our premium rate is lower than any other first-class participating company.

The Provident Life & Trust Company, GRAHAM G. WELLS, Gen'l Agt. 216 Lewis Bldg. Sixth and Smithfield.

AMUSEMENTS.

HARRY WILLIAMS' ACADEMY
Matinees Today, 2; Evening 8.
PHIL SHERIDAN'S BIG CITY SPORTS COMPANY.

DUQUESNE GARDENS
Sessions Afternoons, Evenings.
SKATING FREE SKATES
Fifth Ave.—P. A. C. vs. VICTORIA.

AMUSEMENTS.

ALVIN TONIGHT. MATS. TODAY AND SATURDAY. MRS. LANGTRY and her English Company in "THE CROSS-WAYS."

NEXT WEEK SEAT SALE TOMORROW. The distinguished English Actor. KYRLE BELLEW. In Stanley Weyman's Famous Romance. A GENTLEMAN OF FRANCE. AS GIVEN FOR 170 NIGHTS IN NEW YORK. Leibler & Co., Managers.

GRAND—THE NEW STOCK CO. Every Aft. 2:15; Evenings 8:15. Clyde Fitch's Smart Society Play. THE WAY OF THE WORLD. Next—Sardou's sublime tragedy, "Cleopatra."

Bijou Bar. Mats. Mon., Wed. and Sat. Best reserved seats, 15c and 50c. This week—New "IN OLD KENTUCKY." Next week—Geo. Sidney, late of Ward & Vokes, in "Foxy Jeff."

EMPIRE—UP-TOWN THEATER. Reached by all Street Car lines. This week—Lyceum J. Carlos presents THE 11th HOUR. Matinees Wednesday and Saturday. Next Week—THE 5 B. MUSES.

AVENUE FAMILY THEATER. THIS WEEK WILFRED CLARKE & CO. BIG ACTS. Prices—15c, 25c, 35c, 50c.

DUQUESNE MATINEES EVERY DAY EXCEPT MONDAY. LUCILE SAUNDERS AND HER STEEL ACTS. STAR VAUDEVILLE.

SALARY BILLS ARE APPROVED

Finance Committee Adopts Ordinances Providing for Revision.

NEW WATER RATES FIXED

Number of Changes Are Recommended — All Manufactories, Office Buildings and Business Houses to Be Assessed.

The ordinances reported by the special committee of Pittsburgh councils on revision of salaries, were approved yesterday, by the finance committee, with the exception of the one for the city clerk's office, and the one for the Brilliant pumping station. The ordinance for the city clerk's office provided that the salary of the recording clerk should be reduced from $1,800 a year to $1,200, the stenographer from $1,200 to $900, and that an additional stenographer be added at $900.

On motion of Mr. Zahniser, the additional stenographer was stricken out and the salaries left as formerly. The committee also struck out the provision raising the salaries of the firemen at the Brilliant pumping station from $2 to $2 50 a day.

Jacob Soffel, Jr., of the Thirty-second ward raised an objection to that provision of the ordinance for the fire bureau removing 34 women employed as matrons at the engine houses. Mr. Soffel said the ordinance did not provide for women to scrub and clean the engine houses, which work was done by the matrons.

It developed that the city has not yet employed matrons, as no money was appropriated for the purpose when the ordinance was passed, 10 months ago. This work is now being paid for by the firemen themselves.

Soffel Withdrew Objections.

Mr. Soffel said he thought the expense should be borne by the city, but he was persuaded by the other Citizens members to withdraw his amendment and let the ordinance stand as it was. He promised to present an ordinance embodying his ideas in contents. The object of the Citizens in inducing Soffel to withdraw his amendment is plain. The employment of 34 women, each at $40 a month, would add $16,320 to the appropriations. The Citizens are anxious to keep the appropriations down until after the election, to be revised again when the election is over.

Mr. Zahniser called attention to the fact that the present garbage contract would expire on July 1, and that an appropriation of $80,000 should be made in the regular appropriation for this year. It was decided to introduce an ordinance making the appropriation at the meeting tomorrow night.

The committee adopted the ordinance providing that city advertising be inserted in but three daily papers instead of five, as at present.

Water Rates Adopted.

W. E. Sankey presented the report of the sub-committee on water rates. A number of changes were recommended. Mr. Sankey urged the establishment of meters, especially in mills, shops and office buildings. He said he was sure it would result in a saving of water. Mr. Sankey said the sub-committee had conferred with Supt. Shepherd of the water bureau, and Supt. Thomas Fording of the bureau of water assessments, and had learned that the water supply bureau was not such a money maker for the city as is supposed, as the cost of supply and maintenance is 4 8-10 cents a thousand gallons yearly, while the revenue is only 4 2-10 cents.

The first change made was in the item of bathlands, where the hot water difference was considered in the rate for not $1 for self-closing. The same was done with bath tubs, the rate being fixed at $1. In street hose, where the rate was $5, a change was made, introducing a graded charge of from $5 for a three-fourths inch line to $25 for a 4-inch line.

A store or shop was put down at from $4 to $15. This was changed to make the rate on the first floor $1 for each hundred square feet, on floors above, 75 cents per 100 square feet, if used by the same tenant, and $1 if used by more than one. Offices were from $8 50 to $45. This was made $8 50 for one room and $1 for each additional room.

Must Pay by Meter.

Office buildings with more than 25 rooms are to pay by meter measure after July 1 next. In such buildings the hot and cold bath tub item, at $6, is cut out, and all bathtubs left at $4.

In public buildings the hose rate is changed as above. The only other change is for steam boilers. Heretofore the charge has been from $10 to $25. It was fixed at $1 per horse power, up to 10 horse-power, and 50 cents, over 10 horse-power. Brickyards, instead of $20, will pay 4 cents per 1,000 on all brick manufactured.

The school schedule was changed to provide that for each room the charge shall be $1 25; for toilet rooms a sliding scale, according to the nature of the fixtures; for boilers for steam heating, $10; for gas engines with a reservoir, $5, without a reservoir, $25; on water by meter 1 cents a thousand gallons.

After July 1 next manufactories, livery stable, bottling houses, hotels, saloons, restaurants, rating houses, hydraulic elevators, water motors, gas engines, truck works and steam boilers used for power purposes shall be supplied at meter rates. Any consumer may have the option of using a meter. The meter rates are:

First million or less at 18 cents per 1,000 gallons, $180—$180.

Second million or less at 16 cents per 1,000 gallons, $160—$340.

Third million or less at 14 cents per 1,000 gallons, $140—$480.

Fourth million or less at 12 cents per 1,000 gallons, $120—$600.

Fifth million or less at 10 cents per 1,000 gallons, $100—$700.

Sixth million or less at 8 cents per 1,000 gallons, $80—$780.

Fourth million or less at 7 cents per 1,000 gallons, $70—$1,000.

Seventieth million or less at 6 cents per 1,000 gal., $60—$1,060.

Hospitals, dispensaries and other charities supported by public or private contributions are assessed nominally.

Protest from Labor Representatives.

At the daily meeting of the business agents of the many branches of the building trades yesterday, these resolutions were adopted:

Whereas, The committee on revision of salaries appointed by common council at its meeting held February 3, 1902, recommended that the fees assigned to the city of Pittsburg as mechanical and inspection be reduced to nothing, and whereas, their wages be also reduced, at a meeting of the board of delegated agents of the building trades council held February 10, 1902, the following resolutions were unanimously adopted:

Resolved, That a committee of three be appointed to enter a protest against the action of the revision committee for the reason that we believe it would be a detriment and a menace to the health and safety of the city inasmuch as competent mechanics cannot be employed at the proposed reduced rate of wages and the building and sanitary laws of the city cannot be enforced except by the employment of competent inspectors. We therefore confirm the action of the committee now in office for the above-mentioned recommendations, and request that councils will not concur in the recommendations of said committee on revision of salaries.

Ferguson Held for Murder.

Alexander Ferguson, who gave himself up to the East Pittsburgh police Saturday and later confessed to having killed Police Officer James McKeag at Turtle Creek, was given a hearing yesterday before J. C. Sullivan, justice of the peace, and was committed on a charge of murder to await the action of the grand jury.

Scenes in the Social World

CAPT. RICHMOND PEARSON HOBSON was a prime social favorite yesterday afternoon. During his flying visit here of scarcely more than three hours he was literally besieged. Mr. and Mrs. Willis F. McCook had intended giving a luncheon at the Hotel Schenley in his honor, but Capt. Hobson lectured in Waynesburg on Monday night and his train was very late in arriving in Pittsburgh yesterday, and it was afternoon when he came into the city, so the luncheon was called off. He was a member of a box party at the Grand opera house at the matinee. The party included the Misses Given, the Misses Bagley, Col. Harry Alvan Hall, Charles Hall, Gilbert Stewart and Eugene Baird, and Mrs. Given chaperoned the party. The box was decorated with the Stars and Stripes.

On the opposite side of the house Mrs. Willis F. McCook chaperoned a party of young girls, who occupied a box. They were Miss Elizabeth McCook, Miss Katherine McCook, Miss McCaffrey, Miss Donovan, Miss Vilsack and the Misses Malony.

After the play was over Miss Irene Hobson, who recently joined the stock company, held a reception in the green room, where she received with her cousin, the brilliant young naval officer. The guests were the members of Capt. Hobson's party and the young girls whom Mrs. McCook chaperoned.

Capt. Hobson's presence during the afternoon at the opera house created quite a little stir in the audience, as he repeatedly passed from one box to the other. Shortly after 5 o'clock he left for Youngstown, O., to attend a banquet at which he was the guest of honor. In May he expects to return to Pittsburgh, stopping here three or four days on his way to the Pacific coast, and he will then be able to accept the invitations which have accumulated for golf, luncheons, afternoon teas and dinners.

Mrs. Nimick's Tea.

Mrs. W. Howard Nimick gave a very handsome reception and 4 o'clock tea yesterday afternoon in honor of her niece, Mrs. Gilbert Anderson McClure, who was married last summer and who was formerly Miss Lee of Baltimore. The reception hours were from 4 o'clock until 6, and the home of Mrs. Nimick in Fifth avenue, East End, was well filled with prominent women and popular girls in Pittsburgh society. Mrs. Nimick and Mrs. McClure received together in the drawing room and a number of ladies assisted in the different apartments, among them being Mrs. Samuel Graham, Mrs. Alexander J. Wurtz, Mrs. Frank Pennock, Mrs. William T. McCullough, Miss Belknap of New York, who is visiting Mrs. Carroll; Miss Morris of Philadelphia, a house guest at the Nimick residence, and a number of the young girls of the East End and Shadyside.

The decorations were superb. In the drawing room a particularly graceful effect was secured by smilax and ferns artistically arranged. Upon the great mantel stood an immense mass of beautiful purple orchids. The library was decorated in yellow, daffodils and jonquils contrasting well with the rich dark furnishings. Especially dainty were the decorations in the dining room. A centerpiece of fragrant pink roses in a nest of exquisite white lilacs, the whole artistically entwined with tulle, stood upon the table. Flowers and ferns appeared upon the buffet and side tables.

Mrs. McClure is one of the most charming of the young brides who have been entertained quite extensively this season. She was the first of three brilliant young nieces of Mrs. Nimick, all living in Baltimore, to become engaged to Pittsburgh men.

Annual Church Supper.

The Ladies' Aid society of the Grant Street Reformed Presbyterian church, will give its 14th annual tea party tomorrow evening. A literary entertainment will be conducted under the direction of George M. Sleeth and Alex McDowell. Supper will be served from 6 until 9 o'clock and the entertainment will continue from 8 to 9. The following committees have been appointed:

Table No. 1—Mrs. Kerr, chairman; Mrs. William McAmbley, Mrs. E. Carson, Mrs. J. Mathews, Mrs. Mc Jain, Mrs. Moody, Mrs. Robert Barclay, Mrs. McNeilly, Miss Clothworthy and Mrs. Frank Rea.

Table No. 2—Mrs. McClure, chairman; Mrs. Robert McCambley, Mrs. Richardson, Mrs. M. J. Long, Mrs. J. L. Long, Mrs. Stewart, Mrs. Joseph Thompson, Mrs. McRoberts, Mrs. Singer, Mrs. Robert Thompson.

Table No. 3—Mrs. J. A. McKelvey, chairman; Mrs. Thomas Woodside, Mrs. Taggart, Mrs. Neal, Mrs. Walker, Mrs. Baxter, Mrs. Welsh, Mrs. John Fulton, Miss Gamble.

Table No. 4—Mrs. Houston chairman; Mrs. Alex Scott, Mrs. Downey, Mrs. Webb, Mrs. Henderson, Mrs. McCullough, Mrs. McKnight, Mrs. McMurry, Mrs. Allen.

Miss McLaughlin will have charge of the ice cream table.

Mackey-Emmerling.

FRANKLIN, PA., Feb. 12.—(Special.)—A large and handsomely appointed wedding took place here at 9 o'clock this evening, when Dr. Karl Emmerling of Pittsburgh and Miss Julia Anne Mackey, daughter of Capt. and Mrs. Charles W. Mackey of this city, were united in marriage. The wedding was a social event of the season and has been preceded by many entertainments for the bridal party, both in Franklin and Oil City.

The ceremony was performed in St. John's Episcopal church before a large assemblage of guests. The Rev. Martin Aigner, rector of St. John's, was the officiating minister, and the bride was given in marriage by her father, Harry Nesbit of Pittsburgh was best man, and the maid of honor was Miss Marion Mackey, a sister of the bride. The bridesmaids were Miss Martha Keats of Pittsburgh, Miss Rachel Brundred and Miss Florence Ramage of Oil City, Miss Jessie Smiley and Miss Helen Heydrick of Franklin. Mrs. Charles K. Brown of this city was matron of honor. The ushers were Dr. Otto T. Guth, Dr. George L. Hays and Dr. Edward Esterly of Pittsburgh, Richard Austin of Uniontown, Richard Kennerdell and Charles K. Brown of Franklin.

Following the ceremony at the church a large reception was held and a wedding supper served at the residence of the bride's parents. A large number of guests were present from Pittsburgh and other places in Western Pennsylvania. Dr. and Mrs. Charles Emmerling, parents of the groom, Mr. and Mrs. John Emmerling, Mrs. Elizabeth Ahl and children of Pittsburgh, Mrs. Mary Going and Mrs. Lynn Rodgers of Columbus, O., Miss Mary Yewens of Scranton, Miss Miller of New York and Miss Edith Osborne of Kalamazoo, Mich., were among the out-of-town guests.

After an extended wedding trip Dr. Emmerling and his bride will come to Pittsburgh and will live in Rebecca street, East End, where they will be at home after April 15.

Mrs. Lawrence C. Woods Received.

A very large and handsome reception was given in the Edgeworth club house yesterday afternoon by Mrs. Lawrence Crane Woods of Edgeworth. There were about 200 guests from both valley and city, and the club house was very handsomely decorated, lilies and tulips being used, with an abundance of green. The hours were from 3 to 6 o'clock.

Receiving with Mrs. Woods were Mrs. William Campbell, Miss Louise R. Schwartz and Miss Anna Semple, and assisting were Mrs. Charles Woods, Mrs. John Tate, Mrs. Christie Payne, Mrs. John Semple, Mrs. Dale Tate and her guests, Miss Vail, Miss Haworth, Miss Allee Haworth, Mrs. T. H. Robinson, Miss Walker, Mrs. J. Frederick Haworth, Mrs. Leonard Graham, Miss Elizabeth Love, Miss King, Mrs. R. H. Macrum, Miss Lucy Christy, Miss Ethel Christy, Miss Mary Campbell and Mrs. Wallace J. Tener.

Will Wed Today.

A wedding which will occasion considerable interest in Wilkinsburg, Allegheny and Brushton, will take place this evening in Allegheny, when Dr. C. W. Dixon of Wilkinsburg will take for his bride Miss Evans of Allegheny. Dr. Dixon was formerly connected with Mercy hospital and is well known in Pittsburgh. He is one of the promin.nt promoters of the new Hamilton Savings & Trust Company of Brushton. The wedding ceremony will be performed by the Rev. Dr. Hall, pastor of the Homewood Methodist Episcopal church. Dr. Dixon recently purchased a beautiful home in Wilkinsburg and after a honeymoon trip, Mr. and Mrs. Dixon will reside there.

McCracken—Culp.

Miss Gertrude Imolyn McCracken, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. J. C. McCracken and Herbert H. Culp, were married yesterday evening at 6 o'clock at the Hotel Schenley. The Rev. Rex D. Johnston performed the ceremony. The contracting parties are leading society people of Vandergrift, Pa. A number of friends from Vandergrift and other towns were present.

Van Drew—Millan.

Miss Anna L. Van Drew, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. D. C. Van Drew of the East End, and James Millan of Harvard street, East End, were quietly married yesterday morning at the Sacred Heart Roman Catholic church, in Center avenue, East End, at 7:30 o'clock. The ceremony was performed by the Rev. Father Francis Keane, pastor of the church. Miss Van Drew's bridesmaid was Miss Pansy Rodgers and Mr. Millan's brother, Thomas Millan, acted as best man. The bride has many friends among the young people of the East End and a large number of these were present during the ceremony, after which a wedding breakfast was served at the home of the bride.

Gregg-Wilbourne.

Miss Elizabeth Lee Gregg, second daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Thomas M. Gregg, of Morgantown, W. Va., was married yesterday afternoon to Aubrey Wilbourne. The ceremony took place in the Methodist Episcopal church of Morgantown, and was performed by the Rev. Dr. Compton, the pastor. The bride's only attendant was Miss Burke of Pittsburgh. Herbert Gilmore was best man. The ushers were James H. Kunkle, Scott Swisher, W. H. Ashcraft and Claude Barbee. Miss Lucille Gregg and Miss Irene Gregg were flower girls. After the ceremony Mr. and Mrs. Wilbourne left for a honeymoon trip to the south.

Absent During Lent.

Mr. and Mrs. Willis F. McCook, who are at the Hotel Schenley, and the Misses McCook, will return to their home in Swissvale the last of next week, where they will spend the Lenten season, remaining in Swissvale until the early summer when they may go abroad, their plans being yet indefinite.

Mr. and Mrs. Augustus E. W. Palmer are now established at the Royal Poinciana, Palm Beach, for the season.

Mrs. William H. House and her son, John G. A. House, leave on Saturday for Atlantic City, where they will remain several weeks.

Cards for a Visitor.

Mrs. Andrew Herron entertained at cards yesterday at her home in Center avenue, near Herron. Mrs. George Birkhoff was the guest of honor.

A vote for Hays is a vote to restore the principle of boss dictation.

Principals in a Pretty Wedding That Took Place at Franklin Yesterday

JULIA ANNE MACKEY
Who Became Dr. Emmerling's Bride.

DR. KARL EMMERLING
of Pittsburgh.

WOMEN'S CLUBS

THE organization of a Western Pennsylvania Society of Colonial Dames was accomplished yesterday. At the invitation of Mrs. Francis Bailey Nimick, the Colonial Dames in this part of the state met at her home in Fifth avenue, East End, formally organized, electing these officers: Chairman, Mrs. Francis Bailey Nimick; secretary, Mrs. William H. McKelvy, and treasurer, Mrs. William P. Wallace.

There are no chapters among the Colonial Dames, but there is a state society, and it was at the suggestion of the Pennsylvania Society of Colonial Dames, headquarters in Philadelphia, that the dames in the western end of the state have their own organization, which though not auxiliary, is at present open to suggestions from the Pennsylvania society. The Dames in Western Pennsylvania have been unable to attend the meetings in Philadelphia, and have in no way been brought together, and the purpose of the newly organized society is to unite them in closer interest and purpose. The meetings will be held on the first Thursday of each month. Before the next meeting suggestions are expected from the Pennsylvania society with an outline of work and study. The Colonial Dames are perpetuating the memory of events prior to the American revolution. Informal entertainments are given on the anniversary days of important events in the past history of the country and in the lives of famous men, and the Colonial teas are always of an interesting character.

Mrs. Nimick's invitations for the meeting yesterday were prettily adorned with two flags crossed, the Stars and Stripes and the United States Union Jack. Miss McKnight was elected temporary chairman and the organization and the election of officers were the chief events of the meeting. Miss McKnight also gave a short history of the early development of Western Pennsylvania and the establishment of the Economites in the Ohio valley. A poem, written by Mrs. Nimick for Flag Day, was recited by her little son, Master Francis Bailey Nimick, Jr.

After the meeting Mrs. Nimick gave an old-fashioned tea, such as was held by the women a century ago. She served home-made doughnuts covered with sugar and sponge cake with tea, and cider in quaint old-fashioned glass goblets.

Nearly all the Colonial Dames of Western Pennsylvania were present yesterday afternoon. They include Mrs. Nimick, Mrs. William H. McKelvy, Mrs. Harry Sellers, Mrs. Philip M. Shandin, Mrs. Robert T. Beineman, Mrs. Alexander of Monongahela City, Mrs. John A. Harper, Mrs. John Brown Herron, Miss Kate Cassatt McKnight, Mrs. Charles B. McLain, Mrs. Albert H. Childs, Mrs. David A. Hengst, Mrs. Albert A. Horne, Mrs. William H. House, Mrs. James B. Oliver, Mrs. Park Painter, Miss Julia Harding, Mrs. William H. Schoen, Jr., Mrs. Wynn R. Sewell and Mrs. William T. Wallace.

Opening of the Peacock Bathhouse.

The opening of the handsome new bathhouse and gymnasium, presented to the Columbian council school by Alexander R. Peacock, last evening, was a brilliant affair. The new $40,000 building was inspected by several hundred of the representative people of the two cities who have followed the excellent work of the Columbian council school with interest, and who have supported it in many ways.

Short formal exercises were conducted in the assembly room on the second floor, preceding the reception and inspection of the building. Addresses were delivered by the Rev. Robert Christy, D. D., of the Allegheny Theological seminary, and by Rabbi J. Leonard Levy. Mr. Peacock, to whose generosity is due this splendid adjunct to the social settlement work of the school, spoke a few words. Mrs. A. Leo Weil, president of the board of directors of the school, presided. There was music by Mrs. Matthew Stanley, soprano, and Fritz von der Heim, violinist.

The new bathhouse is two stories high and is joined to the school, having its main entrance in Linton street. Shower baths, tubs, swimming pool and dressing rooms occupy the first story. The upper story is devoted to a gymnasium and assembly hall, which has a large stage and will seat over 300. All under 16 have free use of the privileges of the house, but men pay five cents and women three cents. The Columbian council school was organized six years ago to improve the condition of the poor on the Hill. It is situated in one of the most thickly populated districts of the city and the population is composed almost entirely of people from southern Europe. It is non-sectarian. The officers are, president, Mrs. A. Leo Weil; vice president, Mrs. Hugo Rosenberg; secretary, Mrs. B. L. Hildschfield; treasurer, Mrs. A. J. Sunstein; head resident and assistant, Miss Sadie Levy and Miss Julia Schonfeld.

Department Organized.

The educational department of the Circle club was organized yesterday morning in the rooms of the club in the McClintock building. Mrs. J. J. Covert, chairman of the department, presided, and assisted by Miss Kate C. McKnight, is organizing the work to be undertaken by this branch. Four committees were formed to take charge of sub-departments. The department of lectures in the public schools has Mrs. E. L. Mattern and Dr. C. L. Wade for chairmen; the department of decoration in public schools, Mrs. William C. Macrum of Pittsburgh and Mrs. John Cowley of Allegheny, chairmen; department of the league of good citizenship, Mrs. Samuel Miller, chairman, and the department of school libraries, Miss H. Elizabeth Corey, librarian of the Lawrenceville branch of the Carnegie library, chairman. No active work will be undertaken until the next meeting, which will be held on Tuesday, February 25.

Washington's Birthday Celebration.

Dr. Everett T. Tomlinson will lecture this afternoon on "George Washington, the Man." The lecture will be the principal feature of the celebration of Washington's birthday anniversary, according to the old style calendar, by the Pittsburgh chapter, Daughters of the American Revolution, which will be conducted this afternoon at 2:30 o'clock in the Pittsburgh Conservatory building in Dithridge street, Bellefield. The lecture will be followed by a reception, when Mrs. Samuel A. Ammon, regent of the Pittsburgh chapter, and Mrs. James R. Mellon, vice-president general of the National society, Daughters of the American Revolution, will receive, together with the other officers of the chapter.

Travelers Club Meeting.

The Travelers club held its regular semi-monthly meeting yesterday afternoon at the Central Young Women's Christian association. An interesting program was conducted under the leadership of Mrs. Harvey McKinney. The program included a paper by Mrs. Alfred E. Clark on "Mexico as the Cradle of Man's Primative Condition." Mrs. William Macrum read a paper on "Footprints of the Jesuits." Short talks were given by several members.

Miss Hutchinson's Lecture.

Miss Matilda Hutchinson delivered a very interesting and instructive lecture yesterday morning before the members of the Twentieth Century club. Her subject was "Mary Stuart." Miss Hutchison is the grand-daughter of the late Judge Wilkins of Pittsburgh, and is related to several prominent Pittsburgh families, and consequently her visit to the city is of interest to a wide circle of friends.

Parents and Teachers Co-operate.

A meeting of the Parents' and Teachers' Co-operative League of the Fifth ward school, Allegheny, will be held on Friday afternoon, February 13, at 3:15 o'clock. Mrs. David Kirk will conduct a parliamentary drill.

McAll Mission Meeting.

The regular monthly meeting of the Pittsburgh branch of the American McAll mission in Paris was held yesterday afternoon at the Twentieth Century club. There was a good attendance.

Theater Parties.

Attorney W. A. Blakeley gave a small theater party last evening at the Alvin, in honor of Miss Mary Peters of Baltimore, who is visiting Judge and Mrs. Elliott Rodgers in California avenue, Allegheny. Supper was served after the play at the Pittsburgh club. There were eight in the party.

Mr. Bissell of Woodland road was also a host last evening at the Alvin, later giving a supper at the Pittsburgh club. There were also eight in Mr. Bissell's party.

Mental unrest is a sure sign of physical disease; often of ailments beyond the reach of ordinary remedies. Dr. D. Jayne's Tonic Vermifuge restores the debilitated organs, and healthy action brings strength.

A vote for Hays is a vote to restore the principle of boss dictation.

MARRIAGE LICENSES.

The following are the marriage licenses issued yesterday:

Edmund C. Palmer	Pittsburgh
Nancy Young	Pittsburgh
Charles J. Dietrick	Allegheny
Mary Pacovsky	Allegheny
Frederick S. Lang	Pittsburgh
Emma T. Kolzer	Pittsburgh
Frank Wakefield	Irwin City
Lydia Jane Bennett	White Hall
Gustave W shenkle	Mt. Oliver
Katie Grieser	Allegheny County
W. A. Russell	Braddock
Martha M. Graham	Mt. Florence, Pa.
John Stillerich	Pittsburgh
Bertha Sheering	Pittsburgh
John Moules	Pittsburgh
Rosa Matthews	Pittsburgh
Martin Daverin	Pittsburgh
Alice Reidinger	Pittsburgh
Frank Willey	Pittsburgh
Anna McCandless	Pittsburgh
Alfred L. Huribert	Pittsburgh
Carrie Christ	Pittsburgh
James Wandless	Pittsburgh
Jessie E. Thomas	Pittsburgh
Albert Loughran	West Newton
Isabella Burrows	Carnegie
Arthur G. Scott	McKeesville
Alpha Albert	Brookville
John Soltis	Allegheny
Zuzanna Kusner	Allegheny
Isidor Klein	Braddock
Julia Shermer	Braddock
Edwin Pitts	Pittsburgh
Margaret E. Finneron	Allegheny
Albert Earton	Courtney
Mary B. Byers	Bemola
Louis Cohen	Pittsburgh
Ida Harris	Pittsburgh
Elmy C. Harris	Charleroi
Lydia Shuster	Charleroi
Walter A. Rice	Allegheny
Edna M. Kolb	Allegheny
John Ryan	Pittsburgh
Mary S. McLeese	Pittsburgh
Joseph A. Nicholson	Pittsburgh
Nellie Carroll	Pittsburgh

WHAT TWO CENTS WILL PROVE

Dr. William B. Harris, 1106 Bellefontaine avenue, Kansas City, Mo.: "Pretzinger's Catarrh Balm is the best thing I have ever found."

"Your Balm has given me more relief than everything else I have tried."

Rev. J. B. Reed, Laurel Hill, Pa.

Mrs. A. Gochenour, Argyle, Ill.: "Have had catarrh or ozena for 40 years and tried many reliefs and cures, but found nothing which did the good Pretzinger's Catarrh Balm has done for me."

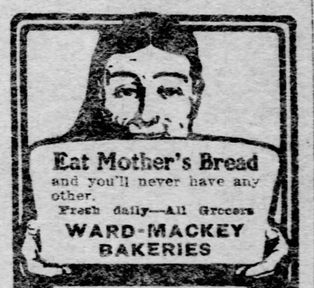
Mrs. H. T. Zacharias, 911 Everett street, Cincinnati, O.: "Very prompt in curing colds in the head; exceeds all remedies for the cure of most obstinate cases of catarrh. One jar will convince anyone of the virtue it possesses."

A two-cent stamp sent to Pretzinger Bros., Chemists, Dayton, O., for a sample or 50c for a full-sized jar, will prove that Pretzinger's Catarrh Balm cures when every other medicine or treatment fails. For sale by druggists.

North, South, East and West it's proclaimed the best.

ELECTRO SilverPolish SILICON

Its cardinal merit—brilliancy without abrasion—has made it famous around the world. Unlike all others. Sold everywhere. "SILICON," 80 Cliff Street, New York.



What Shall We Have for Dessert?

This question arises in the family every day. Let us answer it to-day. Try

Jell-O,

a delicious and healthful dessert. Prepared in two minutes. No boiling! no baking! add boiling water and set to cool. Flavors:—Lemon, Orange, Raspberry and Strawberry. Get a package at your grocers to-day. 10 cts.

Your Strong Box

Can be reached, touched. Our Safe Deposit Vaults offer absolute security for

Valuable Personal Property—Bonds—Deeds—Mortgages—Insurance Policies, Etc.

Boxes $5 a year and upwards

Special interest paid on time deposits.

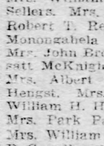
2 per cent on checking accounts.

$2,000,000 Security

FIDELITY TITLE & TRUST CO.,

341—FOURTH AVENUE—343

makes good things light
Presto
(better than flour)



MANDO Removes Forever Superfluous Hair

On the Face, Arms or Any Part of the Body, root and branch. The greatest discovery known to modern science. Not the Slightest Injury to the Fairest Skin.

Price $1.00—Samples 10c.

MME. JOSEPHINE LE FEVRE,

1208 Chestnut st., Philadelphia, Pa.

A full line of my preparations are on sale at May Drug Co., 508 Market St. Jos. Fleming & Son, 412 Market St., Pittsburgh.

Crackers With A Kerosene Flavor

They are known as the common bulk soda cracker. All grocers don't have them in this flavor—some of them do.

It's no fault of the grocerman. He sells bulk soda crackers because a few customers still buy them as a matter of habit. He also sells kerosene.

Between measuring out kerosene and putting bulk biscuit in a bag things will get mixed.

If you do not fancy the kind with the kerosene flavor ask for **Uneeda Biscuit** in the In-er-seal Package with red and white seal.

Made with the utmost care; clean bakeries, clean bakers, best material. Packed in an air tight, dust proof package that does all that it was made to do—keeps the biscuit fresh, clean and dry. They reach you in perfect condition—just as they left the oven.

5¢

NATIONAL BISCUIT COMPANY

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral

What would you do the next time you have a hard cold if you couldn't get Ayer's Cherry Pectoral? Better think this over.

25c.—50c.—$1.
J. C. Ayer Co., Lowell, Mass.

Stop the Pain!

Do you suffer from those fearful headaches, that make sleep impossible and cause you to become restless, irritable, and depressed? Your suffering can be alleviated, and quickly.

Try NEURALGYLINE FOR THE NERVES

It will give complete relief in twenty minutes. It will cure you and prevent a return of the trouble. It is harmless. It soothes the nerves. Neuralgia is a nerve disease, Neuralgyline will cure it.

"Had suffered for over a week with neuralgia pains in the head, unable to sleep and nearly crazed with pain. Thirty minutes after taking one Neuralgyline tablet, I was completely cured." MRS. J. B. SIRN, St. Paul, Minn.

Neuralgyline is for sale by every first-class druggist in this country and Canada. Price, per box, 25 cents. Samples free. Money refunded if not as represented.

The NEURALGYLINE COMPANY, Manufacturing Chemists, WHEELING, W. VA.

February Bargains

Linoleums

We have assembled the various Linoleum Patterns that we do not expect to carry next season—

and marked the prices down to the quick selling level—

They are choice colorings and in almost every instance there is plenty in each piece to cover an ordinary room—

Inlaid Linoleums—

The regular $1.50 quality, $1 and $1.25 a yd.

Printed Linoleums—

The 90c value at 65c
The 75c value at 60c
The 65c value at 50c
The 50c value at 40c

You'll find them on the basement floor, front of the store—

Oliver McClintock Co.
219 Fifth Ave.

Interest on Savings

Everyone ought to save something—It's the only way to get ahead and to protect oneself against the inevitable "rainy day."

The Peoples Savings Bank pays 4 per cent compound interest on all savings accounts.

Send for booklet telling how to bank by mail.

PEOPLES SAVINGS BANK
PITTSBURGH, PA.

Bargain Time Among the Furs

Beautiful scarfs and garments marked so low for this February selling that it is almost like finding money—

Come in and see the pretty things and the prices—whether you want to buy or not—

PAULSON BROS. CO.
441 WOOD STREET.

Valentines

Cards of love and remembrance—

Novelties of every sort—

Books appropriate to the season—

Everything that is right and proper and wantable in the Valentine line—

Don't wait until the last minute—they're going fast.

J. R. WELDIN & CO.,
429-431 WOOD ST.

Trousers to Order at 20% Reduction This Week.

DICKSON, The Tailor, 420 Wood St.

We are more careful about children's shoes than most people—more careful about the fit—more critical as to quality—

C. A. VERNER.
FIFTH AND MARKET.

OFFICIAL—EDGEWOOD.

NOTICE—In the matter of the appointment of viewers to ascertain the costs, damages and expenses and assess the benefits for the grading, paving and curbing of Coal street, from Walnut street to Swissvale avenue, in the borough of Edgewood. In the court of common pleas No. 2, of Allegheny county, No. 20, May term, 1903. The undersigned, having been appointed viewers in the foregoing matter, hereby give notice that they will, on the 28th day of February, 1902, at 4:30 p. m., meet on the line of said improvement, at the corner of Coal street and Swissvale avenue, in said borough, proceed thence over said line of improvement, view the same and the premises affected thereby, and hear all parties interested therein and their witnesses.

E. E. KIERNAN,
HENRY P. MCCULLOUGH,
E. E. PHILLIPS,
Viewers.

NOTICE—In the matter of the appointment of viewers to ascertain the costs, damages and expenses, and assess the benefits for the grading, paving and curbing of Oakview avenue, from Edgewood avenue to a point 450 feet east of Chestnut street, in the borough of Edgewood. In the court of common pleas No. 2, of Allegheny county, No. 21, May term, 1902. The undersigned, appointed by the court viewers in the foregoing matter, hereby give notice that they will, on the 28th day of February, 1902, at 4 p. m., meet on the line of said improvement, at the corner of Oakview avenue and Edgewood avenue, in said borough, proceed thence over said line of improvement, viewing the same, and premises affected thereby, and hear all parties interested therein and their witnesses.

E. E. KIERNAN,
HENRY P. MCCULLOUGH,
E. E. PHILLIPS,
Viewers.

Dreyfuss Will Back the Pirates With Cash

QUAKERS' SALE NEAR AT HAND

President Dreyfuss in Philadelphia to Buy the Club.

TO PLAY ATHLETICS

[SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE GAZETTE.]
PHILADELPHIA, Feb. 10.—Barney Dreyfuss, president and principal owner of the Pittsburgh National league club, arrived here this afternoon for the purpose of closing the deal for the purchase of the Philadelphia National league club. Dreyfuss was two hours late and in consequence of an indisposition had been unable to sleep en route from Cincinnati on Monday night. The Pittsburgh magnate was considerably fatigued and immediately repaired to the Walton where he remained most of the afternoon.

Col. Dreyfuss did not see Col. Rogers today, although the latter was expecting a call from the Pittsburgh magnate. The latter was away from his hotel only a short time and then for the purpose of conferring with his associates on the prospective purchase of the local club.

Will Play Series for Cash.

Dreyfuss had nothing to make public in the negotiations for the transfer of ownership of the Philadelphia club, but to a party of friends in the Walton the Pittsburgh owner did make a rather startling and sweeping declaration. Among other topics discussed by the party of which the writer was a member, was the end of Connie Macks' recent challenge to the Pittsburgh president for a spring series of games between the champions of the American and National leagues. President Dreyfuss was reported to have said in Cincinnati that he was opposed to such games, and that he would not allow his team to meet the Athletics. It seems that he was misquoted in this connection.

"To show you how much I would fear the result of a series of games between Pittsburgh and the Athletics," said the genial Kentuckian, "I will make a wager of $5,000 with Mr. Mack that Pittsburgh will win a majority of the games in such a series. And in addition if this is not a sufficient inducement for the manager of the American league champions to play such a series, I make the further question that the winner take all of the gate receipts from such a series. I think this shows sufficient sincerity on my part," said Col. Dreyfuss.

"What about the number of games and the place of playing them?" was asked.

"It is immaterial to me," replied the Pittsburg man, "they are small details that could be arranged in a few minutes on my part. A series of three, five or seven games would suit me, and as this city and Pittsburgh are so conveniently near each other I do not suppose patronizing the sport, nothing would be fairer than to play half of the games in each city, and, if necessary, the deciding contest in some neutral city."

To Talk Over Schedule.

Dreyfuss notified President Shibe of the Athletic club, who is chairman of the American league schedule committee, of his arrival, he would be in this city this week, and that he would be pleased to meet the local magnate for a conference on the schedule. The Pittsburg magnate is anxious to get the National schedule committee and it is more than likely that he and Mr. Shibe will confer on this subject before Col. Dreyfuss leaves the city. It is believed that the preliminary material will develop in the negotiations of the sale of the Philadelphia club tomorrow. Dreyfuss will call upon Col. Rogers early this forenoon, and the transfer may be completed tomorrow.

DEFEATED AGAIN.

Victorias Put Up a Great Game but Portage Lake Seven Was Too Fast.

HOUGHTON, MICH., Feb. 10.—(Special.)—Victorias was defeated by Portage Lake seven in Amphrome rink tonight in a fast and the cleanest, hardest fought game ever seen here. The score at end of game being Portage Lake 7, Victorias 6. Stuart, center, proved a phenomenal player and charged with the puck repeatedly, out scored only one goal. Fierce body check with Capt. Gibson, Stuart was laid out in the middle of the first half and ruined the line up for the night. The Victorias braced wonderfully and tonight's game was agressive.

Shortly after the face off Stuart got the puck and dashing down Scopanita made the first goal. Shields, Lake and Stuart in the first half did wonders, Lake carrying the puck gracefully past all and shooting it into the goal repeatedly. Half ended—Victorias 4, Portage Lake 1. Second half started off fast and continued. Stuart made three goals, Westcott one and Shields two, Portage Lake scoring opposition on Victorias' defense. Duval, who played cover this night, was at goal tonight and made seemingly impossible stops.

Shields moved center in place of Stuart in the second half, and won the admiration of the crowd by his good all around work. The only man penalized was Scosmith, who held the puck with his hand when down on the ice in a scrimmage. Line-up:

Victorias—6.	Portage Lake—7.
Duval	Goal
Hall	Point
Gibson	Cover point
Stuart	Center
Melnke	Right wing
Shields	Left wing
Lake	Rover

Scosmith (Capt.)—Coverage.

Referee—Dr. F. H. Wilson. Timekeepers—A. J. Ruhl and Overland. Goal judges—Loyal O'Leary and Dr. E. Thas. First half—Victorias 4, Portage Lake 1. Second half—Victorias 2, Portage Lake 7. Goals—Lake 3, Shields 2, Stuart 1, Melnke 1, Westcott 1, Rowe 2.

The Citizens' committee, with foolish precipitation, thrusts to the front as a substitute for the headquarters worker previously named and rejected by public opinion, another headquarters worker whom public opinion is just as prompt to reject.—Leader, December 24.

THINK RULE HARSH.

Yale Athletes Put Under a Heavy Handicap.

NEW HAVEN, CONN., Feb. 10.—(Special.)—Much dissatisfaction is heard at Yale against the operation of the faculty rule which requires candidates for the several university athletic teams to maintain an average scholarship standing of 2.20 on a scale of 4. Other students are required to maintain a rank of 2 on the same basis. The Yale Daily News, in editorial comment today, protests that the rule is unfair, as it does not impose an equal standard for all students, but imposes a hardship upon men who are doing added work already in maintaining Yale athletic prowess.

YALE AGAIN CHAMPION.

Basketball Team Practically Cinched Its Lead.

NEW HAVEN, CONN., Feb. 10.—(Special.)—Yale practically won the intercollegiate basketball championship again tonight by outplaying her nearest rival in the race, Columbia, by the score of 22 to 14.

At the end of the first half Yale had the lead, only 9 to 8, and for five minutes of the second half Columbia was on the aggressive.

WILL BE "REPUBLIC."

That Name Selected for the New Cup Defender.

NEW YORK, Feb. 10.—Frank R. Tucker, a nephew of John B. Herreshof, is authority for the statement that the new cup defender has been named Republic, according to a World dispatch from Bristol, R. I.

Mr. Tucker announces that the selection of a name has been made within the past few days. More than 200 names were considered.

A vote for Hays is a vote to put the Bigelow personal pay roll on the pay rolls of the city.

BASKETBALL NOTES.

The Federals defeated the Polish Five in a fast game of basketball, 14 to 8.

Freedom basketball team wants a game at Freedom Saturday, 14th instant, and later with Monaca, Rochester or Beaver. Address Chas. F. C. ex No. 221, Freedom, Pa.

The Railroad Juniors would like to hear from the Wilmerding Y. M. C. A. second team for a game on the latter's floor. W. E. Douglas, No. 207 Bank Street, Wilmerding.

Others will be two fast games of basketball at Bellevue Hall tonight between the Standards and Bellevues. The first game will be between the Standard Juniors and Public Mallach A. C.

THE NEW AGREEMENT TO BE VERY SIMPLE

Leagues Will Agree to Respect All Contracts as Well as the Reserve Rule.

[SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE GAZETTE.]
NEW YORK, Feb. 10.—Since peace has been declared in the baseball world one topic that has been freely discussed is the new national agreement. It will be framed by the three principal baseball presidents, Harry Pulliam of the National league, Ban Johnson of the American league and P. T. Powers of the National association. The idea is to make it a short, concise, perfect intelligible document that any schoolboy may understand, an agreement that will not be subject to evasion because of petty technicalities in the wording.

It will provide for mutual respect of contracts, for the observance of a reserve rule, which the wisecracs of the American league have found a necessity, despite their maundering a year ago, and some sort of an arrangement by which players may be transferred from the minor to the major league for a suitable purchase price. If the efforts of those most intimately concerned are successful it will be the briefest and plainest document ever drawn up.

The National league men have begun to consider the matter of a new schedule, it will vary slightly from that given out at the recent National league meeting in this city. This afternoon Charles H. Ebbetts of Brooklyn left for Philadelphia to join Barney Dreyfuss of Pittsburgh and revise the dates that were allotted the schedule slightly published.

It is barely possible that the location of the American league ground will not be made public until the meeting of that organization in this city next week, as certainty exists as to the site, and none can exist until the leases have been properly signed.

We have here an exemplification of the same method of making nominations that was numbered among the sins of the ring—the slating of a candidate and thrusting him down the people's throat without reference to his availability or to the wishes of any element aside from the clique immediately behind him.—Leader, December 24.

WILL BE GREAT SHOW.

Poultry and Pigeon Exhibit Will Be Better Than Any Previous Year.

The poultry, pet stock and pigeon show in Old City hall the week of February 2, bids fair, at this juncture, to surpass that of last year in size by several hundred birds. The entries have been coming in rapidly during the past few days—very rapidly, in fact, than they can be tabulated—and it is almost certain that before Saturday night more will have been received than went to make up the total show last year. Monday next is the last day for making entries, and large numbers from local fanciers always come in at the last hour, so that President G. W. Moore of the Fanciers club, feels assured that the show will be the best ever held.

Breeders generally report their stock to be in first-class condition. The mild winter has been favorable to poultry, and few have suffered from frozen combs and such troubles. The birds are also in brilliant plumage as a rule, so that close competition and a brilliant show are expected. Local exhibitors should bear in mind that the entries close Monday evening, and none will be received after that will be accepted. It is possible that some of the late ones will have to be returned at any rate, owing to lack of room in Old City hall. Every effort will be made, however, to take care of all the birds offered for competition.

CAPTAIN BROWN'S LOSSES.

Two of His Valuable Two-Year-Olds Die at Training Ground From Pneumonia.

LOUISVILLE, KY., Feb. 10.—(Special.)—Capt. S. S. Brown, the Pittsburgh millionaire turf man, has lost by death two promising two-year-olds of the Bunch Bob Tucker has in training at Churchill Downs. Both died of pneumonia. Numerous horses at the Downs have whiter colds. The colts last by Capt. Brown were Broomcorn, by Brush, dam Imp. Glen Fairy, by Forager, and Newman, by Hanon, dam Newcrib, dam Imp. Orator Tom.

The weather is opening up and the trainers at Downs are beginning to give their charges stiff gallops, as the track is now in good shape and the weather excellent for training. Among the stables that took work today were those of Woodford and Buckner, including Bad Neds and Red Raven, Derby candidates, and Evelyn Kinsey, a prominent Oaks candidate. Also Mirabeau, Highland Mayden, Omdurman and others. The Big Corrigan, Brown and other stables. Dick Brooks had out several of the Schulte string, including Sequoia, a stablemate of Hafnburg and Thomas J. Hitchcock, Jr., steward of the Eastern Jockey club, were among the visitors at Churchill Downs today looking over the large Marden string and making a trip through the various other stables.

We have here an exemplification of the same method of making nominations that was numbered among the sins of the ring—the slating of a candidate and thrusting him down the people's throat without reference to his availability or to the wishes of any element aside from the clique immediately behind him.—Leader, December 24.

YALE'S TRACK TEAM.

The Athletes Settle Down to Work and Listen to Words of Advice.

NEW HAVEN, CONN., Feb. 10.—(Special.)—Yale's track team training was started tonight with a big mass meeting, in which speeches were made by Capt. Joe Thomas, Coach Mike Murphy, Prof. William L. Phelps, Junan W. Curliss of New York city and Charles H. Sherrill of New York. It will be followed by a banquet to the winners of last year's champion intercollegiate track team and the sprinkers of public repute. Capt. Thomas announced the gift of $1,500 from an anonymous donor for rebuilding the track house and refitting it with baths.

Thomas said that he wanted every man on the team to fight for his race as if his life depended on it. Mike Murphy said: "We need the athletic advisory committee to direct our training, not simply to make a team. We want every athlete to feel his own responsibility and to win because he is Yale. Before I left here in 1896, I never knew a Yale athlete to break training. That has not been true for two years. We want every man to live a clean, moral true life, to form his character by his training."

KENNEDY AND BENNETT.

These Old Rivals Are Likely to Be Matched Once More.

There is every indication that the lovers of boxing in this section will soon see a contest which they have been looking forward to for over two years. Two years ago for more Jack Bennett of McKeesport lost what his many followers claimed was an unsatisfactory battle to Eddie Kennedy of Allegheny. The bout took place in Wheeling, and many sports from this part of the country were in attendance.

Since that time Bennett has been meeting with good success in the 126-pound ring in the east and south. On the other hand, Kennedy has by no means gone back. He has met men of much experience and has proven himself capable of pulling up a good argument. Although Bennett lost to Kennedy at Wheeling in their last battle, he now feels confident that his late experience has placed him in a position to compete with the greatest welterweights Indiana has ever known. Kennedy, in turn, has met such men as Matty Mathews and Larry Temple, and has thereby gained considerable experience.

It would be no reason why the match should not be clinched. If Kennedy declines Bennett will be brought here for a bout with Mathews, but it is understood that the Allegheny boy will not consent to the proposition, as he thinks rivals may be expected to compete here soon. Bennett is now training at Atlantic City, while Kennedy is at work for a bout with Jimmy Handler.

We do not believe the election of Mr. Hays at all probable, for the life and earnestness and sense of duty in city government that animated the Citizens movement is against him and cannot be drawn to his support.—Post, December 29.

Pillsbury Won First Game.

MONTE CARLO, Feb. 10.—In the first round of the international chess tournament, which began here today Pillsbury beat Wolf, in a fierce gambit declined, after 25 moves. The contest between Maroczy and Mason resulted in a draw, and the other games, Schlechter vs. Albin, Janowski vs. Tarrasch and Marshall vs. Mieses were adjourned.

ODOM BRINGS IN HIS FAVORITES

Jockey Lands Last Three Races on Card at New Orleans.

ROBBINS IN TROUBLE

[BY ASSOCIATED PRESS TO THE GAZETTE.]
NEW ORLEANS, Feb. 10.—The tail end of the card—the last three races—fell to the favorites—Ahumada, Telamon and Scorpio—all three ridden by George Odom. Potheen landed a comfortable wager in the third race through the disqualification of Sheriff Bell. Robbins could not keep the colt straight in the stretch, and his interference with Potheen and Honolulu led to his displacement. Weather rainy, track sloppy. Summaries:

First race, selling 1⅛ miles—Aurie B., 90, Davisson, 4 to 1, won; Wunderliche, 109, Hoar, 12 to 1, second; Marion Lynch, 107, Munro, 15 to 1, third. Time, 2:01 1-5. Leflare, Maple, Kings Sister, Bean, Tammany Chief and Wissendina also ran.

Second race, 6 furlongs—Captain Gaston, 109, O'Neill, 16 to 1, won; Midnight Chimes, 107, Lindsey, 6 to 1, second; Miss Aubrey, 107, A. Hall, 5 to 1, third. Time, 1:18. Bummer II., Antigone, Aline Abbott, Little Chic, Cornwall, Kilmandscharo and Prince Webb also ran. Dr. Guernsey fell soon after the start.

Third race, 1 1-16 miles—Sheriff Bell, 95, Robbins, 4 to 1, first, but was disqualified; Potheen, 98, Fuller, 11 to 5, won; Rough Rider, 97, Lindsey, 18 to 1, second; Honolulu, 99, Creamer, even, third. Time, 1:52 1-5. Melbourne, Eclipse and Flaneur also ran.

Fourth race, 6 furlongs—Ahumada, 115, Odom, 7 to 10, won; Brushby, 105, Lindsey, 14 to 5, second; Star Cry, 94, Scully, 40 to 1, third. Time, 1:17 3-5. Showman, Star And Garter, Orpheum and In Bond also ran.

Fifth race, 6 furlongs—Telamon, 112, Odom, 2 to 5, won; Ben Chance, 105, Hoar, 5 to 1, second; Meran, 106, Lindsey, 15 to 1, third. Time, 1:17 3-5. Alice S. and Miss Shanley also ran.

Sixth race, 5 furlongs—Scorpio, 113, Odom, 1 to 2, won; Henry McDaniel, 101, Lindsey, 8 to 5, second; Harrison, 92, Scully, 50 to 1, third. Time, 1:03 3-5. Celebration also ran.

Entries for today:

First race, purse, 6 furlongs—Double O., 87; Josette, 95; Senator Morrison, Ornature, 100; Jim Nap, 103; Mollie T., White Owl, 107; O'Hagen, Stuart Young, 109; Autonilus, Imp. Abula, 115.

Second race, selling, 7 furlongs—Dedie S., 99; Illuminate, 103; Tommy Dunne, 104; Thane, Brown Vail, 105; Dalitz, 106; Merrill, Zack Ford, Alpaca, Sir Galin, 105; Swordsman, 110.

Third race, handicap, 1⅛ miles—Ben Chance, 95; Jessie Jarboe, Cogswell, 100; Boaster, 103; Scotch Plaid, 104.

Fourth race, new St. Charles Hotel stakes, 2-year-old fillies, $1,000 added, 4 furlongs—May Holladay, 105; Jessie Weller, 102; Lady Walter, 116; Locky Lice, Arizona Rose, Bird Pond, J. Transmigrate, 102; Petunia, 115.

Fifth race, selling, 3-year-olds, mile and 70 yards—Flora Levy, 92; Cruichfield, Brookston, Aurie B., 97; Kiwasa, 99; Safeguard, Blanco, 102; Barkelmore, Mauser, 106.

BIGELOW'S NEWSPAPER GRAFT: "I have been extending personal courtesies of this kind to all the political reporters. I see no harm in it." Leader interview with him on the $100 Bigelow check given by the city editor of the Dispach to one of his reporters.

Will Meet Near the Rocks.

The contest on next Monday night between Kid Tyler of this city and Dave Battlestone of Buffalo will take place near McKees Rocks. The boys are to weigh in at 115 pounds at 2 o'clock and that will be a coking go is not disputed. Both boys want a chance at Hughey McGovern, and the winner is the one that will be given the opportunity. In addition to the main bout there will be several four rounders that will open the shown and the semi-windup will be between Tough Brogan of the West End and Kid Brown, the 105-pound amateur champion of the United Workmen. Several good stags will also be on the program.

LINEMAN FELL TO DEATH.

Drop of 27 Feet Broke a Workman's Neck—Other Coronial Cases Yesterday.

Joseph Drake, 24 years old, had his neck broken by falling 27 feet from a telegraph pole at Frankstown and Lincoln avenues, East Liberty, yesterday afternoon. He died shortly after being admitted to the East End hospital. Drake's home was in Dineemont, Ala., from which place he came to Pittsburgh and secured employment with the Western Union Telegraph Company as a lineman during the strike last May. His body was taken to the morgue.

Mrs. Mary Lenher, 82 years old, wife of Max Lenher of Greeley street, South Side, died early yesterday morning while preparing her husband's breakfast at their home. Some time ago Mrs. Lenher was injured by falling down stairs and it is thought her sudden death resulted from internal injuries caused by the fall.

John Backo, 19 years old, a brakeman at the Homestead steel works, was killed early yesterday morning by being run down by dinky cars in the steel works yard. His home was at No. 448 Cherry alley, Homestead.

Jacob Guesett, 50 years old, was killed by a fall of slate in the coal mine of the Pittsburgh Coal Company at Holland station, on the Pittsburgh, Cincinnati, Chicago & St. Louis railroad, yesterday morning.

DR. ANDERSON DYING.

Washington County Assemblyman Gradually Sinking.

WASHINGTON, PA., Feb. 10.—(Special.)—The Hon. D. M. Anderson, Washington county assemblyman, who has been ill at Venetia with an attack of pneumonia, is much worse tonight. Mrs. Anderson gave out the following statement tonight:

"Dr. Anderson is gradually sinking. He is unconscious and we have but little hope. Two Pittsburgh physicians were in attendance upon him all day, but he failed to revive and his death is expected at any time."

SON'S CONFESSION MAY CAUSE MOTHER'S DEATH

Mrs. James Ferguson, mother of Alexander (Sandy) Ferguson, who confessed to the murder of Chief of Police James McKeag of Wilkinsburg, last March, 1901, and who is now in jail to answer for the crime, is reported to be at the point of death at her home, No. 1210 Glenn avenue, Wilkinsburg. When the news of her son's confession reached her Mrs. Ferguson collapsed, and has continued to grow worse ever since. Some of her friends have despaired of her recovery. The young man's father is also heart broken. Ferguson's parents are among the oldest residents of Wilkinsburg.

RUSSIAN OFFICERS PREPARING FOR WAR

ST. PETERSBURG, Feb. 10.—All the officers of the Russian army reserves have been notified to hold themselves in readiness to rejoin their regiments in 24 hours, in the event of mobilization orders being issued. The message, it is added, appears to be connected with fears of trouble in the Balkans.

Tour of Cuba.

The Illinois Central railroad has arranged to run an excursion to Cuba via its own lines to New Orleans thence via the New Orleans-Havana steamship line to Havana. Will leave Cincinnati and Chicago Friday, February 13, 1903, and on return will reach Cincinnati and Chicago on February 24, 1903. A delightful voyage across the Gulf of Mexico, a six days' stay on the island of Cuba, Matanzas, the valley of Yumuri, the caves of Bella Mar and other interesting points. Party to reach New Orleans on return in time for Mardi Gras festivities. Tour under the escort of the American Tourist association. Rate from Cincinnati and Chicago $100.00 for the round trip, which includes all expenses everywhere. Address W. A. Blythter traveling passenger agent Illinois Central railroad, 312 Park building, Pittsburg, Pa.

KEYSTONE PLAYED LIKE SCHOOL BOYS

Was Outclassed by the Banker Team and Given Worst Defeat of the Season.

There was about as much excitement aroused in last night's hockey contest between the Banker and Keystone teams as would be found at a croquet game between two old men. It was the dullest and most listless contest of the season, and was won by the Banker seven to 0.

It seems a pity that such a good leader as Riley Hern should be mixed up with such an inferior lot of players as the Keystone talent has shown to be. Outside of Hern there is absolutely nothing to the team, and the members of it should be compelled to produce certificates of their ability to even stand up on skates. They were unable to do even that much last night and the efforts of the players to keep heads up afforded the only amusement of the contest.

Last night's display by Keystone was really the worst of the season and about the only player on the team is Hern, who knows what to do. Wes Fenwick, who had been borrowed from E. A. C. Manager Thompson's players had absolutely nothing to show, either in speed, team work or anything else, and after watching the awful display put up by the forward line as well as the back field, the crowd called for Hern to take a chance and carry the puck down the ice.

The Banker seven skated rings all around the Keystone players, in fact, made them look like a lot of novices. The money men were out with a fine display of speed and team work and their victory was a foregone conclusion after the first two minutes of play. The game was an exceptionally clean one, there being an absence of rough work, and this caused the spectators to lose interest. There was no good excuse for the miserable exhibition put up by Keystone and a few doses of ginger would do a lot of good in that seven.

In the first half the Bankers shot five goals, three of which were made by Lufkin, who shot them in backwards and any old way. One by Phymister was a chop-in during a scrimmage and the Bankers' clever point was surprised to find the puck behind the goal tender. The second half was even more one-sided than the first, the money men getting eight scores, of which Roberts shot three and Campbell two. About the only man on the Banker seven not credited with a score was goal keeper Richardson, and he might just as well have taken a chance for all he was called on to do in the net. The score and line-up:

Bankers—13.	Keystone—0.
Richardson	Goal
Phymister	Point
Stuart	Cover point
Campbell	Center
Roberts	Forward
Lufkin	Right wing
Mayhall	Left wing

Goals—Lufkin 4, Roberts 3, Campbell 2, Stuart 2, Howard, Phymister. Referee—Bert Russell. Umpire—Bob Hamilton.

SILVER LAKE'S VICTORY.

Defeated Irving Seven in Close Game of Hockey.

At Duquesne garden last night the Silver Lakes defeated the Irvings 2 to 1. The winning goal was shot just 10 seconds before time was up. The teams were evenly matched and played a very fast game. Beegle was thrown heavily on his shoulder and had to retire. Myers played the best game for Irving and Stevens for Silver Lake. Lineup:

Irving—1.	Silver Lake—2.
Chandler	Goal
Stewart	Point
Beegle	Cover point
Beegle-Schmidt	Forward
Robinson	Center
Myers	Right Wing
Shuller	Left Wing

Goals—Myers, Wilson, Stevens. Referee—Brown.

DUQUESNE AMATEUR HOCKEY LEAGUE.

	Won.	Lost.	Pct.
Crescent A. C.	1	0	1000
Silver Lake	1	0	1000
Irving A. C.	0	1	.000
Library A. C.	0	1	.000

ANOTHER FOR SOUTH SIDE.

Lyceum Team Defeated by an Overwhelming Score.

Last night at Odd Fellows hall Dargan's peas and the South Side team met in a championship contest, and, as usual, the champions won. The game was fast in spots, but at all times the Side had the Lyceum boys completely at their mercy. Wiesner, Darragh and Reis showed any disposition to become a bit aggressive South Side would get together, and in a few seconds would have the ball whirling down their end. Once they dropped it but it was worked near the goal and shot through.

Leithead contributed a couple of pretty long distance shots and Windekneght made a beauty from the rover, while Schaus trailing at his heels. Score and lineup:

South Side—30.	Lyceum—0.
Leibau	Forward
Leithead	Forward
Schmitt	Center
Williams	Guard
Windekneght	Guard

Field goals—Leibau 5, Leithead 5, Schmitt 2, Windekneght 6, Williams, Thompson 2. Foul goals—Leibau 5. Substitutions—Davis for Williams; Schaus for Thompson; Land for Geisler. Peals called—South Side 8, on Lyceum 11. Referee—Little.

D. C. & A. C. DEFEATED.

East Liverpool Too Fast for Red and Black Team.

EAST LIVERPOOL, O., Feb. 10.—(Special.)—The East Liverpool Y. M. C. A. basketball team tonight defeated the D. C. & A. C. team by the score of 34 to 23. The playing was spirited on both sides and the ball was passed. The first half resulted in East Liverpool's favor, the score standing 13 to 10. The lineup:

D. C. & A. C.—23	Y. M. C. A.—34
L. Selbel	R. F.
Roberts	L. F.
Hyde	Center
J. Selbel	R. G.
Orr	L. G.

Field goals—L. Selbel 3, Roberts, Hyde 4, Orr, J. Selbel, Allison 5, Powell 2, Watkins 2, Chadwick 3. Foul goals—L. Selbel 3, Chadwick 3, Watkins 1. Referees—Zang, Groglode. Timekeepers—Wagner, Groglode.

COLORED MEN SPEAK OUT.

John C. Haymaker's Candidacy Is Strongly Indorsed in Eighth Ward.

Resolutions indorsing the candidacy of John C. Haymaker for the recordership of Pittsburgh, were adopted at a meeting of colored voters last evening at the headquarters of the Eighth Ward Colored Republican club, 1307 Hazel street. The resolutions recite that Pittsburgh needs a man morally and intellectually fit to conduct the city's affairs; that the statement that Haymaker declared all negroes thieves and robbers is a lie, and that February 17 will see the colored voters casting their ballots for Haymaker. The following signed the resolutions:

J. Shinehouse, William English, T. Green, J. W. Jackson, Thomas Bagely, A. J. Bailey, Max Cleaver, William Bonely, M. Jackson, James Hill, J. Gray, D. McChancelin, W. Reynolds, B. Russell, Clay Pope, W. H. Hodges, Rev. Thos. C. Williams, B. M. Whitson, Andrew Terry, Jr., J. W. Jeffries, C. Singerly, F. Bynson, H. L. Lynch, Thompson Randolph, D. Smith, S. Hayden, J. Jones, J. Bennett, J. Smith, J. Henderson, John Johnson, Frank Taggett, P. Wills, J. Lee, J. Wallace, J. Spencer, T. Moseby, T. Grant, J. Johnson, F. Fairfax, B. Hand, J. Johnson, K. Broomsmithe, T. Franklin, Greene Smith, P. Williams, J. Matyels, B. Travis, B. Hill, T. Bell, J. J. Jones, W. H. Logan, G. Blanche.

James Shinehouse was chairman of the meeting and Max Cleaer was secretary.

HELD UP TWO WOMEN, BUT GOT BEATEN UP

Mrs. Jacob Coulson and Mrs. William Carmen of McKeesport believe in woman's rights, and upheld the principle in a practical way. They have evidence to show in the shape of a badly battered colored man, Bob Palmer of McKeesport, who is in jail. The women claim they were passing Fifth avenue, McKeesport, when Taylor jumped out from a dark place and attempted to hold them up. Instead of throwing up their hands they shot out their fists and fast and gave Taylor a severe beating. After tiring themselves in pummeling the man, a policeman was called by the two women. The officer arrested Palmer, and Alderman L. L. Coulson held him on a charge of assault.

Laxative Bromo Quinine
Cures a Cold in One Day, Grip in 2 Days. E. W. Grove on every box. 25c

News of Nearby Towns and Country

KILLEN'S CONFESSION ADMITTED AS EVIDENCE

Commonwealth Scores a Point in Murder Trial at Greensburg.

[SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE GAZETTE.]
GREENSBURG, PA., Feb. 10.—By the admission as evidence tonight of the alleged confession of George R. Killen, in which he placed upon himself the responsibility for the killing of "Lou" Ernette near the plant of the Capelle fan works, North Jeannette on November 27, the commonwealth scored a point.

The dead man's sister Annie, with tears streaming down her cheeks, told of her finding the remains in a hollow near the Capelle plant while on her way to the works with her brother's dinner.

David Tharp and John Lang, employes at the Capelle works, corroborated each other in saying that Killen arrived at the plant on the morning of the murder after 7 o'clock, and that he had used a route never before frequented by the members of the Killen and Roche families, who lived within a stone's throw of each other.

When W. T. Dom, a stenographer, was called and District Attorney Cunningham began questioning him as to the confession Killen had dictated, the defense made a determined resistance to its admission. It was claimed that the confession had been secured after promises had been made that he would be lightly dealt with if he told the part he played in the tragedy. It was further maintained that the prisoner had been threatened. District Attorney Cunningham insisted that the confession would be used against him at his trial. Judge Lucien W. Doty ruled that the confession was admissible when the hearing of evidence was resumed tonight.

Dom read the confession of Killen, which recited how he had fired the fatal shots. It told of the accused meeting Ernette on the way to work and of accusing him of having insulted his wife. Ernette is quoted as saying that he "would fix Killen's clock" if it did not stop. Of the firing of the shots, the confession says:

"He threw his arms about my waist and I got my gun out of my pocket, and as I had my arms about his body I pulled the trigger and shot him in the back. He cried out and jumped back from me. I fired several more shots at him, but can't remember how many."

During the reading of the confession Killen sat unmoved. His wife sat by his side, showing the same disregard for the proceedings that has marked her conduct since her arrest on the charge of being an accomplice.

Ralph D. Hurst, assistant district attorney, testified to the finding of the revolver with which the fatal shots were fired under a log near the Capelle fan works. Killen, he said, had directed where it could be found, and the witness said that Killen had identified the weapon as the one used by him when he was shown it in the local jail.

The defense to be set up is that Killen fired his revolver to save himself from injury.

Arrested on Murder Charge.

GREENSBURG, PA., Feb. 10.—(Special.)—After being a fugitive almost six months, Agnaz Humenwik, who is charged with the murder of Steve Kavrafa of Hermitie, was captured yesterday at Hazleton. He was brought to Greensburg tonight by Constable George M. Huff and arraigned for murder. On August 16 Humenwik shot Karafa, it is alleged, because he circulated the story that Humenwik was married and had a wife in the old country. Humenwik was to have been married to one of the belles of the foreign settlement of Hermitie.

The Civic League says: "The indorsement of Mr. Hays by the Democratic organization was secured through an alliance with a number of the old party workers of that body and by the use of means extremely discreditable to those who used them."

Republican League Delegates.

WARREN, O., Feb. 10.—(Special.)—President Thomas H. Gilmer of the Garfield club today reported the appointment of the following delegates to the Ohio Republican league meeting in Columbus February 12: M. A. Norris, Youngstown; W. S. McKinnon, Ashtabula; A. G. Reynolds, Painesville; E. J. Crofts, Hantua; Dr. L. S. Albright, Akron; H. E. King, Newton Falls, and W. W. Rees, Girard.

Candidates should not be considered upon their pledges, but upon their records. Judged in that way Mr. Hays, as a candidate for recorder upon a platform of reform, becomes utterly ineligible for consideration by the voters who supported the late Citizens party on principle.—Dispatch, January 2.

Two Boys Killed By Train.

MOUNDSVILLE, W. VA., Feb. 10.—(Special.)—Otto Rinehart and Edward White were playing about cars on the Fostoria Glass Company's switch this afternoon and failed to notice an approaching train. Both boys were horribly crushed, dying instantly.

The Citizens party is made up of thoroughgoing independents, whose sole aim in politics is to obtain the best possible government for our city. In the forced nomination of William B. Hays and the consequent prevention of fusion with the Democrats, the wishes of this element are visibly overruled and its interests are set at naught.—Leader, December 27.

STATE AND NEIGHBORHOOD.

BRYAN, O.—The town has complied with nearly all the requirements for a $10,000 Carnegie library.

LATROBE, PA.—Joseph Barale, an engineer of the Loyalhanna Coal & Coke Company, was injured in the injured with a few of the engine, inflicting injuries which may result fatally.

SHARON, PA.—Because of a break in the natural gas line of the Oil City Fuel Supply Company, near Franklin, all business houses here and at South Sharon are in darkness tonight, except those where oil lamps or candles are being used.

YOUNGSTOWN, O.—The Rev. Albert Gordon, pastor of the Second United Presbyterian church, has resigned to accept the pastorate of the First United Presbyterian church of Sandusky. Action of the presbytery will be held February 24 to act on the resignation.

The Civic League says of Hays: "His political training and methods, and personal traits, do not inspire confidence in his ability, if elected, to administer the office for the public good."

PERSONALS

The Men's club of Christ Methodist Episcopal church, Center and Liberty avenues, has arranged to have the Rev. Dr. W. J. Holland deliver his lecture on "Japan and the Japanese" at their meeting tomorrow night. In addition to the lecture, the cards of invitation say there will be "good fellowship, music and refreshments."

Neighbors Visiting Pittsburgh.

The following visitors from nearby towns were registered at Pittsburgh hotels last night: Henry—R. S. Henderson, Sharon; H. B. Walker, Lancaster; C. E. Beaver, Waynesburg; W. B. Johnson, Wheeling; W. S. Morris, Parkersburg; W. E. Arnett, Fairmont; J. S. Armstrong, Uniontown; Charles E. Artz, Thurseville.

Newell's—W. S. Goe, Clarksburg; W. Wright, Mannington; J. W. Milliken, Bristoria; J. C. McMahon, Sistersville; John D. Farr, Uniontown; H. H. Maust, Elk Lick.

Duquesne—W. H. Ulain, Waynesburg; C. L. Egbert, Bradford; G. H. Stansbury, Franklin; F. E. Brady, Slubenville; G. A. Ferguson, Fairmont.

Seventh Avenue—Thomas O. Haines, Jr., Steubenville; O. H. Strang, Oil City; R. O. Kent, E. L. Denney, Waynesburg; W. Henderson, Uniontown; J. M. Henry, Martins Ferry; E. W. Webster, Mercer.

Lincoln—John H. Sloane, East Liverpool; E. N. Beech, New Brighton; Thomas H. Hodges, New Castle.

Monongahela—J. M. Beach, Monongahela; J. M. Thomas, Washington; W. R. Jones, Punxsutawney; H. A. Mercer, Connellsville; Charles Murphy, New Martinsville.

Griswold—G. H. Murray, Cumberland; William T. Grissomb, Marietta; Henry Auld, Mercersburg; Alexander Rosser, Butler.

Victoria—S. S. Meek, Coshocton; J. F. Fisher, Wheeling; W. M. Starr, Butler; J. A. Mackin, Ellwood City; James Marsey, Wheeling.

Anderson—Joseph P. Geer, East Liverpool; John H. Pierson, Washington; R. L. James, New Concord.

Under stress of popular protest Moore's name was withdrawn and that of W. B. Hays, a veteran politician, with hardly any other visible claim to the nomination than Moore was able to submit, was substituted. —Leader, December 28.

Mrs. Marshall Brown Entertained.

Mrs. Marshall Brown entertained last evening in honor of three young ladies who are visiting her—Miss Shields and Miss Craig of Philadelphia, and Miss Wick of New Bethlehem. A Valentine euchre and dance was given and the house was elaborately decorated with roses and palms. Mrs. Brown and the three guests of honor received, assisted by a sister of the hostess, Mrs. Foster, and by Mrs. Moyer and Mrs. P. Gray. The valentine idea was carried out in the favors and refreshments, and hearts appeared in many unique forms.

Among several entertainments which will be given for the visitors will be a large theater party at the Grand tomorrow.

If the nomination of Hays is a cap-sheaf of political stupidity and incompetence.—Post, December 29.

Church Dedication Exercises.

The dedicatory services of the Second United Presbyterian church, of North Negley and Stanton avenues, will be held next Sunday. The Rev. Dr. Thomas M. Hamot of Monmouth, Ill., a former pastor of the church, will preach at 10:45 a. m. In the evening at 7:45 the Rev. J. K. McClurken, D. D., of the Shadyside church, will speak. T. J. Gillespie of the Shadyside congregation, will address the Sunday school at 9:45 a. m.

He (Hays) has had no real experience in applying the principles of good government; on the contrary, he is standing today and has achieved his nomination by an apparent willingness to abjure the principles on which the Citizens movement was organized in Pittsburgh.—Post, December 31.

Laxative Bromo Quinine
Cures a Cold in One Day, Grip in 2 Days. E. W. Grove on every box. 25c

NEW BREWING CONCERN TO INVEST $300,000

Highland Co. Plant in Brushton Will Have 160,000-Barrel Capacity.

The directors of the new Highland Brewing Company, which is erecting a modern plant in Brushton,

TWENTY-THIRD WARD BY 400

That Is the Figure Haymaker's Friends Are Claiming.

CANDIDATE GOES THERE

Visits the Shops of the B. & O. Constable Williamson Will Have to Make Good on His Bluff About Speakeasies.

Political conditions in the Twenty-third Ward have changed mightily since the spring election. At that time the Citizens movement carried the ward, many leading Republicans having helped in the fight for the Citizens party county ticket. But Thomas S. Bigelow's dictatorship of the recorder ship nomination has disgusted many of the Citizens party workers and they have swung back into the Republican ranks in the interest of John C. Haymaker. The Haymaker leaders of the ward, who have made a careful canvass of every district, assert their belief that Mr. Haymaker will carry the ward by not less than 400 majority.

Mr. Haymaker visited the ward yesterday and met a large number of voters, the majority of whom declared themselves for him to a finish. Mr. Haymaker was accompanied a portion of the day by Senator W. A. Magee, Jr., D. A. Wilbert and C. C. Kohne. The morning was spent in a tour of the coke ovens of Jones & Laughlins and mills in the vicinity of Brady street and Second avenue. The sentiment there is favorable to Mr. Haymaker.

Now and then Mr. Haymaker would meet men who were pronounced Hays supporters. In this connection a very amusing incident occurred during the day. Among the workmen introduced to Mr. Haymaker was one who declared at once that he would not vote for the Republican candidate. From one of his associates it was learned that the man had been prosecuted by Mr. Haymaker for running a speakeasy and had been sent to the workhouse.

Constable Must Make Good.

Shortly afterward Mr. Haymaker met James Williamson, the ward constable, who was elected last spring on the Citizens ticket. He said he was against Mr. Haymaker because he failed to close up the speakeasies. Mr. Haymaker told him that he was ready to prosecute speakeasy proprietors at any time, but that it was the duty of the ward constables to make return of such places. He took note of the matter and will look over Williamson's papers when he makes his return to court the first Monday in March.

In speaking of the incident afterwards, Mr. Haymaker said: "A candidate for office finds himself in very funny predicaments sometimes. One of those men is against me because I sent him to the workhouse for running a speakeasy. The other is against me because I have not sent more of them to the workhouse. If Williamson knows of the existence of speakeasies in his ward, it is his duty, as constable, to notify me. I will see whether he does it when he makes his next return."

The party dined in Glenwood and then visited the shops of the Baltimore & Ohio road. James O'Malley, a machinist in the shops; Charles Selvers, a Baltimore & Ohio conductor, and J. W. Pickett joined the party in Glenwood and accompanied Mr. Haymaker through the shops and yards. Every courtesy was shown Mr. Haymaker by the officials in charge of the different departments, and the candidate was introduced to and shook hands with nearly 1,000 men throughout the yards. The men seemed to be very much pleased at the opportunity to meet the candidate and many of them took occasion to tell him that they would do all they could to assist in his election and that they believed he would win out.

Will Give Him a Lift.

In the machine shop one man was asked, "Did you meet Mr. Haymaker?" He replied: "No, I did not; but he's all right. I'll give him a lift on election day."

One of the foundrymen said: "I don't see any Hays buttons in this campaign. I guess Hays is ashamed to show his face to the people."

In the big machine shops Mr. Haymaker met many skilled mechanics and received much encouragement from them. There was a big demand for Haymaker buttons and fully 1,000 of them were distributed among the men.

On leaving the Baltimore & Ohio shops the party boarded a street car and proceeded to the shops at Browns station, where river steamers are built. About 60 men were seen there, and one of the foremen told Mr. Haymaker that he is confident Mr. Haymaker will get the support of nearly 50 of them. It was after 5 o'clock when the party finished the tour of Browns works, and Mr. Haymaker then boarded a Monongahela line car for his home in the East End. He expressed himself as well pleased with the results of the day's canvass. Today he will visit other industrial plants along Second avenue beyond Brady street.

Phenomenal Champagne Record.

The importations of G. H. Mumm & Co.'s Extra Dry into this country during 1902 were over one and one-half millions of bottles, the next on the list being 407,504 bottles behind.

The Civic League says of Hays: "His political training and methods, and personal traits, do not inspire confidence in his ability, if elected, to administer the office for the public good."

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher

E. M. BIGELOW WOULD BUILD SEVEN MILES OF BRIDLE PATHS FOR HIS USE

Seven miles of bridle paths for the special delectation of Edward M. Bigelow is one of the benefits to be conferred upon Pittsburgh in the improbable event of William B. Hays being elected. E. M. Bigelow is the authority for this statement.

Last Wednesday evening E. M. Bigelow was on the Pennsylvania limited coming west. He walked into the dining car and, seeing an acquaintance, sat down and said, loud enough for everyone in the car to hear him:

"I'm an awful busy man these days. I left Pittsburgh last night and here I am on my way back this evening. When Hays is elected and I am back in my old job (director of the department of public works) I'll get a little recreation. The first thing I intend to do is to build seven miles of bridle paths through the parks. I like to ride myself, and I want some new roads to ride on."

NEGRO, JEWELRY AND MONEY ARE MISSING

Over $1,000 Worth of Valuables Stolen from Attorney Lewis' Residence.

The confidence and trust that Attorney George C. Lewis of No. 3504 Fifth avenue had in his colored porter, James Wilson, were shattered yesterday afternoon, when the servant mysteriously disappeared and $1,000 worth of Mrs. Lewis' jewelry and $45 in cash were afterward missing. The matter was reported to the detective bureau, but no trace of Wilson could be found up until a late hour last night.

Wilson was a model servant. Mrs. Lewis brought him from Atlantic City last summer. He was hanging curtains yesterday afternoon in Mrs. Lewis' room. At 4 o'clock Mrs. Lewis noticed Wilson had partly completed his work, but could not be found in the house. Investigation showed that her jewels and pocketbook were missing. Mrs. Lewis telephoned to her husband in the Frick building and told him her troubles. He reported the case to the police.

Wilson is described as a light-colored negro about 26 years old. The jewelry consists of diamond rings and a diamond brooch. Wilson was seen at 3:30 o'clock in his working clothes. He changed clothing before he left.

The Citizens committee, with foolish precipitation, thrusts to the front as a substitute for the headquarters worker previously named and rejected by public opinion, another headquarters worker whom public opinion is just as prompt to reject.—Leader, December 24.

Boys Burned by Gas Explosion.

Joseph Sinina, aged 10 years, of No. 8 Benton street, and Edward Casey, aged 10, of No. 69 Cass avenue, Allegheny, are at their homes suffering from the effects of burns received by the explosion of escaping gas from a pipe in Verner avenue. The boys were returning from school when they discovered the break in the pipe. They lit a match and an explosion followed. Both boys were severely burned about the face and hands. Their injuries were dressed by Dr. M. J. Gelb.

The Civic League says: "The indorsement of Mr. Hays by the Democratic organization was secured through an alliance with a number of the old party workers of that body and by the use of means extremely discreditable to those who used them."

UNION MEN ARE FOR HAYMAKER

Many Prominent Labor Leaders Issue a Statement in His Interest.

ALSO FAVOR WOODBURN

They Correct a Wrong Impression That Has Been Given Out by Some Workmen Affiliated With Bigelow Machine.

Many well-known members of labor organizations have issued a statement in reply to the address put out by the "Union Workingmen's Association of Allegheny county." This body, composed of Bigelow adherents, has endeavored to give the impression that union workingmen generally are supporting Hays. To correct this, the following statement is made:

We are opposed to such unfair and deceptive methods, and we desire to state that we, as individuals, favor the election of the candidates of the regular Republican party and will give our individual and united support to John C. Haymaker and Dr. S. S. Woodburn and will use all honorable means within our power to secure their election, believing that the interests of organized labor and the general welfare in both cities will be better served by their election than by the election of William B. Hays and James G. Wyman. In support of our position we beg to submit the following reasons:

The Union Workingmen's association of Allegheny county is not a bona fide labor organization; it is a political club.

It is not an independent association; it was organized for the sole purpose of attempting to swing the trade union vote of the two cities to the support of the candidates of the Citizens party.

It is not composed of "a large number of the foremost trade unionists of the two cities," as it assumes to be, its promoters, organizers and leaders being: William Beate, the deposed president of the United Labor league; David Tobin, ex-business agent of the Structural Iron Worker's union; J. F. Schultz, ex-business agent of the Slate and Tile Roofers; J. M. Ryan, ex-secretary of the Building Trades' council; Stephen Madden, ex-secretary of the Amalgamated Association of Iron and Steel Workers; John Fernau, the recently defeated candidate for the presidency of the United Labor league; W. B. Wilson, business agent of the Marble Cutters' union, all of whom are, and have been, active partisans of "Boss" Bigelow and many of whom were responsible for the organization during the last campaign of such so-called organizations as the Amalgamated ... or league" and the "South Side Labor League of Western Pennsylvania," organized for the same purpose for which the Union Workingmen's association is intended.

Real League Opposed to Hays.

The United Labor league of Western Pennsylvania, the largest central body of organized labor in the western part of the state, has twice passed resolutions condemning the Citizens party, and these resolutions have never been rescinded. The United Labor league at its last meeting, February 8, refused to indorse the candidacy of William B. Hays for recorder of Pittsburgh.

The Citizens party has violated every promise and pledge made to organized labor in its platform and by its candidates and leaders in the last municipal campaign, and has refused recognition to the duly accredited representatives of organized labor. Its platform in the present campaign, and the platform and letter of acceptance of its candidate for recorder of Pittsburgh contained no mention of organized labor, but the party is seeking to gain the support of the trade union vote by underhand misrepresentation, thereby showing it to be unworthy of the support of honest workingmen.

The platform of the Republican party in Pittsburgh declares for union wages and union hours for city employes, and Mr. Haymaker is pledged to carry out that principle if elected. James G. Wyman has been the chief executive of Allegheny since March, 1901, and never recognized labor in any manner whatever.

The Citizens party has opposed and defeated legislation in councils which was designed to increase the wage of workmen employed by the city. Its whole aim appears to be to secure a reduction of the tax levy and it seeks to do this at the expense of the wage earners employed by the city. As an evidence of this fact, we wish to cite the report of the salary revision committee, made to common council February 9, 1903, which shows that there will be a large number of wage earners, who will be thrown out of employment entirely and many others will have their wages materially reduced.

Increase Their Own Salaries.

The increases made will be in the case of a few high salaried officials in the controller's office, which is under the absolute control of the Citizens party. The only man displaced is a clerk receiving $1,200 per annum. The salary of the assistant controller is increased from $2,000 to $2,500, and that of the messenger from $480 to $840, while this shows a net reduction in the expenses of the office of $500, it is all at the expense of the wage earner, and in addition, it shows $500 transferred from the lower paid wage earner to the high salaried official. This example is given to show the unfair method adopted by a party which poses as a friend of the wage earner, and which is soliciting their support.

William B. Hays was placed in nomination by the Citizens party at the dictation of a "political boss," and his indorsement by the Democratic convention was secured by unfair, discreditable and questionable means.

James G. Wyman was placed in nomination by the Citizens party through chicanery and his own personal manipulation, against the protests of the better element in that party, and his indorsement by the Democratic party was secured by the same methods and a ridiculous system of caucus primaries.

These candidates both stand for the un-American principle of bossism and one man power.

John C. Haymaker was placed in nomination by the regular Republican convention, which was composed of delegates who were selected in open primaries without the use of corrupt methods or at the dictation of a "political boss." His candidacy has been indorsed by the better element in the Citizens and Democratic parties, who refuse to follow the dictation of a "boss" and have repudiated the action of the so-called Democratic convention.

How Woodburn Was Named.

Dr. Woodburn was placed in nomination by the better element of the Citizens and Democratic parties in Allegheny, known as "The Independent party," and his candidacy was indorsed by the regular Republican party convention, which was composed of delegates regularly elected in open primaries. Those candidates stand for the American principle of honest and fair political methods.

The Civic League, a large non-partisan body with no purpose, save to give to citizens accurate and impartial information, says of Mr. Haymaker: "He has performed his whole duty, unaffected by politics or politicians. Mr. Haymaker is generally regarded in his profession as a conscientious, able and upright lawyer and man. His reputation in private life is excellent." It says of Mr. Hays: "His personal associations and habits have not been of a high character. His political training and methods and personal traits do not inspire confidence in his ability, if elected, to administer the office for the public good."

It says of the Citizens party: "The party is gathered about it a horde of the professional politicians of both the old parties, many being retained upon salaries, and large numbers being paid for their political work."

It says of the Democratic convention: "The indorsement of Mr. Hays by the Democratic organization was secured through an alliance with a number of the old party workers of that body, and by the use of means extremely discreditable to those who used them."

Dr. S. S. Woodburn is an honored member of a honorable profession; his private character is above reproach. He is conceded to be a man of ability and his record in public life has been characterized by honesty, sobriety, integrity and uprightness of purpose. James G. Wyman has been weighed in the balances and found wanting."

Signers of the Statement.

The statement is signed by the following men:

W. J. Burge, Division 217 Order of Railway Conductors; Joseph Kaufman, Structural Iron Workers and Switchmens union; George Miller, president of the Journeymen Stone Cutters; P. R. Burton, Brotherhood of Railway Trainmen, Lodge 179; James S. Churchill, Brotherhood of Railway Trainmen, Lodge 179; Frank E. Smith, business agent of the Brotherhood of Painters; E. P. Allman, business agent of the Electrical Workers union; P. F. Mulvihill, business agent of the Slate and Tile Roofers; George J. Churchill, Order of Railway Conductors and the Street Railroads Employes association; James J. McKee, Plumbers and Steam Fitters; Joseph Henry, Bricklayers union No. 2; George Ambos, Window Glass Workers; Daniel Winters, Jr., Window Glass Workers; W. H. Baird, Division 217 Order of Railway Conductors; W. T. Hamilton, Brotherhood of Railway Trainmen, Lodge 105; M. R. Cauley, Brotherhood of Railway Trainmen; George B. Miller, Order of Railway Conductors, Division 641; Charles Joseph, president of the Bill Posters union; O. A. Ainsworth, Sales People Assembly 4007; M. R. McQuaid, Street Railway Employes; F. C. Conway, Brotherhood of Railway Trainmen, Lodge 244; Ed F. Welsh, secretary Building Trades Council; E. L. Eckler, president of the United Labor League; Harry Rankin, Brotherhood of Railway Trainmen; M. O'Sullivan, business agent of the Sheet Metal Workers.

The nearest thing to a certain Cough Cure, is Dr. D. Jayne's Expectorant; and it is deceptively cheap; it takes so little of it to do the work.

YOU SAVE 15 CTS. ON EVERY YARD.

That's Reason Enough for Buying Carpets Now.

Campbell doesn't believe in letting good things get away.

In Campbell's carpet making department, there are half a dozen experts whose work is so good that he gives them all-the-year-round employment rather than take the chance of some one engaging them when they are laid off. In January and February he has the choice of either paying them for doing nothing or giving the customers the benefit of their work.

He prefers the latter.

So folks who buy carpets this month will be asked to pay nothing for the making. More than this, the made-up carpets will be laid free of charge, either right away or at house cleaning time, if preferred.

The Witch Talks to the Society Woman

"It is plain to be seen that your destiny has cast your lot in pleasant places, but that the shadow of sorrow may yet change the complexion of your life. Think more of home life and less of the glitter of social achievements and you will be far happier.

"I see that your complexion shows the result of epicurean living and late retiring.

"You should use

Munyon's Witch Hazel Soap

which will preserve your complexion, keeping the skin soft as velvet and stimulating the pores to the activity necessary to carry off their secretions.

"Take Munyon's Liver Cure in conjunction with the use of the soap, strengthening your system internally as well as stimulating it externally, and you will thank me for my advice."

Munyon's Witch Hazel Soap sold everywhere, 15 cents per cake.

Tourist Cars to California

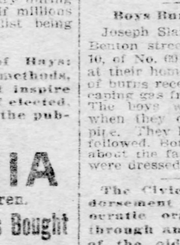
Which do you prefer—to go to California in 3 days via the El Paso-Rock Island route, or to take 4 days and see the glorious mountain scenery of Colorado and Utah? It is for you to decide.

Rock Island tourist sleepers are operated over both routes—daily from Chicago to Los Angeles and San Francisco, via El Paso; Tuesdays and Thursdays to San Francisco and Los Angeles, via Colorado Springs.

Cars are the best of their kind—as clean as newly minted dollars; good ventilation; same bedding as standard sleepers.
Folder mailed on request.

Rock Island System

Phil. A. Auer, D.P.A., 415 Park Bldg., Pittsburg, Pa.



HAMLIN'S WIZARD OIL

FOR RHEUMATISM, LAME BACK, NEURALGIA, HEADACHE, EARACHE, CUTS, WOUNDS, SPRAINS, BRUISES, BURNS, SCALDS, SORE THROAT, DIPHTHERIA, SORES, ULCERS AND ALL PAIN, SORENESS, LAMENESS, SWELLING AND INFLAMMATION 50¢ ALL DRUGGISTS

Sale Ten Million Boxes a Year.

THE FAMILY'S FAVORITE MEDICINE

Cascarets

CANDY CATHARTIC

10c, 25c, 50c. THEY WORK WHILE YOU SLEEP All Druggists

BEST FOR THE BOWELS

WE have a massed vast quantities of merchandise from the "four corners" of the world—rail and tide, wind and steam have hurried the products of the manufacturing centers of the globe to "The Big Store." We have kept our hand on the pulse of the markets and wherever a manufacturer was flying a signal of financial distress, we came to his aid, thus we made purchases practically everywhere.

KAUFMANN'S

"THE BIG STORE"

PURCHASES aggregating $300,000 worth of merchandise at 20, 30 and even 50 per cent less than the regular cost brought about this great Mill and Factory Sale. To the people of Pittsburgh and the surrounding country, this sale means in plain matter-of-fact language: relief for the manufacturers and wonderful money-saving opportunities for the public.

Ribbed underwear

YOU save what the manufacturer loses on these goods.

Women's vests or pants—heavy fleece lined—all sizes, including the extra large—the 50c kind today for only 25c

Women's "Harvard" make fleece lined vests and pants—also fast black wool mixed ribbed vests, pants or tights—at the exceptionally low price. 50c

Women's ¾ wool ribbed union suits, in natural and white, sale price 1.00

Women's extra heavy wool mixed and all-wool ribbed vests or pants, in this sale at 59c

Children's heavy fleece lined ribbed vests or pants—also union suits—all sizes—sale price 25c

Children's ¾ wool natural or camel's hair underwear — heavy weight, at only 19c

Valentines

OF late years the question has often been propounded to us, "Isn't the custom of giving valentines on the wane?" To all such queries we answer with a most emphatic "NO." We almost doubled last year's orders, and, at the rate they are going, there will be few, if any, left after next Saturday, St. Valentine's Day.

Never were so many unique, artistic and cunning "cards of Cupid" gathered together. The printers and lithographers have simply outdone themselves.

And it's needless to say that the high profits exacted elsewhere are not tolerated here. Prices range from 1c to 7.50

The prettiest conceits will, of course, be the quickest to find purchasers. So, it is to your own interests that you make your selections early.

Sale of mourning millinery

FOR months we have been planning for this yearly event. Our purchases of black materials for mourning hats and bonnets enable us to save you fully 25 per cent. A big purchase of mourning goods from A. Stern & Co., 702 Broadway, N. Y., at 60c on the dollar will lend additional interest to this sale.

Mourning hats made of fine quality silk, shirred chiffon underbrim, becomingly trimmed with ribbons, black flowers and ornaments, stylish and genteel, special price for this sale, 4.50

Mourning hats that will more than hold their own with any offered elsewhere for $4.50, made of good quality silk, artistically trimmed with flowers or feather breasts, 2.49

Imported sprays of satin chrysanthemums, with jetted centers, $1.25 value for 75c

Black satin roses—jetted centers, rich black, 3 in a spray, worth 50c, at only 25c

Women's mourning hats—copies of high-class French models—made of best quality peau de soie silk and maline, trimmed with rich, soft ribbon, black flowers or imported wing and ornaments—from 10.00 to 7.50

Silk bonnets—all neat styles, very tastily draped with woven bordered nun's veiling, should be priced at $3.50, special today at 2.49

Black tucked chiffon hats—with stylish braid crown, in all the popular shapes, well worth $1.50, go today at 98c

Men's wear

SO great has been the demand at our 25c sale of neckwear that we feel we cannot do better than to repeat it for today.

We are offering beautiful scarfs in all the latest styles and shapes, made from the identical silks and satins that go into the making of 50c neckwear. Better not take any chances but come today. One tie won't satisfy you; you'll be tempted to buy several. Unrestricted choice today for 25c

A splendid bargain in men's underwear—fleece lined undershirts and drawers, nicely made, trimmed with silk, non-irritating, form-fitting, pearl buttons; although they are worth 75c, you'll have to pay only 48c

Jap. china novelties

At considerably below the regular prices.

Jelly dishes—footed, fancy decorated—also used for relishes and bon bons, choice 48c

Mayonnaise dishes with covers and plates, fancy decorated, choice 1.68

Cracked ice dishes, with plates, fancy shapes and decorations, choice 1.87

Decorated pin trays, each 15c.

Plates—cake or bread, fancy decorated Jap china, choice 87c

Bon bons—also hair receivers, richly decorated Jap. china, each, 25c

Fancy chocolate pots, 98c.

Cracker jars—fancy shapes, highly decorated, choice 1.48

Unprecedented price lowering of women's suits, coats, furs, waists and wrappers

Women's suits—one of the most attractive offers we've ever had the good fortune to make—a dozen or more styles of women's walking and dress suits—jackets in tight fitting, fly front and blouse front effects—various backs, some with peplums and postillions, lined with silk or satin, skirts come plain or trimmed, some tailor stitched, some kilted and some with flounces, both lined and unlined—in a splendid variety of fabrics and shades—suits that sold earlier in the season for $10.00 and even $15.00—all go in this sale at only 5.00

Women's coats—¾ and full length styles—made of kerseys and meltons, blacks and tans, some lined throughout with guaranteed satin—coats that were made to sell for $10.00, $12.00 and $15.00—all go now at 5.00

Women's jackets—in a variety of pleasing styles, including tight fitting and blouse fronts in various fabrics and all popular shades—jackets made to sell for $5.00 and $7.50, in this sale 3.00

Women's scarfs in brown marten, blended sable, mink and other furs, the $6.00 kind, now 3.50

Women's scarfs—sable fox, mink and marten, selected skins, large brush tails, the $8.00 and $10.00 kind, now 5.00

Women's scarfs—black and brown marten, sable and isabella fox, squirrel, Persian lamb, chinchilla and mink, the $15.00 to $25.00 kind, now 9.25

Women's scarfs—in blue lynx, mink, chinchilla, squirrel and Persian lamb, various styles, regular $25.00 and $30.00 scarfs for 15.00

Fur capes and victorines—Persian lamb, mink, blended sable, Alaska seal, silver fox, etc., were $187.50, $100.00, $75.00 and $45.00, go at 75.00, 50.00, 37.50 and 25.00

Flannel waists—women's heavy Botany Mills flannel waists, very stylish side button effect, full plaited front, tucked back, fancy stock, stylish sleeves, colors are red, rose, light blue, pink and white—$2.00 and $2.50 are their real values but they go in this sale at 1.00

White waists — women's heavy white lace striped pique waists, stylishly made with full large plaited front and large side plaits at back, bishop stock, trimmed with large pearl buttons, an exceptionally good value at 1.19

Women's waists—beautiful white mercerized oxford cheviot, fronts handsomely embroidered in the new so fashionable grape design—stock also neatly embroidered, newest plaited sleeves—can be had in all white, white and green or white and black, special sale price 3.98

Silk waists—women's most fashionable taffeta and peau de soie silk waists with dainty hemstitching and tucking, trimmed with straps and buttons—most all the wanted colors, including black—waists that were intended to retail at $4.00 and $5.00, in this sale at only 2.35

Crepe de chine waists—in all the delicate light evening shades, also black—full tucked and fagot trimmed front, sleeves, cuffs and stock also fagot trimmed—waists that would be good value for $7.50 and $8.50, in this sale at 5.00

Women's wrappers—made of good, heavy warm flannelette, neat stripes and figures on medium and dark colors, deep flounce on skirt, ruffle over shoulder, trimmed with washable braid, the regular $2.00 and $2.50 wrappers, bought at such a big price concession as to enable us to make the price only 95c

Women's wrappers—a big lot of women's fine house wrappers and fancy tea gowns—cashmere, challie, albatross, Japanese, silk and foulard silk, today at just half the marked prices—they are all most becomingly trimmed with lace and ribbon ruffles—both light and dark colors—take any you please at ½ off

All lounging and bath robes—in eiderdown, ripple and terry cloth, heavy double faced flannelette, Japanese silk quilted, etc., today at half the marked prices ½ off

Settle the silver question

ONCE for all by seeing to it that the goods you purchase are stamped "1847 Rogers Bros." The "Rogers" by itself means nothing. It's only when "1847" is attached that the trade mark possesses any significance. The "1847" stands for whatever is best in design, workmanship, finish and wear—it carries with it the guarantee of the largest silverware makers in the world.

A lucky business stroke

Enables us to offer the latest Berkshire, Vesta, Columbia, Satin Shell and Tin patterns today at just about half exclusive store's prices—

Every piece bears this trade-mark: TRADE MARK 1847 ROGERS BROS.

"1847 Rogers Bros." tea spoons, 6 for 1.25.
"1847" table spoons or forks, 6 for 2.50.
"1847" dessert spoons or forks, 6 for 2.25.
"1847" table knives or forks, 6 for 1.75.

"1847 Rogers Bros." gravy ladles, each, 1.10.
"1847 Rogers Bros." berry spoons, each, 1.25.
"1847 Rogers Bros." soup ladles, each, 2.80.
"1847 Rogers Bros." butter knives, each, 75c.
"1847 Rogers Bros." sugar spoons, each, 65c.
"1847 Rogers Bros." cold meat forks, each, 95c.

Mill and factory sale of lace curtains & draperies

Thousands of pairs of lace curtains bought from mill and factory, in some instances for actual cost of material, in other cases for actual cost of making and in the higher priced lines our sale prices indicate a saving of fully 50%.

Choice Nottingham lace curtains—3 and 3½ yds. long, new style, plain and figured, worth $1.25, pair, 95c

Nottingham lace curtains—also Scotch and novelty nets, some 60 in. wide—3½ and 4 yds. long—just edges worth to $2.25, choice, pair, 1.50

Fine bobbinet curtains—pretty insertions and edges, cable net, Renaissance and Arabian effects, also pretty tinsel effects in Nottingham lace curtains, worth to $4.00, at, pair, 2.75

Irish point lace curtains—also Cluny, cable net and Nottingham, new styles, worth to $5.00, Mill and Factory Sale price, pair, 3.50

Swiss tambour lace curtains—Brussels, applique, Renaissance, antique and Cluny effects, all-over and dainty insertion and edging designs, worth to $7.50, sale price, pair, 5.00

Real point laces consisting of Pattenberg, Cluny, Arabian, Arabian Dentelles, etc., etc., values to $15.00, Mill and Factory Sale price, 7.50

Point lace curtains—1, 2 or 3 pairs of a pattern, among which will be found heavily embroidered effects mounted on Saxony nets, many styles, values to $20.00, at, pair, 10.00

Two big eastern tapestry mills having sold us their surplus stocks on a basis of 50c on the dollar, and with advantageous purchases made at a salvage sale and from two importers, we are enabled to offer all kinds of drapery goods at startling prices.

Heavy tapestry portiers—double fringed top and bottom, 50 in. wide, 3 yds. long, oriental stripes and empire effects, worth to $4.00, at, pair 1.89

Fine tapestry portiers—armure and ottoman weaves in dainty colonial effects, also oriental stripes, in Persian, Roman and cross striped designs, worth to $5.50, at, pair, 2.89

Exquisite rep and figured tapestry portiers—solid reds, greens, old rose, etc., with tapestry, linen or velour borders, made to sell for up to $5.00, M. & F. Sale price, pair, 4.49

50 in. tapestry couch covers—fringed all around, 3 yds. long, mostly dark Persian and Roman stripes—easily worth $2.00, M. & F. Sale Price, each, 98c

Heavy gobelin and oriental tapestries — suitable for straight hangings and furniture coverings—heavy scroll or set patterns, worth to $1.75, yd., 69c

Short pieces of 50 in. tapestries—some to 1½ yds. long, 25c and 15c left from materials that sold up to $3.50 yd., each,

36 in. plain and figured pongees and figured denims, oriental and floral designs for couch covers and curtaining, worth to 12½c, at, yd., 5c

Art tickings—French linen taffeta and pretty sateens, spring patterns, worth to 25c, at, yd., 12½c

Groceries—we undersell all

AND yet give you none but the best, purest and most wholesome food stuffs. Find the reasons in the following: we buy cheaper—it costs us less to handle the goods—we're satisfied with a smaller margin of profit.

PEAS—"Sweet Violet" brand, sifted marrowfat, extra fine flavor, very tender, usually sold for 12c can, special today 1.15 doz. cans, or per can, 10c

TOMATOES—"Cedar Grove" brand, standard quality, well filled cans, sold elsewhere for 12c, here 2.25 case 2 doz. cans, or per can, 10c

PLUM PUDDING—"Victory" brand, one pound can will make enough for 4 people—per can 10c

APPLE SAUCE—equal to the home-made—2 lb. cans, regular price 20c, special today at 15c

RICE—fancy Carolina, most delicious quality, as follows: Finest whole head, 10 lbs. for 50c. Large head, 10 lbs. for 45c. Good head, 10 lbs. for 40c.

Tea

Extra fancy quality, Formosa oolong, English Breakfast, Young Hyson, Japan, Gunpowder, Ceylon or Assam, real value 60c, special today per lb., 40c

Coffee

"Royal Blend," noted for its great strength, rich aroma and delicious flavor, regular price 20c lb., today per 5 lbs. for 65c, or per lb 14c

Vanilla

Wilbert's extract, granulated, absolutely pure, 2-oz. bottles, usually sold for 25c, special today, at only 10c

FRESERVED FRUITS—"Buckeye State" brand, quince, peach, raspberry and strawberry, 2 lb. jars, sold elsewhere for 60c, here at 45c

CALIFORNIA FRUITS—"Golden Pheasant" brand, standard quality, large ripe fruit in heavy sugar syrup, regular price 25c to 28c can, special today as follows:

Green gage or egg plums, doz. 1.75, can 15c.
Bartlett pears, doz. 2.20, can 19c.
Lemon cling peaches, doz. 2.35, can 20c.
Yellow peaches, doz. 2.20, can 19c.
Black cherries, doz. 2.50, can 21c.
White cherries, doz. 2.95, can 25c.

YELLOW PEACHES—"Monitor" brand, excellent quality, 3 lb. cans, at 1.10 doz., or per can, 10c

Read the Sunday Gazette.

The Pittsburgh Gazette.

Pittsburgh's Best Newspaper.

SECOND SECTION. PITTSBURGH, WEDNESDAY MORNING, FEBRUARY 11, 1903. PAGES 9 TO 14.

BIG COAL CONCERN EARNS $4,706,587

Pittsburgh Co. Swells Net Earnings 51 Per Cent in 1902.

PENSION FUND PLANS

Company Will Help Support Death, Accident and Pension Fund, for Which 85 Per Cent of Employes Have Joined Lodges.

The third annual report of the Pittsburgh Coal Company, sent out to the stockholders last night, shows net earnings for 1902 of $4,706,587 12, an increase of $1,607,049 66, or 51 per cent over the year before. Accompanying this report, announcement is made of the plan of a liberal disability and pension fund which the company will help to support for its 35,000 employes.

The company's production from Pittsburgh district mines was swelled to 13,526,375 tons in 1902, an increase of 1,589,854, or 13 1-3 per cent over 1901, and in the Hocking Valley field in Ohio 1,381,966 tons, an increase of 156,382, or 12½ per cent. The increased production is the more remarkable from the fact, as stated in the report of President F. L. Robbins, that the freight congestion continued throughout the year with but occasional periods of relief.

Profits from operations for the year were $5,753,913. From this is deducted a reserve fund, including $650,000 11, credited to royalty account and being approximately $400 for each acre of coal mined, aside from that taken from leased tracts, and $398,086 65 credited to depreciation fund for the replacement of equipment, and which is in excess of expenditures for replacement during the year. This brings the net earnings to the amount named, which, less four quarterly dividends on the preferred stock, and the interest on bonds, $2,427,146 50, leaves undivided earnings for the year $2,279,440 62. This is appropriated for additional working capital and to meet dividends on preferred stock and other possible uses.

The Year's Acquisitions.

During the year the acquisitions of the company were as follows: 15,551 acres of coal and 969 acres of surface lands in the Pittsburgh district; 1,956 acres of coal and 1,798 acres of surface land in the Hocking district, being in addition to the purchase of the New Pittsburgh Coal Company and the Greendale Mining Company properties; all the property of the Midland Coal Company, including 400 miners' houses and three operating mines in the Chartiers valley, and a 40-year lease of about 5,000 acres of coal owned by the company, and the capital stock of the National Dock & Fuel Company, subsidiary to the Midland company and engaged in a lake shipping and fueling business at Cleveland and Erie; control in the Pittsburgh & Castle Shannon Railroad Company, including ownership of several hundred acres of coal convenient to and adapted to Pittsburgh domestic requirements; entire capital stock of the Colonial Coke Company, additional equipment of most modern and improved type for all mines where it can be advantageously used; 320 railroad cars of 40-ton carrying capacity, part of which were built at the Montour shops of the coal company; controlling interest in the Milwaukee-Western Fuel Company, a consolidation in the preceding year of five concerns owning and operating 11 docks and yards in Milwaukee; controlling interest in the Western Coal & Dock Company, Waukegan, Ill.

Company's Many Ramifications.

President Robbins, referring to the increase in earnings and production, says that the results have been attained in large measure through continuance of the policy of acquiring additional coal lands to preserve intact the holdings, and of acquiring additional facilities for broadening the markets and securing new ones. He says that the company's ownership of facilities on the lakes are not only the means of outlet for the company's entire production, but gives it control of many thousand accounts direct with consumers of the company's output, besides income from handling charges and selling commissions on a large per cent of the anthracite marketed in the northwest.

The president states that in the purchase of the Colonial Coke Company not only did his company secure a modern plant of 130 ovens, but a key to 8,000 acres of contiguous coking coal, which the Pittsburgh company had owned and proposes to develop to meet active demand for coke. With 270 additional ovens contracted for, the output of this coking plant will be over 800 tons a day. Reference is made to large and valuable contracts which the company failed to fulfill during the year through inadequate railroad service, the report adding that enforced idleness at mines has swelled the cost of production.

Interesting Balance Sheet.

The balance sheet on December 31, 1902, is given as follows:

ASSETS.

Cash	$ 1,225,077 99
Accounts and bills receivable	6,110,329 97
Inventories of coal and other merchandise	1,923,576 54
Capital stock of other companies	105,666 51
Coal and surface acreage in Pittsburgh and Hocking Valley districts, mine plant and equipments, railways owned and operated, railway cars, car shops, brick plant, docks and yards on the Great Lakes, etc., etc.	77,158,405 67
Total	$86,619,056 47

LIABILITIES.

To Stockholders—	
Preferred stock outstanding	$29,501,200 00
Common stock outstanding	30,308,200 00
Undivided Earnings, (Appropriated for additional working capital and dividends on preferred stock, etc.)	5,467,494 57
Reserves—	
Coal royalty fund	2,054,422 28
Depreciation reserve, to cover replacement of equipment, in excess of expenditure for such replacement	1,470,050 72
To other than Stockholders—	
Pittsburgh Coal Company bonds, issue of February 1, 1902, payable in one, two, three, four, five and six years—interest 5 per cent.	5,000,000 00
Bonds of subsidiary corporations	1,595,224 25
Mortgages	267,940 74
Accounts and bills payable	7,885,444 87
Total	$86,619,056 47

Employes Buying Stocks.

An appended report of J. E. McDonald, secretary and treasurer of the Pittsburgh Coal Company Employes' association, is full of interest at this time, when the United States Steel Corporation is arranging to admit 35,000 employes as shareholders on easy terms. The report says that at the end of November of last year, 1,949 employes were making monthly payments on a total of 7,725 shares of the preferred stock, their payments, plus earnings, on the date mentioned, aggregating $160,309 17. It is estimated that by the plan of this association by which earnings of the fund are invested and re-invested, employes will not be required to pay more than $60 a share for the preferred stock.

Interesting information is given in relation to the death and accident benefit and pension fund, which was started last year. Eighty-five per cent of the employes of the company have become attached to benefit lodges. The coal company agrees to contribute a third of the accident benefits, the employes' relief lodges paying other benefits in which the company does not participate.

The Pension Fund.

The Pittsburgh Coal Company will contribute $10,000 as the initial payment for 1,000 shares of preferred stock of the company, to form the principal of a pension fund, and in addition will pay 1 cent per month for each employe, to maintain the said fund, it being provided in the by-laws of the accident and death lodges that the employes should pay into this fund the amount of 2 cents per month per man; any employe who shall have worked for the company 10 years continuously and made continuous payments to the relief fund, and who, through old age or other disability, is unable to earn a livelihood, upon proper certification by the officers of the relief lodge to which he belongs, to be entitled to receive a pension of $10 per month during the balance of his life.

Leogorian Society Produces "The Ladies of Cranford"

SUCCESSFUL DRAMATIC EFFORT BY STUDENTS OF WESTMINSTER COLLEGE.
(Photographed by Owens)

In the group are—upper row, from the left, Ada King, Mary McElree, Agnes Broad, Edith Davidson, Vesta Lytle, Olive Pearson, Anna Parke, Catherine Smith, Bessie Henderson, Lena Alexander.
Middle row—Pearl Anderson, May Alexander, Bessie Gilkey, Elizabeth Stewart, Vera Getty, Martha Warner, Mary Grove.
Lower row—Sarah Galley, Miss Kerr, Nellie McAuley, Miss Snodgrass.

NEW CASTLE, PA., Feb. 9.—(Special.)—The most successful dramatic effort ever made by the students of Westminster college was the production this month by the members of the Leogorian society, a literary organization of the young women students of "The Ladies of Cranford." It was produced at the Presbyterian church under the direction of Miss Agnes Oliver, instructor of elocution at Westminster. The scene of the play was laid in New England in the year 1840 and the story was a charming one of rural life, unmarred by the strifes of the crowded cities. A number of leading girl students participated in the play, the cast being one of exceptional merit, according to the opinion of all who witnessed it. The Leogorian society has long existed at Westminster and was formed for the mutual mental and social benefit of its members.

VETERAN MOURNED AS DEAD TURNS UP ALIVE

Soldier Krigbaum, Missing Since the Rebellion, Appears at McKeesport.

After being mourned as dead for over 40 years, Richard Krigbaum, a veteran of the civil war, has turned up at the home of his nephew, Conrad Krigbaum, No. 1618 Shaw avenue, McKeesport. Krigbaum, while in the evening of life and suffering from eight wounds received during his term of service in the army, is still hale and hearty, and tells his strange story interestingly. Four of his brothers have died in the belief that he had preceded them, and this is the one disappointment of his return to his relatives. He had anticipated a happy reunion with all or some of them, but found living only the nephew of Capt. Conrad Krigbaum, his eldest brother, who was also a veteran of the war.

Krigbaum enlisted in the union army at the age of 15 years, with the Twenty-seventh Illinois regiment at Cairo. In his first engagement he was wounded, and his brother, Capt. Krigbaum, sent him home. After nine months the younger brother recovered and again joined the army. That was the last ever heard from him by his relatives. They supposed he had lost his life fighting. Before the war was over the boy's parents moved and he lost all trace of them. After being mustered out he went to Danville, Ill., and commenced farming about three miles from the city. He remained there for 35 years, going then to the Soldiers' home at Danville.

He never gave up the search for his relatives, and only a short time ago was rewarded by hearing from his nephew in McKeesport. A visit was arranged, and yesterday Krigbaum arrived in McKeesport. He will remain for several weeks.

H. & B.
Toilet Sundries.

Sole Allegheny agents for Richard Hudnut's perfumes and toilet specialties, toilet water, cologne waters, sachets, toilet and face powders, tooth powders and washes, hair and manicure preparations, smelling salts, toilet soaps, and preparations for the skin.

Hudnut's marvelous cold cream rarely effective for soothing, healing and beautifying the skin—contains no glycerin and won't produce down on the skin. 50c per box.

BOGGS & BUHL,
Allegheny.

CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

A vote for Hays is a vote to put the Bigelow personal pay roll on the pay rolls of the city.

COMPROMISE BILL IS BEING WRITTEN

Indications That Agreement Has Been Reached on Statehood Measure.

BLOCKING 8-HOUR BILL

Senator McComas Will Call It Up on Thursday, but Col. Quay Says Statehood Question Must Be Settled First.

THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE BUREAU,
Room 10, Postal Building.
WASHINGTON, D. C., Feb. 10.

"The compromise statehood bill is drafted with the exception of one clause," said a gentleman who is interested in the bill, to The Gazette correspondent today. "Senator McComas is now down in his committee room writing the anti-polygamy clause, which is the only unfinished portion. The new bill will be presented to the committee on territories tomorrow, and will probably be placed before the senate the same day."

It is evident that an agreement has been decided upon, and that a bill will be reported that will command the votes of all the Republican senators, at least, and possibly the objections of the Democrats can be overcome. It cannot be ascertained what the exact terms of the compromise are. It is supposed that New Mexico and Arizona are to be joined together as one state, probably with the proviso that Arizona may become a state by herself as soon as a census shows a population of 300,000.

Senator McComas gave notice today that on Thursday he would move to take up the eight-hour bill. Mr. Quay stated that although he sympathized with the senator in his anxiety to pass the bill, yet he wished to give notice that he would interpose the statehood bill and antagonize the eight-hour bill until a date had been fixed for a vote on his measure.

The statement did not create any consternation among the senators, which is evidence that it is the general belief that an agreement on the statehood bill will prevent its interference with the eight-hour bill, or any other measure.

Mr. Quay permitted the afternoon to be given to the District of Columbia appropriation bill, but not until he had asked for the regular order and had the statehood bill brought before the senate as the unfinished business. In this connection the chair made a ruling that decided a mooted question in favor of Mr. Quay and his friends. Mr. Spooner asked if an appropriation bill was not privileged, and did not take precedence over the regular order. The chair ruled that it did not.

An appropriation of $10,000 to raise the wreck of the Niagara from the mud of Misery bay, off the city of Erie is asked for in a bill Representative Bates has introduced in the house. The Niagara was the sister ship to the Lawrence, on which Commodore Perry fought his famous battle in Lake Erie. The commodore transferred his flag to the Niagara during the latter part of the engagement. The battle was fought in 1813, and some years later the Niagara sank in Misery bay.

L. W. STRAYER.

The U. S. Mail

will bring your deposits to Pittsburgh Trust Company, 325 Fourth avenue, where you receive 4 per cent interest on savings and 2 per cent on checking accounts. Capital, surplus and profits, $6,000,000.00.

The Civic League says: "Mr. Haymaker is generally regarded in his profession as a conscientious, able and upright lawyer and man. His reputation in private life is excellent."—Adv.

FIGURES TO SHOW FUNDS ARE SHORT

McCandless Insists There Is Not Enough to Buy Tech Site.

CITIZENS IN A DILEMMA

They Cannot Provide for the New School and the Institute Addition Without Making Another Appropriation.

Director J. Guy McCandless insists that there is not enough money in the city treasury to pay for the Flinn-Magee site for the Carnegie Technical school. He reiterates the statement made in The Gazette yesterday that $80,000 is lacking, and that if this amount is not appropriated by councils either the property necessary for the Carnegie institute addition or the technical site cannot be purchased. Director McCandless yesterday said:

"After all the property condemned by the city for the addition to the institute is bought and paid for, independent of additional appropriations provided by ordinances pending in councils, there will be just $318,422 25 remaining in the bond fund voted by the people in 1899 for the extension of Schenley park. Of this $318,422 25, the sum of $28,000 is appropriated for a portion of Bellefield avenue lying between the present institute and the property purchased on Mawhinney street and for a strip of land a few feet wide belonging to Martin Mawhinney.

"The ordinances appropriating this $28,000 are pending in councils. This will reduce the amount remaining in the bond fund to exactly $290,422, or $60,000 less than $350,000, the amount required to buy the site for the technical school."

The director stated that the value of land condemned for the institute addition and bought and paid for aggregates $66,591. The rest of the property condemned for the institute addition, the director said, is to be paid for at once, and the city will give a bond to indemnify the owners in case the courts raise the awards of the board of viewers.

If Director McCandless' figures are correct, the total cost of the property condemned for the institute addition is $400,578. This will leave about $290,000 for the technical site.

Assistant Controller Morrow stated again yesterday that he had not been able to investigate the matter thoroughly and did not know whether the funds would be short.

Controller Larkin was credited yesterday with making the statement that there is enough money to buy the Flinn-Magee property, but he stated that all the amounts for the institute properties have not been charged against the bond fund, as the appeals are pending in the supreme court.

The ordinance authorizing the appropriation of $350,000 from the park extension fund to purchase the Flinn-Magee property for the technical school was approved by the finance committee yesterday afternoon and sent to councils with an affirmative recommendation.

Dying from Hiccoughs.

John W. Reddinger, proprietor of a Sharpsburg hotel, a former member of the Sharpsburg police force, is reported to be dying of hiccoughs. Last Tuesday evening he was taken ill and a physician was called in. The following day the hiccoughs set in. Yesterday physicians stated that nothing could be done to relieve Mr. Heddinger and that his death was almost certain. Mr. Heddinger has a wife and family of six children. He is one of the best-known business men of the borough.

TOOTHACHE REMEDY WILL CAUSE DEATH

A little daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Gottlieb Ziegler of McKeesport is lying at the point of death as a result of drinking a bottle of toothache remedy. The child was suffering from toothache and Mrs. Ziegler applied some of the medicine. She placed the bottle where the little girl could reach it, and the latter drank all that was left in the bottle. The preparation contained a large percentage of carbolic acid and in a few minutes the child was in convulsions.

LOOKING TO CHURCH UNION.

An Important Meeting Is to Be Held in This City Shortly.

The Rev. Dr. D. S. Stephen, chancellor of the Kansas City university, and president of the general conference of the Methodist Protestant church, is in Pittsburgh attending to business connected with the university. During his stay here a meeting relative to church union will be held in this city.

The churches which may decide to unite and which will be represented at the meeting, will be the United Brethren, Congregationalist and Methodist Protestant. If the union is effected the Methodist Protestant church will be one of the strongest Protestant denominations in the United States.

SMALL DOCTORS' BILLS.

Scientific Feeding the Way to Reduce Them.

A little science in the selection of food leads to good health and smaller doctors' bills. Ill health not only cuts down the earnings, but increases the cost of living, too. How many men and women would like to save the biggest part of what they now pay out for sickness yearly? As most ailments come from improper feeding, it stands to reason you won't need the doctor so often if you feed yourself and family right, and the doctor would be pleased as well.

The principal of the well-known Holland academy at Beckville, Texas, writes as follows: "Having been a user of Grape-Nuts for the past two years, I beg to offer a testimony of the effect it has had upon myself and family.

"When I began the use of Grape-Nuts my wife and I were taking a resort for our health in South Texas. Up to this time our lives were indeed miserable as a result of continual bad health, ill tempers and heavy doctors' bills. One day a merchant of Burkeville, Texas, advised me to try Grape-Nuts as a diet.

"Doubting that it would benefit me any, I took home a package, however, and before I had used this box I had begun to see the good effect it had on my digestion. So I continued its use. After I had used the third package I discontinued the use of medicine altogether, as I saw Grape-Nuts was doing more for me than all the medicine I had taken.

"When I returned home my friends and neighbors hardly knew me, I had improved so in health, appearance and energy. I had my grocer at Carthage order a supply, and have continued to use it.

"This year my family life has been more happy than ever, and my business, which had been nearly wrecked before, is now prosperous.

"As I am a teacher, worried with the care of from 100 to 150 small urchins in our rural school, I am subject to considerable worry and strain upon the brain. Since my daily diet of Grape-Nuts, however, I must say my school work is not nearly so unpleasant.

"I recommend it for a plain, simple diet full of nourishment, just the thing for that worn and tired-out feeling in the brain. Respectfully, honestly and earnestly yours." Name furnished by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich.

ERIE WISHES NEW NAVAL STATION

Pennsylvania Members Begin Campaign to Secure Appropriation.

BATES WORKING HARD

Officers Recommended That It Be Located on Lake Michigan, but Effort Will Be Made to Have This Changed In Bill.

THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE BUREAU,
Room 10, Postal Building.
WASHINGTON, D. C., Feb. 10.

A meeting of the Pennsylvania representatives in congress was held today, at which they decided to stand together for an amendment to the naval appropriation bill when it comes up this week to strike out the words "Lake Michigan" and insert "Lake Erie" in that part of the bill providing an appropriation of $250,000 for a site for the naval training station. In this move the Pennsylvanians hope to be sustained by Ohio and New York.

Representative Bates of Meadville has been active in urging the selection of Erie for the location. As secretary of the Pennsylvania delegation, he called the members together today and they agreed to work with him. Representative Butler of West Chester is a member of the naval affairs committee, and he promised to urge the amendment.

There are two naval training stations in the United States—one at Newport, R. I., and the other at Mare Island, Cal. In the last naval appropriation bill a provision was made for a board of naval officers to recommend a site for a station on the great lakes. The board made a report to the secretary of the navy, who in transmitting it to congress said:

"The board has the honor to submit its recommendation that the site of the naval training station on the great lakes be fixed on the shores of Lake Michigan below latitude 43 degrees 30 minutes and to further recommend that an appropriation of $250,000 be made by congress for the purchase of land and the development of the station, the exact location to be determined by the board of naval officers. Furthermore, that the secretary of the navy be authorized to conclude the purchase of the site selected by the said board as soon as practicable after the appropriation becomes available."

The Ohio delegation wants the station located at Put-in-Bay, but will work with the Pennsylvania members for the amendment locating it on Lake Erie. After this is accomplished they will fight out the issue between them whether it is to be at Put-in-Bay or Erie.

River Campaign Still On.

The campaign for a 9-foot channel in the Ohio river is being carried forward vigorously. The rivers and harbors committee has received 48 petitions from Cincinnati, two from Maysville, Ky., and one each from Tell City, Ind.; Evansville, Ind.; Elisberry, O., and Ripley, O. The builders and traders' exchange of Cincinnati has forwarded a set of strong resolutions asking for a favorable report on the Bromwell resolution. These petitions are carefully preserved and filed by the secretary, and are not consigned to the waste basket, as some may think. They are evidence to the committee of the great interest in the improvement of the Ohio river, and may have considerable influence in the recommendations of the committee.

Lady Uses Her Influence.

A lady from East Liverpool, O., who is visiting Washington, was introduced to Chairman Burton today, and she told him that she merely wished to add her word to the petition for the improvement of the Ohio. She said that the people needed the improvement, and she hoped the committee would grant it. Chairman Burton courteously assured her that they would do what they could in the matter.

New Members See the Sights.

The Hon. A. F. Cooper, representative-elect from Uniontown, and the Hon. Daniel F. Lafean, representative-elect from York, were in Washington today.

L. W. STRAYER.

Music for Piano
And voice. Our stock more than doubled this season. KLEBER, 221-225 Fifth ave.

His (Hays) nomination is a surrender to the vital principle of boss rule against which the Democrats and Citizens came together last February. It will nullify, with vast patronage in his unskilled hands, to be directed by others, all of the important results achieved in the election of a reform council and reform controller. It is a surrender to those ideas and principles of municipal administration against which the people have been in arms a long time.—Post, December 31.

ONLY A SUGGESTION.

But It Has Proven of Interest and Value to Thousands.

Common sense would suggest that if one wishes to become fleshy and plump it can only result from the food we eat and digest and that food should be albuminous or flesh forming food, like eggs, beefsteak and cereals; in other words, the kinds of food that make flesh are the foods which form the greater part of our daily bills of fare.

But the trouble is that while we eat enough and generally too much, the stomach, from abuse and overwork, does not properly digest and assimilate it, which is the reason so many people remain thin and under weight; the digestive organs do not completely digest the flesh forming beefsteak and eggs and similar wholesome food.

There are thousands of such who are really confirmed dyspeptics, although they may have no particular pain or inconvenience from their stomachs.

If such persons would lay their prejudices aside and make a regular practice of taking, after each meal one or two of Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets the food would be quickly and thoroughly digested, because these tablets contain the natural peptones and diastase which every weak stomach lacks, and by supplying this want the stomach is soon enabled to regain its natural tone and vigor.

Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets digest every form of flesh forming food, meat, eggs, bread and potatoes, and this is the reason they so quickly build up, strengthen and invigorate thin, dyspeptic men, women and children.

Invalids and children, even the most delicate, use them with marked benefit as they contain no strong, irritating drugs, no cathartic nor any harmful ingredient.

Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets is the most successful and most widely known of any remedy for stomach troubles because it is the most reasonable and scientific of modern medicines.

Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets are sold by every druggist in the United States and Canada, as well as in Great Britain, at 50 cents for complete treatment.

Nothing further is required to cure any stomach trouble or to make thin, nervous dyspeptic people strong, plump and well.

McELVEEN'S
(McElveen Furniture Co.)

Wish a Sideboard?

You may just as well have one of the new styles—they don't cost any more than those of the conventional order.

The one portrayed in this advertisement is a splendid example of the best class of dining room furniture. It is exquisitely carved and has a large bevel mirror.

Made of golden oak, 74 inches wide, 27 deep and 69 high.

No more interesting piece of furniture could be conceived for the dining room. And none that is better value.

Not only is price an inducement at this store, but the styles are exclusive, and there are more distinctive styles here than elsewhere.

This is the largest furniture house in the world.

McELVEEN'S
(McElveen Furniture Co.)
525-527-529 Penn Ave., Pittsburgh, Pa.

There's a great difference in the wearing qualities of Filled Watch Cases—and the cost of the best and the poor kinds is about the same.

Jas. Boss Stiffened Gold Watch Cases

give much the greatest value for the money.

By this mark you know them.

Send for beautiful book (free) to
The Keystone Watch Case Co.
Philadelphia.

DO YOU COUGH
DON'T DELAY
TAKE
KEMP'S
BALSAM
THE BEST COUGH CURE

It Cures Colds, Coughs, Sore Throat, Croup, Influenza, Whooping Cough, Bronchitis and Asthma. A certain cure for Consumption in first stages and a sure relief in advanced stages. Use at once. You will see the excellent effect after taking the first dose. Sold by dealers everywhere. Large bottles 25 cents and 50 cents.

Doubleday-Hill Electric Co.,
319 Liberty Street.
Manufacturers and Dealers
ELECTRICAL SUPPLIES!
NERNST LAMPS

The new electric light.
Saves ½ electric light bill.
Improves quality of light.
Electrical equipment of every description.
Highest grade, lowest price, quickest delivery.

500 SHEETS SPANISH BOND TYPEWRITER PAPER
Sixth—
This week.. 40c
A. W. McCLOY & CO.,
Stationers, Engravers, Printers,
636 LIBERTY ST.

EAST END STORAGE WAREHOUSE
NEW AND UP-TO-DATE.
(Centre Ave. Near Liberty Market.)
Separate Room for Furniture
Fireproof Vaults for Silverware
Mothproof Rooms for Carpet and Rugs
Household Goods Packed and Shipped
Padded Vans and Wagons for Moving
HAUGH & KEENAN
STORAGE AND TRANSFER CO.
CITY OFFICES AND WAREHOUSE.
Third Street and Duquesne Way.
ESTIMATES. BOTH 'PHONES.

CHAS. M. STIEFF PIANOS
1842 1902
610 PENN AVE. FACTORY BALTIMORE. ESTABLISHED 1842

GUSKY'S
300 TO 400 MARKET ST
EVERYTHING TO WEAR

The Spirit of Spring.

The Women's floor is the first to catch the spirit of the changing seasons and to reflect the lighter and brighter shades and colorings. New goods arrive daily and the styles for the coming season are becoming more and more pronounced in the stock. A hint of some of them is below.

Women's New Spring Dress Suits

Made of Covert or blue Serge, with neat white stripes; Jackets made in Blouse style, taffeta silk lined, with small breast pocket; Skirt 9-gore flare, percaline lining; very stylish and desirable suit, only $12

Of black or blue Broadcloth, Blouse Jacket style, heavily silk lined, with new style collar and sleeve; Skirt has 9 gore with plaited bottom and percaline drop skirt; an elegant suit at a low price $15

NEW SILK DRESS SKIRTS
Made of fine black Taffeta Silk, with mercerized drop, 7-gore flare, trimmed with silk embroidery; very dressy and stylish; should be $18.00 but here only $12.00

NEW SPRING SILK COATS
Of black Taffeta Silk, large Kimona sleeves, sailor collar trimmed with ecru lace medallions; a bargain at $5.00

SPECIAL TODAY.

WOMEN'S NEW SPRING WAISTS
Made of White Madras, Lawns and Pure Linen, trimmed with large or small buttons, pleated or plain bishop stock collar; an exceedingly large selection of early spring styles. From $6.50 down to $1.25

WOMEN'S PLUSH CAPES
Made of elegant Silk Plush, heavily lined with satin, trimmed with jet, braid and fur; sold for $10.00, now $4.98

TWO COLORED WOMEN GUILTY OF ROBBERY

Held Up Frank M. Wilt, Using a Knife in an Endeavor to Secure His Money--Big Day in Court.

Before Judge Frazer, in criminal court, yesterday, Irene Baker and Lillian Spear, two colored women, were convicted of robbery. They held up Frank M. Wilt at a point along the railroad, east of Anderson street, Allegheny, on the night of December 18, last. Wilt was on his way home through the east park when he was approached by the colored women. They attacked him, and during the struggle he was cut with a knife. The watchman from a railroad tower went to his rescue, and Irene Baker was caught, the other woman getting away. Lillian Spear was arrested later.

Irene Baker testified that Wilt was having some trouble with another woman, not Lillian Spear, and that she ran to the woman's rescue. The Spear woman attempted to prove an alibi.

Andrew Snyder, John Herman and Mary Stegman were on trial, charged with the larceny of a number of chickens and one duck from the coop of John Ganster. The parties are neighbors in Shaler township, and the trial was featured by the prosecutor offering the heads of two hens and one "rooster," which had been decapitated on December 22 last, as evidence against the defendants. When on the stand he detailed the events of the night when his chickens were lost. Aroused at 1 a. m., he investigated, but all he found of his chickens were the three heads, among them the head of his pet "part game rooster." He discovered a bloody trail and followed it to the doorstep of the Snyders, where the last drops were found. A search warrant developed they had chickens in the pot cooking. When cross-examined closely by the defendants' counsel about the heads he found, Ganster surprised the court and jury by reaching down in his inside pocket and producing the chickens' heads. He carefully removed them from a handkerchief box, while smiles spread over the court's face.

The witness laid the three heads down on the rail before him, identifying each one as that of his dead chickens, and offered the "rooster's" head as a climax. He knew them all, he said, as he had raised them. The case will be completed this morning.

James Parejohn, a driver, pleaded guilty to a misdemeanor for the violation of an act relating to bituminous coal mining, which makes it an offense for failing to close certain mine doors immediately after passing through. Parejohn neglected to close a door in the Gallatin mine, and he was prosecuted by Henry Lemley. A nominal sentence of one day to the workhouse was given the defendant.

Others pleading guilty were: William Davis, entering a building and stealing a horse belonging to John Ford of Pleasant valley, sent to the Huntington reformatory; Sam Booker, illegal sale of liquor, six fine and three months to the workhouse; Clark Coots, keeping a disorderly house, four months to the workhouse; Clarence E. Beck, larceny of $41 from Charles Fox, six months to the workhouse; Walter Diefsondorfer, larceny of a pocketbook containing $81, from Gustave Kayser, six months to the workhouse.

The bill charging Ernest C. Ries with misdemeanor was quashed.

Nolle prosses were allowed in the cases of William Clark, Jr., pointing firearms; G. B. Lott, keeping a gambling house, being a common gambler and selling liquor without a license; Henry Fentzel, assault and battery. The cases were cross-suits.

Clifton Jones, charged with felonious assault, was given a hearing, but was not sentenced. He is accused of taking a 13-year-old daughter of E. M. Scott away with the intention of marrying her. The girl said she went with Jones of her own will. The parties are colored, the prosecutor and his family being several shades lighter than the defendant, and showing evidence of more refinement.

ASK RETURN OF BOOKS..

School Directors Commence Quo Warranto Proceedings Against Secretary.

Quo warranto proceedings were begun yesterday to oust William F. McHugh, who was acting secretary of the board of school directors of the Thirty-fourth ward, to give up certain documents in his possession.

After McHugh was chosen secretary of the board, it is alleged, the books and accounts of the district were turned over to him. It is stated that McHugh, having failed and refused to attend two meetings of the board after having received notice to do so, was duly removed from the office by action of the board, on February 3, and Patrick F. Kennedy was elected as his successor. It is set forth that a demand was made on McHugh for the books and accounts but that he has failed and refuses to comply with the request.

DEN.' DAUGHTER'S STORY.

Parents Say They Did Not Subject Her to Insults.

A hearing was held yesterday, in orphans' court, on the petition filed by George and Katherine Geller, asking for the vacation of an order of court placing their 17-year-old daughter, Barbara Geller, in the custody of the Western Pennsylvania Humane Society.

It was alleged that the girl represented to the agents of the society that by the actions of her parents her good name was threatened and that she had been forced to work for Frank V. Sebik as a domestic, and that while there was subjected to insults. The parents denied the daughter's story. It was agreed that they would exchange visits and that she should pay them $1 a week from her wages.

Today's Trial Lists.

Criminal court—Commonwealth versus Harriet Jackson (2), E. M. Kennedy; at, W. J. Carr, Anthony Wagner, Ellis Mumle, John Seward, Jr., John Simon, I. Stein, Andy Giesecon, Jr., Rudolph Sayers, George Mittner, Joseph Griffith, Abe Bonser, Joseph Revels, Harry Myers, James Sullivan, Grace Fowler, John Brown, Annie O'Brien, Annie Kelly, Mike Suddar, John Phelps et al, Paul Shilcash et al, Henry Fitzpatrick, Bert Smith, Fred Wright, Thomas Wilson, Jacob Schibler, Richard Meyers, Mary J. Taylor, S. Niedzielski et al, Annie Beesskat, Joan Myers, William Smith (3), Louis Kersch, Frank Pedmar, Cass Joyce, John Mullen, William Reed.

Common pleas No. 1—Biddle vs. Sproul et ux; Booth & Flinn, Limited, vs. Dunlap, Dalzell & Company Tube Company; Dorsey vs. Spiers; Snider vs. Other Tweedale Company; Petty vs. Pittsburg & Birmingham Traction Company; Gold vs. White; Francis vs. borough of McKeesport; Scanlon vs. Monongahela Street Railway Company; Wallace vs. Staub.

Common pleas No. 2—Hamilton vs. Butenfield, Hegarty & Son vs. Howser; Winternitz vs. Hawkins et al; Wade vs. Gaughen.

Common pleas No. 3—Sutton vs. State Deposit and Trust Company; Criswell vs. Criswell et al; Hoffman vs. borough of Wilkinsburg; American Natural Gas Company vs. McKnight; Gordon vs. Pressed Steel Car Company; Bandt vs.

New Suits Filed.

New suits were entered as follows:

COMMON PLEAS NO. 1.

Plaintiff. Defendant. Action.
Jane Wilson, use—Jas. Simpson, Sr. Judgment.
Same. Same. Same.
George McCreight, use—Same. Same.
M. L. Spindler—Otto A. Beutiher. Assumpsit.

COMMON PLEAS NO. 2.

Antonio Godino—William Kane. Equity.
J. B. Oelschlager, use—Jacob Schaffer, Sr. Scire facias.
E. M. Hoover—James Zimmerman. Replevin.

COMMON PLEAS NO. 3.

Justus Nugent, trustee—Bigland & Wolff. Assumpsit.

Grand Jury Returns.

The grand jury returned the following true bills yesterday: Felonious assault and battery, John L. Day, Case Segee, Lewis Kovach et al (2); assault and battery, W. W. Dodd, Emelia Alexander, Charles Overbeck, Julius Hudson, Peter Pinnock, larceny, Malachy Sullivan, Harry Hartin, James Quinn, William Poop, William Smith (2), Andy Sweeney, Joseph Hamilton, Jr., Harry Hagerman; false pretenses, James Duffy; misdemeanor, Joseph Rae, Peter Devlin, Dellia Lonetti, V. Cassano, William Washington; false pretenses, Charles Sherin.

The ignored bills were: Assault and battery, Mary Dixon, Andy Schecese; larceny, Harry Goldstein; false pretense, L. Goldstein.

LEGAL BRIEFS.

By the will of Charles Brown of Franklin township a $3,000 estate is bequeathed to his widow and children.

Joseph Curry of Altoona was discharged from bankruptcy and Retter M. Ward was adjudged a bankrupt.

Upon G. M. Pervin of Crafton left a $7,100 estate to his widow. Attorney John Rahman has charge of the estate.

In the case of Frank McCann against the city of Pittsburgh, the plaintiff was awarded $10,000 damages for injury to property.

Decrees in distribution show the following balances: Estate of Rose Ann Sweeney, $1,042 57; Elizabeth Otis, $61 43; William Jordan, $1,500 53.

The will of Jacob Shafer, late of Elizabeth township, was filed for probate yesterday. An estate worth $7,500 was left to his widow. Attorney Charles Schlagel represents the estate.

Decrees in divorce were granted in the cases of Anna Merrington against John A. Merrington, charging cruelty, and George E. Pomeroy against Georgiana Reynolds, charging desertion.

A bill in equity was filed by Antonio Godino against William Kane, to restrain him from erecting a building over an one-half of an alleged party alley between property fronting on Tunnel street. A preliminary injunction was issued.

A rule was granted in the United States district court in the bankruptcy case of Morrison Minton of Washington, Pa., directing the trustee, W. B. Craft, to show cause why he should not be removed, it being claimed that he has violated his trust.

In the bankruptcy case of Ellen Walsh, a rule was granted on the trustee, W. B. Lindkirk, to show cause why he should not deliver certain scales to W. P. Simpson & Co.

Objections to the discharge of John Henry Schmidt were referred to William R. Blair as referee.

Executions were issued as follows: Garfield Building & Loan Association vs. James W. Thompson, $1,800; Mercantile Trust Company, receiver, vs. Thomas Lee et ux., $620 50; same vs. John Dougherty et ux., $722 77; C. W. H. Goss, assignee, vs. Bertha A. Deer, administratrix, $1,500.

VITAL FORCE

Is Crushed by Chronic Troubles.

One of the most weakening, undermining troubles, which mankind is heir to, is hemorrhoids or piles. The victim is careless and neglectful of the disease at first because the pain is slight and the blood flow may only occur occasionally, or he may be relieved by the occasional disappearance of the symptoms. And yet if at the very start he had found a rational remedy to soothe the inflammation, he would probably never have had a return of this irritating malady.

Piles may develop at any season of the year and at all ages. In the case of the victim, the abuse of cathartics often causes this trouble, and a period arrives when the dread of pain at stool becomes so great that the sufferer begins to neglect the calls of nature, and the bowels are either forced to retain the feces or are only partially cleared, or account of the suffering attendant upon a thorough movement.

Before you reach this stage use a remedy which removes the cause, thereby eradicating the disease and that is the Pyramid Pile Cure, which is sold by all druggists at 50 cents a package, and is in the form of a suppository; is applied directly to the parts affected and brings about a complete cure, quickly and painlessly. A valuable little book on the cause and cure of piles is published by the Pyramid Drug Company, Marshall, Mich., and we advise every sufferer to send for a copy of it.

People who have suffered from piles for years are often astonished at the instant relief experienced from the first application. Another important advantage is the fact that anyone can use the remedy without detention from business or interference with daily occupation.

I feel it my duty to recommend the Pyramid Pile Cure, for after suffering 10 years with a most distressing form of piles, I used this remedy, and it cured me. Anyone doubting this can write to Margaret Brady, No. 156 Whitman street, Cleveland, Ohio.

WANTED.

Agents.

DIFFERENT from the rest; new, reliable rubber goods; either sex, enclose stamp for sealed list. King Co., Carbondale, Pa.

Male Help.

ARE you wanting work? Call or write; we will look up position for you. NATIONAL BUREAU, 403 Federal st., Allegheny.

BARBER—Good single barber; steady; good pay. 261 Lowry st., Allegheny.

COATMAKER—First-class, at once; first-class prices and steady work. Montgomery, Uniontown, Pa.

Horne-Stewart Co.

Require salesmen in black and colored dress goods and silk departments.

HUSTLING, ENERGETIC YOUNG MAN AS OFFICE MANAGER FOR OUTSIDE TERRITORY; $25 TO $30 A WEEK; $5 FOR WEEK GUARANTEED ON YEARLY CONTRACT. TOTAL ABSTAINER PREFERRED. REFERENCES AND SECURITY REQUIRED. D. J. COTTER, 126 SIXTH ST.

JOB COMPOSITOR—First-class. Barnes, Printer, 213 Third ave.

LATHERS—At once; six. Call at 501 Catherine st. and Loretta ave., Elliott, Pa.

MAN—An experienced man to collect liability on bills both outside and city; steady employment and a liberal arrangement to the right party. Apply in person between the hours of 10 and 11 a. m., room 810, Arrott building, city.

MAN of good address who can command from $1,000 to $5,000 per year, for outside position. Address, giving experience, M 94, The Gazette.

MARINE Cobs, U. S. Navy—Recruits wanted; able bodied men; choice of our warships in all parts of the world and on land in the United States and colonial possessions when required. Apply Recruiting Office, Rooms 414-415 City Postoffice building.

SALESMAN—Experienced, for furniture house. Swan-Peterson Co., 217-219 Federal st., Allegheny.

STENOGRAPHER and typewriter wanted, male, to operate a machine; voice no down handwriting, stating wages expected. Address D 87, The Gazette.

TRAINED male nurse to take charge of male wards of hospital for the insane; all day work; good wages paid; must be experienced and intelligent; good references required from institutions or persons, and from when they can begin work. Address P. H., box 162, Somerset, Pa.

TWO active young men, from country preferred, 20 to 30 years old, for permanent city work, good pay. EMPIRE BUREAU, 3-5 Diamond st., Rear Frick bldg.

FOR RENT.

Farms.

FOR RENT—150-acre farm; ¼ mile from Manor, 23 miles from Pittsburgh, on Penna. railroad; good springs, running stream; due for 1st April. F. T. McCutcheon, 301 Arrott building, Pittsburgh.

FOR RENT—Farm of 60 acres in Shaler township, East Evergreen, Pa., 1¼ miles from Millvale electric line. Inquire on premises, M. Theobald.

FOR SALE.

City and Suburban Residences.

$3,500 DWELLING.

Nice 7-room frame house on Republic st., bath, instantaneous water heater, gas, fine lawn and shade trees; lot 50x190 feet; owner must sell; make us an offer.

REAL ESTATE TRUST CO. OF PITTSBURGH, 311 Fourth Ave.

House at Ingram.

On Linden ave.; lot 50x150 feet, 7 rooms, frame, reception hall, bath, gas, hardwood mantels, wired for electric light, cemented cellar, two porches; price $3,800; terms reasonable.

REAL ESTATE TRUST CO. OF PITTSBURGH, 311 Fourth Ave.

East End House.

Only $6,000; good 8-room brick dwelling on Mathilda st.; lot 21x106 feet; all conveniences; make us an offer.

REAL ESTATE TRUST CO. OF PITTSBURGH, 311 Fourth Ave.

House for $3,600.

On Madison ave., near Business st., 6 rooms, frame, bath, hot and cold water, both gasoline hearths, hardwood mantels, furnace; lot 20x100 feet.

REAL ESTATE TRUST CO. OF PITTSBURGH, 311 Fourth Ave.

In Baum Grove District.

Center hall brick house; parlor, dining room, library, breakfast room and kitchen on first floor; four bedrooms, tile bath on second floor; four rooms and bath on third; all finished in hardwood; waste on first floor use finely decorated tile; owner will sell it for a home; price $19,000; fine location.

REAL ESTATE TRUST CO. OF PITTSBURGH, 311 Fourth Ave.

CITY AND SUBURBAN

Real Estate.

Cooper & McAllister,

504 Times Bldg.

Atlantic Ave.

$7,500—Just Think of It—$7,500.

10 rooms and recp. hall, brick house, hardwood floors in dining room and recp. hall, oak stairway, art glass, complete bathroom, comb. chandeliers, cemented cellar, laundry, w. c. furnace, etc.

Possession at once.

Cooper & McAllister.

Fairmount Ave.

$16,000.

Elegant combination 12-room brick house, 2 bathrooms, hardwood floors and finish. Up to date in architecture and conveniences. Choice lot and best location on the avenue.

Cooper & McAllister.

Atlantic Ave.

Possession April 1.

Built With Special Care for a Home

$16,000—Brick dwelling, 10 rooms, residence. Large, light, airy rooms, bath, fine comb. chandeliers, hot water heater, laundry and everything in the way of conveniences.

Lot 50x186.

Cooper & McAllister,

504 Times Bldg.

Fourth Ave.

FOR SALE.

$2,000—Tioga st., frame house, 5 rooms, hall, hardwood mantels, bath, porch, papered, chandeliers.

$5,250—Dauphin st., frame house, 7 rooms, hall, cabinet mantels, bath, vestibule, porch, papered, instantaneous water heater, gas, chandeliers, slate roof, lot 20x110 feet.

$3,300—Tioga st., frame house, 6 rooms, hall, hardwood mantels, bath, vestibule, handsome instantaneous water heater, lot 28x113 feet.

BLACK & BAIRD,

418 Fourth ave.

Opposite postoffice.

RUSH FOR SHERADEN HOMES.

I have sold ten Sheraden homes in five days, and still the rush continues; here are a few of the great bargains I have to offer you in fine Sheraden homes: $2,650—Brand new, a fine river view, up-to-date home, with lot 36x100; $2,300 for a fine up-to-date solid brick house and lot, on paved street; $3,400 for a fine up-to-date 7-room home with lot 36x100; $2,700 for a fine up-to-date 7-room home and lot; $1,900 for a fine 6-room house and lot 74 feet front.

JOHN P. RUSH,

St. Nicholas Building, 425 Fourth ave.

Open evenings until 9.

FOR SALE—ONLY $2,600.

Can this offer be equaled?

New handsome brick house, center hall, 6 rooms, finished in hardwood, 3 bath rooms; kitchen and bath rooms are tiled; the fixtures, heating system and all improvements of the latest. Irwin avenue, Squirrel Hill; possession may be had at once. See

COMMONWEALTH REAL ESTATE & TRUST COMPANY,

327 and 329 Fourth ave.

FOR SALE—

FERRYSVILLE AVE. DISTRICT.

Frame house, hall, six rooms and bath, cellar, laundry and furnace; 25x167 to 40-ft. alley. $3,000.

Frame house, five rooms, for $1,500.

Frame house, ten rooms, lot $4,800.

Also

THREE-STORY BRICK, 1404 Western ave., Allegheny; 11 rooms and bath; lot 20x130 to paved street, $5,500.

FEDERAL REALTY CO.,

First Nat'l Bk. Bldg., Federal and Park way.

FOR SALE—New dwelling, now being finished; center hall, 12 rooms, mostly finished in hardwood; latest fixtures and fully up to date; choice Shadyside district; Clyde, near Fifth avenue. Full information from

COMMONWEALTH REAL ESTATE AND TRUST CO.,

327 and 329 Fourth ave.

FOR SALE AT AVALON.

9-room brick, cemented cellar, with furnace, just heater, laundry and extra l. w. c.; bath, gas and electric light; cabinet mantels and tile hearths and combination fixtures; corner lot, convenient to trolley and B. R. station.

JAS. MARSHALL,

146 So. Highland ave., E. E.

FOR SALE—HOMES $6,500 EACH.

Two new brick dwellings, Rece st., city, 9 rooms, reception hall, bath, pantry, front and back porches, laundry, chandeliers, instantaneous water heater, papered throughout; lot 35x93 to alley.

C. H. WANNER CO.,

608 and 609 Times Bldg.

FOR SALE—$2,500; call and see photograph; corner property, 8 rooms, attic, gas, level lot; 45x100; near Homestead, Investigate.

JAMES W. TURNER, 542 Fourth ave.

FOR SALE—In Wilkinsburg, suitable for Westinghouse man, a modern brick home; all conveniences. Owner will sell at bargain. Address F 97, The Gazette.

FOR SALE—In Bellevue, elegant home in select neighborhood; built by owner and can be bought right by quick purchaser. Address H 105, The Gazette.

FOR SALE—17 brick houses, 5 rooms, bath, modern improvements; 9 vacant lots; easy terms. Inquire Wm. C. Kerr, 547 Stokes ave., Braddock.

AVALON home at a sacrifice; easy terms; owner leaving city. Address N 95, The Gazette.

Allegheny Residences.

$11,500.

Good brick dwelling on one of the best residence streets in Allegheny, near West parks, consisting of 9 rooms, two bath rooms, laundry, furnace and all conveniences. Lot 24x183 to alley.

BARR BROS. & CO.,

No. 412 Grant st.

FOR SALE—Reduced to $5,500 to make quick sale, before moving, 2-story brick, dwelling, 7 rooms, bath, laundry, back and front stairs, heater, slate mantels, gas and natural gas, porch, side entrance. Location Sheffield st., Allegheny, Pa.

A. D. WILSON,

221 Federal st., Allegheny, Pa.

FOR SALE—Only $4,900 if sold soon; good brick house, 6 rooms, attic, hall, bath, bath and front stairs. Lot 24x124 feet to paved street. Location Sheffield st., Allegheny, Pa. Terms $1,500 cash, balance mortgage.

A. D. WILSON,

221 Federal st., Allegheny, Pa.

FOR SALE—$4,200—FERRYSVILLE AVENUE BARGAIN.

New house, 10 rooms, reception hall, bath, laundry, hardwood mantels in all rooms, front and rear porch. T. C. Allison, 950 Federal st., Allegheny.

FOR SALE—Six rooms, attic, bath, laundry—Brick houses, near Perrysville ave., $500 cash, $40 month. Call Owner, No. 300 Ferguson bldg., Telephone Court 3183. North 408, ring 2. Send for photograph.

FOR SALE—ONLY $2,500.

House of 5 rooms, Perrysville, Fifth ward, Allegheny.

A. D. WILSON,

221 Federal st., Allegheny, Pa.

FOR SALE.

Allegheny Residences.

FOR SALE—Only $4,000, on Allegheny ave., near Bidwell st., house 6 rooms in good condition.

A. D. WILSON,

221 Federal st., Allegheny, Pa.

FOR SALE—Allegheny property.

W. L. SCOTT & CO.,

Federal and Lacock sts., Allegheny.

East End Residences.

FOR SALE—Hamilton ave., near Fifth ave. extension, brick dwelling of 8 rooms; complete in every detail; lot 20x125 to alley; price only $5,700; good terms; see

COMMONWEALTH REAL ESTATE AND TRUST CO.,

327 and 329 Fourth ave.

Real Estate—Special.

A BARGAIN.

FIFTH AVE. FRONTAGE,

Adjoining Oakland District. $190 per foot front.

A. B. DURRELL,

1405 Arrott Building.

MILITARY LAND WARRANTS—$5 paid persons selling who has one, whether I buy or not. R. K. KELLEY, Kansas City, Mo.

Why pay rent?

Call or write for a for sale list.

JOHN SYKES, 5220 Butler st.

Lots.

FOR SALE—TWO SURE MONEYMAKERS.

Plan of about 40 lots on the Lebanon road, on the new South Side tunnel line, surrounded by other quick-selling plans; can be bought as a whole at a positive bargain if taken up quick.

Also plan of 266 lots adjoining the wonderful town of Trafford City.

Special inducements to responsible buyer.

Both of these properties are owned by active business men, whose time is constantly employed in other lines and unable to give real estate personal attention.

S. A. GIBSON & CO., 402 Grant st., Pittsburgh.

FOR SALE

On Market st., about

80 feet frontage as a

Reasonable price to effect

An early sale to close.

An estate. See

COMMONWEALTH REAL ESTATE AND TRUST CO.,

327 and 329 Fourth ave.

FREE—100 lots to advertise Wildwood Lake Park, suburb New York, send stamp for deed 25 feet. Seaside Co., D. 187 Broadway, N. Y.

3,500 ft. frontage in East End; if sold as a whole will take $25 00 per ft. Owner, Lock Box 100, Station A.

Farms.

FARM—68 acres, one of the best farms in Manor Valley, Westmoreland county, ½ mile from station; good spring water, 6 room house and tenement, good barn and other outbuildings, all in good condition. Price $60 per acre; $2,000 cash, balance easy.

CALIFORNIA FARMS for sale. All sizes and prices; suitable for many uses. G. E. Pierce, Placerville, Cal.

Business Properties.

FOR SALE—

FEDERAL STREET BUSINESS PROPERTY, Near Lacock St.

22x110, 3-story brick; this is an investment; will sell for only $34,000.

H. C. MENDEL & CO.,

'Phones 94 N. 407 E. Ohio st.

Lands and Acreage.

COAL MINES AND FARMS.

Good farms and coal mines on same, operating; good local trade for coal; investigate.

ROYAL REALTY CO., 904 Park Building.

For Sale or Exchange.

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE—$28,000 worth of clear vacant frontage on paved street. Twenty-first ward. Went Improved.

W. W. ELDERKIN,

432 Fourth ave.

REAL ESTATE.

Buy, sell or exchange.

G. B. HART, Coraopolis, Pa.

Business Opportunities.

BUSINESSES FOR SALE.

COAL, SAND AND GRAVEL, $10,000; drug store $7,000; groceries, from $650 to $2,000; bakery, confectionery and ice cream, $2,200; meat markets, $400 and $500; hose and sign painting establishment, half interest, $500; general electrical business, $600; department store in new and growing town of 10,000 population, profitable, about $4,000; dressmaking, notions, $4,200; drygoods, notions and millinery, at invoice, $1,500; bicycle store, gas light supplies and gas fittings, etc., at invoice, about $2,500; saloon, well located, $1,000; built in six weeks, half interest for $800; Mexican onyx, soda fountain, stand and four marble slabs, cheap.

H. L. KIEFER CO.,

615 West Diamond st., Allegheny.

CIGAR AND CONFECTIONERY STORE—Good location in Allegheny; rent for store room and 4 living rooms, $20 a month; price $1,250.

GENTS' FURNISHING AND SHOE STORE—In one of Pittsburgh's best suburban towns; good room and good location. Will exchange for part good improved city property. Invoice $7,000.

ZAHNISER & CO.,

426 Fourth ave.

FOR SALE—Or would exchange for good city property, general store in Somerset county, doing a prosperous business and will invoice about $4,500; estab. 25 yrs.; also first-class property, store and dwelling, with 1 acre ground in town, and large stable, 2-story warehouse and good outbuildings; price $5,500 or would rent property; owner going into banking business; answer at once. See

HOWICK THOMPSON CO., 347 Fifth ave.

PAYS 12 PER CENT NET.

Price $11,000.

Three-story new apartment house, modern and complete; location unsurpassed; present monthly rent income $115 per month, or $1,380 per annum; a fine property and well worth $14,000; owner going west and will sacrifice to make quick sale. Address R, Box 661, Pittsburgh.

FOR SALE—Furniture and carpet store in suburban town, doing an excellent business and clearing $3,000 a year, can be bought at invoice $2,500; fine location and good lease; would accept security for part; this is a good opening.

HOWICK THOMPSON CO., 347 Fifth ave.

MEAT MARKET—Good business in good location; party speaking German can double business; 8 nice living rooms and attic attached; old established shop; price $400.

THE H. L. KIEFER CO.,

615 West Diamond st., Allegheny.

FOR SALE—We have a good $5,000 stock of drygoods and wearing apparel in good town of 6,000 pop., which we can sell at 70 cts. on the dollar; doing a business of $800 week.

HOWICK THOMPSON CO., 347 Fifth ave.

A GROCERY SPECIAL.

$500 or invoice, will buy one of the best corner groceries in Allegheny; nice dwelling rooms and low rent; don't overlook this.

THE JAS. MURTHA CO., 51, 320 Fifth ave.

BUSINESS of all kinds sold, partners secured for established business, stock companies organized and industrial enterprises financed; all business strictly confidential.

THE PUBLIC TRUST CO., 230 Fourth ave.

BUSINESS of all kinds bought and sold; partners secured for established business, etc.; all transactions strictly confidential.

W. J. KIRK, Room 1109 Arrott Building.

Wood st. and Fourth ave.

RESTAURANT—In Allegheny; cash register, coffee urn, mirrors, steel range and everything complete; business of $30 daily; 2 rooms connected; rent $20; price $700.

HOWICK THOMPSON CO., 347 Fifth ave.

DEPARTMENT STORE—Located in a manufacturing town 35 miles from Pittsburgh, doing a good business; rent, $40 per month, including 7 living rooms; price $4,000.

W. J. KIRK, 1109 Arrott Building.

COMMISSION and Produce Business—In nearby established location, paying; selling business $4,000 per week; business will bear strict investigation; price $3,500.

CAVANAGH CO., 431 Fourth ave.

POOL AND BILLIARD ROOM—Fifth ave., city; making money; 5 tables; rent $50; doing $350 per month; can increase; price $1,200; part cash will do.

ROYAL REALTY CO., 904 Park building.

$2.25 ON every $100 invested was the dividend paid last week; the weekly average for this year is over 7 per cent; send for particulars. Seaman & Co., Drexel Bldg., Philadelphia.

GROCERY STORE—Corner location in the East End; doing a business of $1,000 month; rent, including 8 living rooms $50 month. Price $1,500.

W. J. KIRK, 1109 Arrott Building.

FOR SALE—Grocery doing a business of $150 a week, in Allegheny; will sacrifice at $350. Look this up as it is a good opening.

HOWICK THOMPSON CO., 347 Fifth ave.

JEWELRY STORE—Centrally located; doing a large business; rent $50, including 4 living rooms. Price $3,000.

W. J. KIRK, 1109 Arrott Building.

GROCERY—Good stock, 5 rooms and complete, doing a nice business, on Forbes st.; price $500.

HOWICK THOMPSON CO., 347 Fifth ave.

If you want to buy or sell any kind of business, see CAVANAGH CO., 431 Fourth ave.

BUSINESS CHANCES—Send for list. Estep & Co., 826 Fourth ave.

Pianos.

$450 PIANO. Famous upright; cover, stool; family disposes cheap. Address box 1357, Pittsburgh.

FOR SALE.

Machinery.

ENGINES.

52x64 and 28x60 Corliss.

20x24 Automatic.

12 and 22x24 Cross Compound.

BOILERS.

8—90-inch Boilers.

2—175 H. P. B. & W.

MISCELLANEOUS.

44"x30", 30"x16" and 18"x10" Lathes.

42x90x18 and 12x12x60 Planers.

24" and 20" Drill Presses.

1—No. 2 Pipe Machine.

1—60-ton Hydraulic Wheel Press.

1—7 Steam Crane.

1—4-ton Yale & Towne hand traveling crane.

1—42"x24 Swell Disc.

1—350 and 1-500 H. P. Heater, Brass Tubes.

ATWELL MACHINERY COMPANY,

307 Hamilton Bldg.

Bell 'phone 1808 Grant. P. & A. 2899 Main.

STEAM AND POWER HAMMERS.

60-lb. Justis Belt Driven Trip Hammer.

75-lb. Justis Belt Driven Trip Hammer.

60-lb. Isaakney Belt Driven Air Hammer.

150-lb. Williams & White Trip Hammer.

80-lb. Yeadon Belt Driven Hammer.

450-lb. Bell Steam Hammer.

600-lb. Double Stand Steam Hammer.

600-lb. Pratt & Whitney Drop Hammer.

50-ton Pittsburgh Steam Hydraulic Riveter.

14-in. Alligator Shear with Engine.

1 Vertical Belt Driven Punch, capacity 3x¾.

Lathes, Drill Presses and Blacksmith Tools.

Boilers, Engines and Pumps, all sizes and types.

WICKES BROTHERS,

Office 45th st. and A. V. R. R.

Both 'phones.

FOR SALE—Boilers and engines, all sizes, from 10 to 125 H. P.; stationary and portable; upright boilers and engines. Large assortment kept in stock; shafting, pulleys and hangers, and large lot of miscellaneous machinery; second-hand belting and leather for sale; large stock of all sizes at low prices; machinery of all kinds bought and exchanged.

JOHN S. YOUNG,

108-110 Park way, Allegheny, Pa.

FOR SALE—Second-hand combination bolt and pipe cutter, one shaper, one drill press, one car wheel press.

New sheaves of all kinds, wire rope, and all kinds of machinery for haulage plants; write for prices; quick shipping a specialty.

J. S. Milholland Co., 714 Fifth ave., Pittsburgh.

LOT of shafting, two heavy braiding machines, 16 and 32-carriers; an 11,000-pound kettle.

N. G. AYRES,

426 Diamond street.

N. C. DAVISON,

Gas and Steam Engines, Boilers, Pumps, Compressors, 308 Frick building.

FOR SALE—8 h. p. boiler and engine; good condition, cheap. McClung Printing Co., 820 Webster ave.

Jewelry.

FOR SALE—Unredeemed solitaire diamond Tiffany ring, blue white and perfect, weight about ⅝ of a karat; original cost $100; will sell for $47.

FOR SALE—Unredeemed marquis diamond ring, containing 34 diamonds, all fine matched stones; original cost $225; will sell for $100.

FOR SALE—Unredeemed diamond and pearl brooch, containing 1¼-karat diamond in center and 5 half-karat stones on outside, all blue white and absolutely perfect; original cost $450; will sell for $280.

Call at once.

Six per cent.

MARKET STREET LOAN OFFICE,

214 Market st.

Near Third ave.

Capital $250,000.00.

Horses and Vehicles.

AT THE ALLEGHENY HORSE EXCHANGE, 510 and 518 First st., Allegheny, you always find a large selection of horses in all descriptions, heavy draught and general purpose horses a specialty; fresh arrivals every week.

FOR SALE—Six head of driving and general purpose horses, ranging in weight from 1,000 to 1,200 pounds, well broken, single and double. Dewey & Jenkins, West Winfield, Butler county, Pa.

Sewing Machines.

BIG BARGAINS!

100 shopworn and trial sewing machines; all makes; must be disposed of in a short time to make room for our new stock of machines. REGARDLESS OF PRICE.

NEW HOME SEWING MACHINE CO.,

H. CARTER, GEN. AGENT,

131 Sixth st., next to Bijou.

Typewriters.

FOR SALE—A $100 No. 2 Hammond typewriter with three type shuttles, for only $40 cash. Has been used but little and has never needed repairs. Is as good as new. If not found as represented can be returned and money will be refunded. W. J. Wambaugh, Jumonville, Fayette Co., Pa.

Miscellaneous.

FOR SALE—Greatest bargains ever offered in fireproof safes; don't buy a safe until you get prices from C. W. Franklin; you will be surprised what you can save. Store No. 6 Fourth ave.; booklets free; safes repaired.

DESKS—A few small roll tops, three bookkeeper desks, one flat top, office chairs, refrigerator and pool tables. 418 Diamond st.

WANT your house warm and comfortable; buy a Cameron Little Wonder Heater. L. A. Cameron, Bellevue.

H. C. KNAPP, commercial job printer, 3521 Butler st. Both telephones.

FOR SALE—Second-hand safe, cheap, at 92 Sixth street.

PERSONAL.

PERSONAL—Ladies and Gents, don't fail to send us your name and address for our special gold watch certificate offer; secure one free; inclose stamp for reply. Dralles Jewelry Co., 414 Ferguson bldg., Pittsburgh.

PERSONAL—MADAM DUVAL, world's greatest scientific palmist, can be consulted on all matters at 828 Penn ave.

PERSONAL—Thermal baths, massage, magnetic healing, facial massage. 168 W. North ave.

PERSONAL—Zoza Kenilworth, late 27 Ave. du Bois de Boulogne, Paris. 515 Penn ave.

PERSONAL—Baths and massage. Anna Day, 342 Penn ave., ground floor.

PERSONAL—Baths, manicuring. Eisle Mails, 800 Penn ave., second floor.

DIVIDENDS

Allegheny Heating Company,
Treasury Department,
Allegheny, Pa., Feb. 9, 1903.

DIVIDEND—The directors of this day declared the regular quarterly dividend of THREE (3) PER CENT, and an extra dividend of FIVE (5) PER CENT, payable February 25, 1903, to stockholders of record February 14, 1903. Checks will be mailed.

C. J. BRAUN, JR., Treasurer.

NOTICES.

NOTICE—Members of Puritan Commandery, No. 250 Knights of Malta, will please attend special meeting on Friday, 13th inst., at 7:30 p. m., at Corse No. 733 Penn ave., Wilkinsburg, at 7 p. m., February 11th, to make arrangements for the funeral of our late Sir Knight companion, Jonathan W. Reed, who died early Tuesday evening. JOHN G. MILES, Secretary.

AUCTION SALES.

AUCTION—Groceries—Next Thursday at 10 a. m., we will offer and sell a fine stock of groceries of all kinds, coffee, tea, sugar, canned goods, spices, etc., to the trade. Buyers will hood clean stock, and all must be sold on this day. DOBERT WELLS CO., Auctioneers, 165 Liberty st.

DANCING ACADEMIES.

JAMES P. BROOKS' DANCING ACADEMY, 1010 Penn ave.—Advanced class Thursdays; beginners' classes Monday and Friday evenings.

BRAUN'S Dancing Academy; 10 lessons three dollars. Sixth and Liberty sts. Austin McFadden, owner.

LEGAL NOTICES.

CLERK'S NOTICE IN BANKRUPTCY. Alex. B. Gordon, 4134 Grant street, in the district court of the United States for the Western district of Pennsylvania, John Lyons Rane of Pittsburgh, Allegheny county, Pennsylvania, a bankrupt under the act of congress of July 1, 1898, having applied for a full discharge from all debts provable against his estate under said act, notice is hereby given to all known creditors and other persons in interest to appear before the said court at Pittsburgh, in said district, on the 10th day of March, 1903, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, to show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of the said petitioner should not be granted. William T. Lindsay, Clerk.

CHARLES SCHLEGEL, Attorney-at-Law, No. 216 Belmont building, Pittsburgh, Pa. Notice is hereby given that letters testamentary on the estate of Jacob Shafer, deceased, late of Elizabeth township, Allegheny county, have been granted to the undersigned, to whom all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims or demands against the same will make them known without delay. Catherine Shafer, executrix, Emsworth, P. O., Allegheny Co., Pa.

C. LEE, Attorney-at-Law, 430 Fourth ave. Notice is hereby given that letters of administration anchtiary on the estate of Jeremiah K. Pugh, deceased, late of Plymouth county, Mass., have been granted to the undersigned, to whom all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims or demands against the same will make them known without delay.

C. Lee, Ancillary Administrator.

NOTICE is hereby given that letters testamentary on the estate of Mary A. Oglesbee, deceased, late of Allegheny county, have been granted to the undersigned, to whom all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims or demands against the same will make them known without delay. H. W. Gotwald, executor, No. 307 Fourth avenue Pittsbur

CONDITION OF NATIONAL BANKS AT THE CLOSE OF BUSINESS FEBRUARY 6, 1903

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF THE

MERCHANTS AND MANUFACTURERS NATIONAL BANK,

at Pittsburgh, in the state of Pennsylvania, at the close of business, February 6, 1903.

RESOURCES.

Loans and discounts	$3,618,110 62	
Investment securities	747,756 82	
		$4,365,866 84
Overdrafts, secured and unsecured		258 57
U. S. bonds to secure circulation		100,000 00
U. S. bonds to secure U. S. deposits		24,525 00
Premiums on U. S. bonds		
Banking house, furniture and fixtures		149,940 47
Other real estate and mortgages owned		17,169 37
Due from national banks (not reserve agents)	$ 429,272 05	
Due from state banks and bankers	84,342 67	
Due from approved reserve agents	653,879 80	
Checks and other cash items	7,231 05	
Exchanges for clearing house	427,316 58	
Notes of other national banks	15,500 00	
Fractional paper currency, nickels and cents	1,437 79	
Lawful money reserve in bank, viz.:		
Specie	265,035 85	
Legal tender notes	80,000 00	
	1,944,003 35	
Redemption fund with U. S. treasurer (5 pe rcent. of circulation)	5,000 00	
Due from U. S. treasurer, other than 5 per cent. redemption fund	23,000 00	
		$8,920,461 40

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock paid in		$ 800,000 00
Surplus fund		800,000 00
Undivided profits, less expenses and taxes paid		87,356 29
National bank notes outstanding		100,000 00
Due to other national banks	$ 827,861 34	
Due to state banks and bankers	41,427 27	
Due to trust companies and savings banks	772,697 82	
Dividends unpaid	9,648 50	
Individual deposits subject to check	3,668,031 35	
Certified checks	21,894 20	
Cashier's checks outstanding	1,990 03	
U. S. deposits	300,000 00	
	5,645,105 11	
Total		$8,980,461 40

State of Pennsylvania, county of Allegheny, ss:

I, J. M. Russell, cashier of the above-named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true, to the best of my knowledge and belief. J. M. RUSSELL, Cashier.

Subscribed and sworn to before me, this 9th day of February, 1903.

WM. F. ROBB, Notary Public.

Correct—Attest:

E. M. FERGUSON,
JOHN E. MURFORD,
ALBERT J. LOGAN,
Directors.

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF THE

UNION NATIONAL BANK,

at Pittsburg, in the state of Pennsylvania, at the close of business, February 6, 1903.

RESOURCES.

Investment securities	$ 1,242,325 34	
Loans and discounts	3,541,962 58	
		$4,784,287 92
Overdrafts, secured and unsecured		561 24
U. S. bonds to secure circulation		250,000 00
U. S. bonds to secure U. S. deposits		
Premiums on U. S. bonds		14,062 50
Banking house, furniture and fixtures		103,951 54
Other real estate and mortgages owned		11,136 76
Due from national banks (not reserve agents)		118,402 74
Due from state banks and bankers		2,020 75
Due from approved reserve agents		547,206 57
Checks and other cash items		13,407 64
Exchanges for clearing house		93,700 03
Notes of other national banks		23,740 00
Fractional paper currency, nickels and cents		513 85
Lawful money reserve in bank, viz.:		
Specie ($284,587 50, deliver $15,879 00)	$220,466 50	
Legal tender notes	243,050 00	
	463,488 50	
Redemption fund with U. S. treasurer (5 per cent. of circulation)	12,300 00	
Total		$6,744,067 10

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock paid in		$ 250,000 00
Surplus fund		1,000,000 00
Undivided profits, less expenses and taxes paid		303,872 66
National bank notes outstanding		241,750 00
Due to other national banks	$ 112,111 83	
Due to state banks and bankers	28,102 83	
Due to trust companies and savings banks	309,000 75	
Due to approved reserve agents	1,214 80	
Dividends unpaid	322 50	
Individual deposits subject to check	3,164,782 70	
Certified checks	22,484 70	
Cashier's checks outstanding	106,000 00	
United States deposits	200,000 00	
	4,237,111 21	
Surplus stock and surplus account	711,323 38	
Total		$8,744,067 10

State of Pennsylvania, county of Allegheny, ss:

I, C. F. Dean, cashier of the above-named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true, to the best of my knowledge and belief. C. F. DEAN, Cashier.

Subscribed and sworn to before me, this 9th day of February, 1903.

WILLIAM F. ROBB, Notary Public.

Correct—Attest:

T. M. ARMSTRONG,
WM. M. REES,
ROBT. A. ORR,
Directors.

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF THE

PENNSYLVANIA NATIONAL BANK,

at Pittsburgh, in the state of Pennsylvania, at the close of business February 6, 1903.

RESOURCES.

Loans and discounts		$ 899,071 99
Overdrafts, secured and unsecured		134 85
U. S. bonds to secure circulation		50,000 00
Stocks, securities, etc.		88,445 00
Banking house, furniture and fixtures		55,758 49
Due from national banks (not reserve agents)		43,610 80
Due from approved reserve agents		94,566 09
Checks and other cash items		7,809 00
Exchanges for clearing house		12,846 26
Notes of other national banks		2,015 00
Fractional paper currency, nickels and cents		945 86
Lawful money reserve in bank, viz.:		
Specie	$137,140 00	
Legal-tender notes	54,051 00	
	191,191 00	
Redemption fund with U. S. treasurer (5 per cent of circulation)	2,500 00	
Total		$1,359,785 53

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock paid in		$ 200,000 00
Surplus fund		125,000 00
Undivided profits, less expenses and taxes paid		19,924 86
National bank notes outstanding		50,000 00
Dividends unpaid		105 00
Individual deposits subject to check		933,056 29
Certified checks		11,142 76
Cashier's checks outstanding		20,558 35
Total		$1,359,785 53

State of Pennsylvania, county of Allegheny, ss:

I, R. M. Davis, cashier of the above-named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true, to the best of my knowledge and belief. R. M. DAVIS, Cashier.

Subscribed and sworn to before me, this 9th day of February, 1903.

THOS. M'CAFFREY, Notary Public.

Correct—Attest:

A. S. M. MORGAN,
J. F. SEAMAN,
E. V. VILSACK,
Directors.

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF THE

FIRST NATIONAL BANK,

of Allegheny, in the state of Pennsylvania, at the close of business February 6, 1903.

RESOURCES.

Loans and discounts		$1,176,936 60
Overdrafts, secured and unsecured		2,260 55
U. S. bonds to secure circulation		100,000 00
Premiums on U. S. bonds		6,600 00
Stocks, securities, etc.		59,620 00
Banking house, furniture and fixtures		114,862 50
Other real estate owned		6,022 72
Due from national banks (not reserve agents)		20,565 48
Due from state banks and bankers		7,872 40
Due from approved reserve agents		74,251 26
Checks and other cash items		3,089 57
Exchanges for clearing house		24,152 40
Notes of other national banks		1,190 00
Fractional paper currency, nickels and cents		375 00
Lawful money reserve in bank, viz.:		
Specie	$38,601 50	
Legal-tender notes	45,966 00	
	144,567 50	
Redemption fund with U. S. treasurer (5 per cent of circulation)	5,000 00	
Total		$1,747,296 45

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock paid in		$ 350,000 00
Surplus fund		100,000 00
Undivided profits, less expenses and taxes paid		37,120 15
National bank notes outstanding		349,000 00
Individual deposits subject to check		1,082,143 16
Cashier's checks outstanding		78,196 69
		$1,747,296 45

State of Pennsylvania, county of Allegheny, ss:

I, H. Kramer, cashier of the above-named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true, to the best of my knowledge and belief. H. KRAMER, Cashier.

Subscribed and sworn to before me, this 9th day of February, 1903.

A. C. HENRY, Notary Public.

Correct—Attest:

JOHN THOMPSON,
T. G. MCCUTCHEON,
R. C. TANNEHILL,
Directors.

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF THE

SECOND NATIONAL BANK,

at Pittsburgh, in the state of Pennsylvania, at the close of business February 6, 1903:

RESOURCES.

Loans and discounts		$ 6,571,411 91
Overdrafts, secured and unsecured		401 69
U. S. bonds to secure circulation		50,000 00
U. S. bonds to secure U. S. deposits		640,000 00
Premiums on U. S. bonds		107,926 03
Stocks, securities, etc		3,487,298 51
Banking house, furniture and fixtures		280,000 00
Other real estate and mortgages owned		56,630 17
Due from national banks (not reserve agents)	$1,060,488 21	
Due from state banks and bankers	81,891 25	
Due from approved reserve agents	2,004,754 15	
		3,215,613 74
Checks and other cash items	20,849 39	
Exchanges for clearing house	177,587 48	
Notes of other national banks	27,500 00	
Fractional paper currency, nickels and cents	665 50	
Lawful money reserve in bank, viz.:		
Specie	$38,500 00	
Legal-tender notes	408,000 00	
		1,471,082 57
Redemption fund with U. S. treasurer (5 per cent of circulation)	2,350 00	
Due from U. S. Treasurer other than 5 per cent redemption fund	19,000 00	
Total		$15,911,925 02

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock paid in		$ 600,000 00
Surplus fund		2,500,000 00
Undivided profits, less expenses and taxes paid		684,432 52
National bank notes outstanding		50,000 00
Due to other national banks	$4,982,213 28	
Due to state banks and bankers	651,803 58	
Due to trust companies and savings banks	548,461 70	
Dividends unpaid	10,120 00	
Individual deposits subject to check	5,148,164 15	
Demand certificates of deposit	72,180 88	
Time certificates of deposit	100,000 00	
Certified checks	21,894 20	
Cashier's checks outstanding	7,627 67	
United States deposits	640,000 00	
	12,077,491 50	
Total		$15,911,925 02

State of Pennsylvania, county of Allegheny, ss:

I, Thomas W. Welsh, Jr., cashier of the above-named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true, to the best of my knowledge and belief. THOMAS W. WELSH, JR., Cashier.

Subscribed and sworn to before me, this 10th day of February, 1903.

WILLIS L. CORNELL, Notary Public.

Correct—Attest:

H. C. BUGHMAN,
GEO. H. DAULER,
ROBT. D. ELWOOD,
Directors.

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF THE

PEOPLES NATIONAL BANK,

at Pittsburgh, in the state of Pennsylvania, at the close of business February 6, 1903:

RESOURCES.

Investment securities	$2,104,047 42	
Loans and discounts	5,853,960 68	
		$ 7,957,948 10
Overdrafts, secured and unsecured		8,616 68
U. S. bonds to secure circulation		1,000,000 00
U. S. bonds to secure U. S. deposits		500,000 00
Banking house, furniture and fixtures		150,000 00
Other real estate, 411 Wood st		102,000 00
Due from national banks (not reserve agents)	$ 316,026 42	
Due from state banks and bankers	8,217 20	
Due from approved reserve agents	1,185,196 41	
		1,508,143 12
Checks and other cash items	$ 38,268 00	
Exchanges for clearing house	304,077 72	
Notes of other national banks	70,000 00	
Fractional paper currency, nickels and cents	1,139 06	
Lawful money reserve in bank, viz.:		
Specie	693,376 00	
Legal-tender notes	265,000 00	
		1,370,061 26
Redemption fund with U. S. treasurer (5 per cent. of circulation)	50,000 00	
Internal revenue stamps	122 80	
Total		$12,648,822 14

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock paid in		$ 1,000,000 00
Surplus fund		1,000,000 00
Undivided profits, less expenses and taxes paid		355,831 50
National bank notes outstanding		1,000,000 00
Due to trust companies and savings banks	$2,111,288 28	
Due to other national banks	910,483 60	
Due to state banks and bankers	280,023 45	
Dividends unpaid	174 00	
Individual deposits subject to check	4,762,181 03	
Demand certificates of deposit	55,832 30	
Certified checks	42,043 39	
Cashier's checks outstanding	177,474 60	
U. S. deposits	550,000 00	
U. S. bonds account	450,000 00	
	9,291,000 64	
Total		$12,648,822 14

State of Pennsylvania, county of Allegheny, ss:

I, Robert Wardrop, cashier of the above-named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true, to the best of my knowledge and belief. ROBERT WARDROP, Cashier.

Subscribed and sworn to before me, this 9th day of February, 1903.

W. T. HOWE, Notary Public.

Correct—Attest:

D. E. PARK,
HENRY CHALFANT,
C. H. SPANG,
Directors.

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF THE

FIRST NATIONAL BANK

at Pittsburgh, in the state of Pennsylvania, at the close of business, February 6, 1903:

RESOURCES.

Loans and discounts		$10,586,869 23
Overdrafts, secured and unsecured		29 23
U. S. bonds to secure circulation		200,000 00
U. S. bonds to secure U. S. deposits		300,000 00
Banking house, furniture and fixtures		464,410 40
Other real estate and mortgages owned		28,100 00
Due from national banks (not reserve agents)	$ 184,152 40	
Due from state banks and bankers	338,562 64	
Due from approved reserve agents	508,298 82	
		1,031,013 86
Checks and other cash items	$ 63,816 34	
Exchanges for clearing house	929,126	
Notes of other national banks	10,000 00	
Fractional paper currency, nickels and cents	1,396 61	
Lawful money reserve in bank, viz.:		
Specie	1,067,200 00	
Legal tender notes	846,146 00	
		3,280,258 20
Redemption fund with U. S. treasurer (5 per cent. of circulation)	10,000 00	
Due from U. S. treasurer, other than 5 per cent. redemption fund	64,500 00	
Total		$16,775,178 04

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock paid in		$ 1,000,000 00
Surplus fund		1,500,000 00
Undivided profits, less expenses and taxes paid	669,433 59	
		3,169,433 59
National bank notes outstanding		260,000 00
Due to other national banks	$2,478,787 38	
Due to state banks and bankers	1,507,401 74	
Dividends unpaid	1,020 00	
Individual deposits subject to check	9,205,245 78	
Demand certificates of deposit	415 00	
Certified checks	62,041 82	
Cashier's checks outstanding	39,533 68	
United States deposits	300,000 00	
	13,403,745 35	
Total		$16,775,178 04

State of Pennsylvania, county of Allegheny, ss:

I, F. H. Spelding, cashier of the above-named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true, to the best of my knowledge and belief. F. H. SPELDING, Cashier.

Subscribed and sworn to before me, this 9th day of February, 1903.

M. L. NEWELL, Notary Public.

Correct—Attest:

CHAS. E. SPEER,
THOS. WIGHTMAN,
W. HARRY BROWN,
Directors.

PATENTS.

H. C. EVERT & CO., Patent Attorneys, 305 Smithfield st., opposite Postoffice.

PATENTS—O. D. Levis; 25 years attorney, 948 Smithfield st., Pittsburgh.

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF THE

ALLEGHENY NATIONAL BANK,

at Pittsburgh, in the state of Pennsylvania, at the close of business, February 6, 1903.

RESOURCES.

Loans and discounts		$2,385,425 25
Overdrafts, secured and unsecured		6 00
U. S. bonds to secure circulation		150,000 00
Premiums on U. S. bonds		10,000 00
Stocks and securities		3,000 00
Investment securities		160,000 00
Banking house, furniture and fixtures		90,000 00
Other real estate and mortgages owned		9,820 00
Due from national banks (not reserve agents)	$ 52,978 20	
Due from state banks and bankers	5,306 39	
Due from approved reserve agents	213,289 40	
		243,820 63
Checks and other cash items	$ 911 08	
Exchanges for clearing house	162,693 93	
Notes of other national banks	5,140 00	
Fractional paper currency, nickels and cents	241 63	
Lawful money reserve in bank, viz.:		
Specie	257,628 50	
Legal tender notes	140,000 00	
		826,615 44
Redemption fund with U. S. treasurer (5 per cent of circulation)	7,500 00	
Total		$4,892,587 34

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock paid in		$ 500,000 00
Surplus fund		500,000 00
Undivided profits, less expenses and taxes paid		166,238 83
National bank notes outstanding		148,497 50
Due to other national banks	$ 478,563 37	
Due to state banks and bankers	85,897 27	
Dividends unpaid	4,245 50	
Individual deposits subject to check	2,978,804 56	
Demand certificates of deposit	5,000 00	
Certified checks	73,785 25	
Cashier's checks outstanding	5,000 00	
	3,642,705 93	
Total		$4,892,587 34

State of Pennsylvania, county of Allegheny, ss:

I, H. M. Landis, cashier of the above-named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true, to the best of my knowledge and belief. H. M. LANDIS, Cashier.

Subscribed and sworn to before me, this 9th day of February, 1903.

WILLIAM F. ROBB, Notary Public.

Correct—Attest:

WM. STEWART,
WALTER CHESS,
THOS. EVANS,
Directors.

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF THE

PITTSBURGH NATIONAL BANK OF COMMERCE.

at Pittsburgh, in the state of Pennsylvania, at the close of business, February 6, 1903:

RESOURCES.

Investment securities	$ 168,329 00	
Loans and discounts	3,652,679 08	$5,820,942 08
Overdrafts, secured and unsecured		1,902 52
U. S. bonds to secure circulation		200,000 00
U. S. bonds to secure U. S. deposits		500,000 00
Premiums on U. S. bonds		35,000 00
Banking house, furniture and fixtures		160,000 00
Due from national banks (not reserve agents)		131,685 22
Due from state banks and bankers		13,664 87
Due from approved reserve agents		440,150 68
Checks and other cash items		2,184 65
Exchanges for clearing house		134,004 71
Notes of other national banks		15,450 00
Fractional paper currency, nickels and cents		31 76
Lawful money reserve in bank, viz:		
Specie	$325,507 67	
Legal-tender notes	117,500 00	
		443,007 67
Redemption fund with U. S. treasurer (5 per cent of circulation)		15,000 00
Due from U. S. treasurer other than 5 per cent redemption fund		11,000 00
Total		$7,940,378 06

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock paid in		$ 500,000 00
Surplus fund		1,000,000 00
Undivided profits, less expenses and taxes paid		146,688 78
National bank notes outstanding		309,000 00
Due to other national banks	$1,13,839 96	
Due to state banks and bankers	465,804 98	
Due to trust companies and savings banks	285,014 08	
Dividends unpaid	618 00	
Individual deposits subject to check	3,207,234 86	
Cashier's checks outstanding	21,647 45	
U. S. deposits	488,204 05	
Deposits of U. S. disbursing officers	14,795 05	5,968,719 30
Total		$7,940,378 06

State of Pennsylvania, county of Allegheny, ss:

I, A. C. Knox, cashier of the above-named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true, to the best of my knowledge and belief. A. C. KNOX, Cashier.

Subscribed and sworn to before me, this 9th day of February, 1903.

H. T. MORRIS, Notary Public.

Correct—Attest:

WM. J. ABBOTT,
JAMES LOCKHART,
W. H. KRECH,
Directors.

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF THE

FEDERAL NATIONAL BANK,

at Pittsburgh, in the state of Pennsylvania, at the close of business, February 6, 1903:

RESOURCES.

Loans and discounts		$4,314,346 67
Overdrafts, secured and unsecured		5,825 11
U. S. bonds to secure circulation		200,000 00
U. S. bonds to secure U. S. deposits		50,000 00
Premiums on U. S. bonds		23,512 57
Stocks, securities, etc.		317,500 00
Furniture and fixtures		21,812 10
Due from national banks (not reserve agents)		468,256 18
Due from state banks and bankers		78,382 72
Due from approved reserve agents		351,029 47
Checks and other cash items		474 44
Exchanges for clearing house		111,717 45
Notes of other national banks		17,177 00
Fractional paper currency, nickels and cents		532 91
Lawful money reserve in bank, viz.:		
Specie	$187,475 50	
Legal tender notes	102,325 00	
		289,800 50
Redemption fund with U. S. treasurer (5 per cent of circulation)		7,400 00
Total		$6,257,561 00

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock paid in		$2,000,000 00
Surplus fund		400,000 00
Undivided profits, less expenses and taxes paid		189,692 75
National bank notes outstanding		200,000 00
Due to other national banks	$ 966,668 96	
Due to state banks and bankers	127,891 62	
Due to trust companies and savings banks	751,730 83	
Dividends unpaid	1,401 00	
Individual deposits subject to check	1,538,952 67	
Demand certificates of deposit	58,773 87	
Certified checks	24,179 25	
Cashier's checks outstanding	3,360 00	
United States deposits	50,000 00	
	3,517,958 25	
Total		$6,257,561 00

State of Pennsylvania, county of Allegheny, ss:

I, G. W. Eisenbeis, cashier of the above-named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true, to the best of my knowledge and belief. G. W. EISENBEIS, Cashier.

Subscribed and sworn to before me, this 9th day of February, 1903.

T. CARLISLE MOORE, Notary Public.

Correct—Attest:

A. E. SUCCOP,
W. A. DINKER,
EDWARD FITZAIRN,
Directors.

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF THE

FIRST NATIONAL BANK OF BIRMINGHAM,

at Pittsburgh, in the state of Pennsylvania, at the close of business February 6, 1903.

RESOURCES.

Loans and discounts		$ 852,823 37
Overdrafts, secured and unsecured		7,287 95
U. S. bonds to secure circulation		100,000 00
Premiums on U. S. bonds		910 95
Banking house, furniture and fixtures		40,000 00
Due from approved reserve agents		48,681 40
Notes of other national banks		5,086 00
Fractional paper currency, nickels and cents		87 35
Lawful money reserve in bank, viz.:		
Specie	$39,417 00	
Legal-tender notes	35,000 00	
	74,417 00	
Redemption fund with U. S. treasurer (5 per cent of circulation)	5,000 00	
Total		$1,103,429 11

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock paid in		$ 100,000 00
Surplus fund		100,000 00
Undivided profits, less expenses and taxes paid		81,646 15
National bank notes outstanding		100,000 00
Dividends unpaid		522 00
Individual deposits subject to check		707,837 11
Demand certificates of deposit		15,905 85
Cashier's checks outstanding		8 00
Total		$1,103,429 11

State of Pennsylvania, county of Allegheny, ss:

I, Daniel Beech, cashier of the above-named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true, to the best of my knowledge and belief. DANIEL BEECH, Cashier.

Subscribed and sworn to before me, this 9th day of February, 1903.

A. C. WALTER, Notary Public.

Correct—Attest:

ALBERT ERNWEIN,
DANIEL BEECH,
CHARLES FISCHER,
Directors.

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF THE

TRADESMENS NATIONAL BANK,

at Pittsburgh, in the state of Pennsylvania, at the close of business, February 6, 1903.

RESOURCES.

Loans and discounts		$1,389,116 97
Overdrafts, secured and unsecured		258 82
U. S. bonds to secure circulation		200,000 00
U. S. bonds to secure U. S. deposits		560,000 00
Premiums on U. S. bonds		
Stocks and securities		211,000 00
Investment securities		310,250 00
Tradesmens' Land Co. stock		100,000 00
Banking house, furniture and fixtures		500,255 03
Furniture and fixtures		5,000 00
Other real estate and mortgages owned		130,500 00
Due from national banks (not reserve agents)	$ 82,978 20	
Due from state banks and bankers	27,968 20	
Due from approved reserve agents	132,679 28	
		243,820 68
Checks and other cash items	659 70	
Exchanges for clearing house	165,007 88	
Notes of other national banks	5,170 00	
Fractional paper currency, nickels and cents	746 38	
Lawful money reserve in bank, viz.:		
Specie	262,400 00	
Legal tender notes	65,000 00	
		602,073 26
Redemption fund with U. S. treasurer (5 per cent of circulation)		10,000 00
Total		$3,821,385 29

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock paid in		$ 400,000 00
Surplus fund		200,000 00
Undivided profits, less expenses and taxes paid		67,511 00
National bank notes outstanding		200,000 00
Due to other national banks	$ 705,113 67	
Due to state banks and bankers	74,346 84	
Due to trust companies and savings banks	512,529 98	
Dividends unpaid	192 00	
Individual deposits subject to check	2,397,695 24	
Demand certificates of deposit	3,250 00	
Certified checks	30,097 93	
Cashier's checks outstanding	8,665 00	
	5,642,190 72	
Total		$4,709,116 53

State of Pennsylvania, county of Allegheny, ss:

I, John D. Fraser, cashier of the above-named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true, to the best of my knowledge and belief. JOHN D. FRASER, Cashier.

Subscribed and sworn to before me, this 9th day of February, 1903.

W. T. HOWE, Notary Public.

Correct—Attest:

CHAS. A. JAMISON,
THEO. SPROULL,
C. C. HAX,
Directors.

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF THE

DIAMOND NATIONAL BANK,

at Pittsburgh, in the state of Pennsylvania, at the close of business, February 6, 1903.

RESOURCES.

Loans and discounts		$2,570,227 38
Overdrafts, secured and unsecured		2,032 61
U. S. bonds to secure circulation		200,000 00
Stocks, securities, etc.		220,381 89
Banking house, furniture and fixtures		170,141 23
Due from national banks (not reserve agents)		124,740 10
Due from state banks and bankers		18,988 48
Due from approved reserve agents		205,856 88
Checks and other cash items		7,345 50
Exchanges for clearing house		110,852 78
Notes of other national banks		5,099 00
Fractional paper currency, nickels and cents		458 37
Lawful money reserve in bank, viz.:		
Specie	$202,842 90	
Legal tender notes	17,101 00	
		219,943 90
Redemption fund with U. S. treasurer (5 per cent of circulation)		10,000 00
Total		$3,876,801 69

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock paid in		$ 500,000 00
Surplus fund		1,000,000 00
Undivided profits, less expenses and taxes paid		219,045 99
National bank notes outstanding		200,000 00
Due to other national banks	$ 966,668 96	
Due to state banks and bankers	127,891 62	
Due to trust companies and savings banks	751,730 83	
Dividends unpaid	1,401 00	
Individual deposits subject to check	1,538,952 67	
Demand certificates of deposit	58,773 87	
Certified checks	24,179 25	
Cashier's checks outstanding	3,360 00	
United States deposits	50,000 00	
	3,517,958 25	
Total		$6,257,561 00

State of Pennsylvania, county of Allegheny, ss:

I, G. W. Eisenbeis, cashier of the above-named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true, to the best of my knowledge and belief. G. W. EISENBEIS, Cashier.

Subscribed and sworn to before me, this 9th day of February, 1903.

T. CARLISLE MOORE, Notary Public.

Correct—Attest:

A. E. SUCCOP,
W. A. DINKER,
EDWARD FITZAIRN,
Directors.

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF THE

MONONGAHELA NATIONAL BANK,

at Pittsburgh, in the state of Pennsylvania, at the close of business, February 6, 1903:

RESOURCES.

Loans and discounts		$3,260,545 80
Overdrafts, secured and unsecured		4,422 27
U. S. bonds to secure circulation		100,000 00
Stocks, securities, etc.		31,000 00
Banking house, furniture and fixtures		166,026 17
Other real estate and mortgages owned		7,510 80
Due from national banks (not reserve agents)	$174,885 12	
Due from state banks and bankers	9,814 08	
Due from approved reserve agents	456,507 67	
		643,806 87
Checks and other cash items	2,496 25	
Exchanges for clearing house	94,771 53	
Notes of other national banks	11,795 00	
Fractional paper currency, nickels and cents	851 94	
Lawful money reserve in bank, viz.:		
Specie	173,241 50	
Legal tender notes	287,639 00	
		550,763 22
Redemption fund with U. S. treasurer (5 per cent of circulation)		5,000 00
Total		$4,799,116 53

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock paid in		$ 500,000 00
Surplus fund		500,000 00
Undivided profits, less expenses and taxes paid		56,925 61
National bank notes outstanding		199,000 00
Due to other national banks	$ 705,118 67	
Due to state banks and bankers	74,346 84	
Due to trust companies and savings banks	512,529 98	
Dividends unpaid	192 00	
Individual deposits subject to check	2,397,695 24	
Demand certificates of deposit	3,250 00	
Certified checks	30,097 93	
Cashier's checks outstanding	8,665 00	
	5,642,190 72	
Total		$4,799,116 53

State of Pennsylvania, county of Allegheny, ss:

I, John D. Fraser, cashier of the above-named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true, to the best of my knowledge and belief. JOHN D. FRASER, Cashier.

Subscribed and sworn to before me, this 9th day of February, 1903.

W. T. HOWE, Notary Public.

Correct—Attest:

CHAS. A. JAMISON,
THEO. SPROULL,
C. C. HAX,
Directors.

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF THE

MELLON NATIONAL BANK,

at Pittsburgh, in the state of Pennsylvania, at the close of business, February 6, 1903.

RESOURCES.

Loans and discounts		$12,611,020 44
Overdrafts, secured and unsecured		30,647 31
U. S. bonds to secure circulation		500,000 00
U. S. bonds to secure U. S. deposits		500,000 00
Premiums on U. S. bonds		91,431 66
Stocks, securities, etc.		122,968 18
Furniture and fixtures		5,000 00
Due from National banks (not reserve agents)		382,279 19
Due from state banks and bankers		188,003 50
Due from approved reserve agents		1,263,388 26
Checks and other cash items		99,004 70
Exchanges for clearing house		681,621 63
Notes of other national banks		64,500 00
Fractional paper currency, nickels and cents		5,078 94
Lawful money reserve in bank, viz.:		
Specie	$900,000 00	
Legal tender notes	400,000 00	
		1,300,000 00
Redemption fund with U. S. treasurer (5 per cent of circulation)		27,500 00
Due from U. S. treasurer, other than 5 per cent redemption fund		69,000 00
Postage stamps		718 70
Total		$17,977,943 15

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock paid in		$ 2,000,000 00
Undivided profits, less expenses and taxes paid		282,185 46
National bank notes outstanding		550,000 00
Due to other national banks	$2,182,754 09	
Due to state banks and bankers	4,541,038 22	
Due to approved reserve agents	179,871 43	
Individual deposits subject to check	6,692,671 14	
Demand certificates of deposit	85,000 00	
Certified checks	803,115 00	
Cashier's checks outstanding	179,795 12	
United States deposits	500,000 00	
	15,166,760 08	
Total		$17,977,946 15

State of Pennsylvania, county of Allegheny, ss:

I, W. S. Mitchell, cashier of the above-named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true, to the best of my knowledge and belief. W. S. MITCHELL, Cashier.

Subscribed and sworn to before me, this 9th day of February, 1903.

DE VALDY J. HICKS, Notary Public.

Correct—Attest:

A. W. MELLON,
R. B. PRICE,
H. C. MELDOWNEY,
Directors.

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF THE

FORT PITT NATIONAL BANK,

at Pittsburgh, in the state of Pennsylvania, at the close of business, February 6, 1903.

RESOURCES.

Loans and discounts		$1,924,860 69
Overdrafts, secured and unsecured		3,828 22
U. S. bonds to secure circulation		200,000 00
Stocks, securities, etc.		8,052 50

EASTERN STOCKS CLOSED AT LOW POINT

Gould Stocks Led the Early Advance, but Lost All the Gain--Some Pressure on U. S. Steel. Local Securities Ruled Dull.

By JOHN O. BAGLIN, Financial Editor.

At the opening of the eastern stock market yesterday the activity and breadth of the previous day were well sustained, and under the leadership of the Gould issues higher prices prevailed. This was in the face of selling by London to the extent of about 10,000 shares, principally Atchison. The latter stock was quite strong, reaching 89½, or within a fraction of the highest of the present movement. Missouri Pacific advanced to 116⅞ and Wabash common advanced on large transactions. While this movement was in progress, however, there was considerable selling pressure on United States Steel, one house marketing 15,000 shares of the common during the first half-hour. Pennsylvania and St. Paul also sold off, and the movement in these stocks caused the traders, who were bullish, to pause in their efforts to boost prices. During the early part of the afternoon, when the general list was dull, considerable activity appeared in United States Leather, and the common advanced to 14⅜, while the preferred touched 94⅞, the highest price in recent years. This movement was based upon a revival of the story that some plan was in contemplation for adjusting the accumulated dividends on the preferred stock in order to improve the position of the common. Rumor had it that the recent decision relating to the United States Steel bond conversion plan would be utilized in reorganizing the capital of Leather, and there was a report that a prominent banking house had signified its willingness to undertake the reorganization. Similar stories have been current from time to time during the past few years, but nothing has ever come of them. During the last hour profit taking was quite general, and the market finally closed at or near the lowest of the day. The sales reached 750,000 shares, or about 150,000 shares less than the day before.

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Call money rates were unchanged at 2½@3¼ per cent, closing at the lower figure. In their operations with the subtreasury the banks lost $1,458,000, making the net loss since last Friday $443,000. Sterling exchange was firm and higher, and there was some talk of gold exports next week, solely because the low rates and ease of money in New York might make it profitable for Europe to recall some of its funds. In the absence of live topics immediately affecting the market, Wall street gave some attention to the financial bill introduced by Senator Aldrich on Monday. According to Washington advices, this bill may take the place of all the other currency measures that have been proposed, inasmuch as all the members of the finance committee and the leaders in both the senate and house have approved its terms. there is some likelihood after all that a measure will be adopted substantially in the form presented before the adjournment of the present session of congress. While the bill does not in so many words abolish the sub-treasury system, it is a step in that direction. One of the provisions empowers the secretary of the treasury to deposit in designated depositories public money received "from all sources." Under the law as it exists today, customs revenues must be deposited in the treasury vaults, and only internal revenues can be deposited in bank. For years past financiers have pointed out how the sub-treasury system depletes the money market of currency when it is most needed, because when business increases in activity the revenues of the government increase. Another section of the bill legalizes the action of Secretary Shaw last fall when he accepted other than government bonds as security for government deposits, and a third provides that bonds issued for the construction of the Panama canal may be utilized for security against an issue of bank notes. In addition to requiring approved security for government deposits, the bill provides that depositories shall pay interest at a rate not less than 1½ per cent, the rates to be fixed from time to time by the secretary of the treasury. This is a feature that is not likely to receive the indorsement of bankers, and they will not be inclined to "borrow" from the government except in times when money rates are comparatively high.

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The local stock market was a dull and unsatisfactory affair. No less than 34 different stocks were dealt in, but the total transactions reached only 4,704 shares. The most active stock was Pittsburgh Coal common, which was strong and higher, presumably on the showing made at the annual meeting, which will be found in another column. The preferred was also strong, advancing to 91¾, and closing at the top. The River Coal stocks remained dull and unchanged. National Fire Proofing common was moderately active and in the early dealings advanced, but toward the close the stock was rather freely offered and the price reacted to 30¼. The directors are scheduled to meet this week to take action on the quarterly dividend. Philadelphia Company common was firmer, advancing to 47½ here and to 47¾ bid in Philadelphia. The primary cause for the advance was the report that the gross earnings for January would show an increase of about 18 per cent over the corresponding month last year. There was also a rumor in financial circles of an important deal pending between the company and some of the natural gas companies, and it is possible that the sale of the Peoples Natural Gas Company to Standard Oil interests at a price practically four times its par value had something to do with attracting attention to the profits in the natural gas business, which is an important part of the Philadelphia Company system. The steel stocks were quieter than for some days past, but the only change of note was fractional declines in United States Steel common and preferred in sympathy with the movement in Wall street. The declaration of the usual dividends on Brewing common and preferred had no effect upon the market price. Glass stocks were quiet but steady. Westinghouse Electric sold at 106, a decline, and Airbrake was a fraction lower.

There was some irregularity in the bank and trust company shares, and trading was less active. There were no transactions in American Trust, but just before the close the stock was offered down rapidly and closed at 265¼ bid, 269 asked. Commonwealth Trust rallied to 257½, but reacted to 255 at the close. Merchants Savings and Trust was active and made a new high record by advancing to 67. Real Estate Trust sold at 307½, but reacted to 305. North American Savings advanced to 126, and United States National was higher at 141¾. Safe Deposit declined to 139. There was nothing doing in bonds.

PITTSBURGH STOCKS.

Transactions on the Pittsburgh stock exchange yesterday aggregated 4,704 shares stock, 10-20 rights and 25 receipts. Sales:

10 a. m. to 10:30 a. m.

50 Fire P. pfd 39½
20 P. Coal pfd 90½
10 do 91
165 do 91¾
25 Mer. S. & T. 64½
10 Fire P. com 80½
100 Crucible com 20⅜
20 W. Glass com 55
16 C. R. E. & T. 25⅞
10 do 25⅞
10-5-10-10-10 do 287

10:30 a. m. to 12:30 p. m.

100 Crucible pfd 85½
5 do 85½
7-10 do 85¼
50 U. S. S. com 30½
10 do 30⅝
70 W. Glass pfd 89½
25 Citi. Ice com 11½
50 Brewing pfd 70
50 C. R. E. & T. 25⅞
10 do 26
10 do 26⅛
30 P. Coal com 20½
25 do 20⅜
450 do 20¼
5 do 20⅜
120 Fire P. com 35½
5 do 30½
100 do 30⅝
50 Fire P. com 30⅝

12:30 p. m. to 2 p. m.

100 Phila. pfd 44½
100 P. Coal com 20½
100-25 do 20⅝
50 do 20⅜
10 C. R. E. & T. 25⅞
25 Rio. Coal pfd 91½
16 do 91⅜
10 W. Glass com 55
50 do 55

2 p. m. to 3 p. m.

10 Con. Ice pfd 50
25 W. Glass com 55
5 do 55
80 Fire P. com 30⅛
50-5-300 do 30⅜
15 W. Airbrake 174½
2-3 do 173½
20 Crucible com 20⅝
15 C. R. E. & T. 25⅝
20 U. S. N. B. 141⅞
20 Mer. S. & T. 67
10 do 66¼
50 U. S. St'l pfd 89
50 do 89⅜

Bonds, Etc.

7-20 M. W. rights 39
5-20 do 39
25 Fidelity rec'ts 127½

Summary.

Shares.		High.	Low.	Last Sale	C'ge.
25	Amal. Cop.	70	70	70	+10
100	Brewing	32	31½	32	0
20	Do preferred	47¾	47¾	47¾	+¾
45	Cons. Ice	11¼	11¼	11¼	0
10	Do preferred	38	38	38	+⅜
120	Crucible Steel	20⅜	20⅛	20⅜	0
222	Do preferred	85½	85¼	85½	−⅛
885	Fire Proofing	30⅛	29⅞	30⅛	0
60	Do preferred	35¼	35	35	−¼
101	Mfrs. L. & H.	58½	58	58	0
720	Phila. Co	47½	47	47½	+2
165	Do preferred	91¾	91¼	91¾	+1⅜
885	Pgh. Coal	20⅞	20⅜	20⅞	+⅛
310	Do preferred	91¾	90½	91¾	+1⅜
128	River Coal	11⅞	11⅜	11⅞	0
41	Do preferred	30	30	30⅜	−⅛
50	S. L. Cable	200	200	200	−10
310	U. S. Steel	33½	33¼	33⅜	−⅛
165	Do preferred	89	88¾	89	−¼
29	West. Airbrake	*173½	173½	173½	−⅛
10	Do Elec 1st	107½	107½	107½	0
50	Do Elec 2nd	106	106	106	−½
10	Wm. Glass	55	55	55	0
250	Do preferred	90⅝	90⅜	90⅝	+⅛
150	C. R. E. & T.	25⅞	25⅝	25⅝	−1
20	Fed. N. B.	147	147	147	−1
40	G. A. S. & T.	162½	162½	162½	−½
100	Penn City	129	129	129	−1
225	Mer. S. & T.	67	64½	66½	+2½
55	Nat. B. W. Pa	195	195	195	5
30	Nat. Sav.	126	125⅝	126	1
45	Real Est. Trust	307½	305	305	−3
62	Safe D. & Tr.	140	139	*140	0
20	U. S. Nat. Bk.	141⅞	141⅜	141⅞	+⅝

4704

RIGHTS.

10-20	Mon. Water	30	30	30	0

RECEIPTS.

25	Fidelity T. & T.	127½	127½	127½	−2½

*Two shares only. †New high mark.

Closing Bids and Offers.

STOCKS.

	Bid.	Ask.		Bid.	Ask.
Pgh. S. Ex.	9000	.....	Insurance.		
Pgh. Bks.			Western	....	50
Ally. Nat.	150	.....	Nt. Gas.		
Arsenal	150	.....	Ft. Pitt	68	.....
Colum. Nat'l	.....	500	P.N.G.&P.	.....	2½
Fifth Ave.	.....	74	M. L. & H.	.....	86
Iron City Nat'l	129	.....	Railroads.		
N.S.W.Pa.	105½	107	A. pfd.	29	.....
State	.....	75	C. & P.	172½	.....
Third Nat.	.....	185	Electric.		
Trad. & M.	75	80	West. 1st	107	.....
N. S. Nat.	141½	142	Bridge.		
Pgh. Tr.	.....	.....	Suspension	45	.....

FEATURES OF THE DAY

IN PITTSBURGH

Bank exchanges for the day increased $1,700,000.

Pittsburgh Coal firm, advancing to 29⅞ on sales of 885 shares.

Philadelphia Company strong, closing a points higher at 47½.

American Trust closed offered at 269, without sale.

Merchants Savings and Trust advanced to 67, a record price.

Commonwealth Trust advanced to 257 and reacted to 255.

IN WALL STREET

Total sales for the day, 752,400 shares.

Whole day's market was strictly professional.

Decline in Wabash preferred showed evidence that speculators were booming that stock.

Buying of Rock Island in 1,000 bunches showed work of pool.

Bonds irregular; total sales (par value), $3,580,000.

	Bid.	Ask.		Bid.	Ask.
American	200½	209	Misc.		
Guar. T. & T.	144½	.....	Crucible Stl.	20⅜	20⅞
Peoria	111	320	Lo. Gas	85½	.....
Pittsburgh	.....	825	Marsden	.....	4
S. D. & T.	130	140	Mon. Water	30	.....
Union	.....	2150	Nat. Glass	.....	12
Com'with	254½	258	Nat. P. pf.	50	30½
Ally. Bk.	.....	.....	Do pfd.	39	39½
Ally. Trust	155	.....	Phila. Co.	47½	47¾
Bk. of U. S.	95	.....	Un. Storage	45	.....
D.S.P.&T.	280	291	W. Airbrake	.....	174

BONDS.

Traction.					
Pgh. & S.	114⅜	115⅛			

UNLISTED SECURITIES.

STOCKS.	Bid.	Ask.		Bid.	Ask.
A.W. Glass	55	55½	Do pfd.	47½	47¾
Do pfd.	89½	90	Pgh. Coal	29½	30
Con. Ice	11⅜	.....	Do pfd.	91	91½
Do pfd.	36½	38½	P. Stove&R.	4½	.....
M. R. C. &			BONDS.		
C. Co.	11⅝	11¾	Nat. Gas	.....	110⅜
Do pfd.	39¾	40	Pgh. Brew.	112	.....
Pgh. Brew.	31½	32			

NOTES AND COMMENT.

Philadelphia Company common was a feature of the Philadelphia market yesterday, advancing to 47¾. The stock reached 47½ here, an advance of $2 a share. The upward movement began on Monday in the east, where some one appears to have received advance information as to the gross earnings of the company for January. It being reported that the increase would approximate $70,000, or 18 per cent over the total for the corresponding month last year. This increase is not at all surprising here, and is believed to be due not so much to an actual increase in business as to the declaration of dividends on the underlying stocks of the system which were payable in January and would come into the Philadelphia's treasury as income. Thus the initial dividend on Consolidated Traction common would mean $225,000 on Philadelphia's holdings of the stock, and the initial dividend on Traction common would mean $189,632. In addition to this the deferred dividend of $3 a share on Consolidated Traction preferred was paid during January, and this would amount to $397,836 on Philadelphia's holding of Consolidated Traction preferred stock, which is pledged as part of the collateral behind the issue of bonds exchanged for the same. There was a rumor in financial circles yesterday, both here and in the east, that a deal was pending which might have an important bearing upon the affairs of the company. The rumor here was that the Philadelphia Company had received an offer for natural gas and oil business, presumably from the Manufacturers Light & Heat of the Standard Oil interests, which have just obtained control of the Peoples Natural Gas Company.

The banks and the stock exchanges will be closed to-morrow, the 12 inst., the anniversary of Lincoln's birthday.

At the close Fenney offered 1,000 shares National Fire Proofing common at 30⅜, and there were sales of the stock at 30⅛. The directors are scheduled to meet this week to take action on the dividend, and there is some speculation that an extra dividend will be declared.

The 1¾ per cent dividend on Pittsburgh Brewing common and the 1¾ per cent on the preferred are payable February 20 to stock of record February 16.

The Columbus & Hocking Coal & Iron has declared a dividend of ½ of 1 per cent on the common stock, being the same as paid last December.

The gross earnings of Wabash for the first week in February were $356,905, an increase of $32,852.

On the Pittsburgh board 98 was bid for Calumet & Arizona after the close here, and a dispatch from Marquette, Mich., where the stock is largely held, quoted 103 bid for the stock there. Calumet & Pittsburgh was quoted there at 75 bid, and Pittsburgh & Lake Superior Development 7½ bid. Inasmuch as the eastern headquarters of the companies are located in that city, it was inferred that some important news from the mines had been received. All the stocks were strong in the Boston market, as were copper stocks generally, which were one of the prominent features of the market yesterday.

There was a sale on the local board of 80 shares Fayette County Gas at 73. Morris, Brown & Co. to G. W. McMullin & Co.

Small lots of Harbison & Walker sold at 18 and 17½.

McKelvy sold a block of 450 shares Pittsburgh Coal common to Sproul & Co.

Colonial Trust closed at 570 bid, 579 asked; Diamond Savings, 222 bid; Republic National Bank, 416 asked; Merchants Savings & Trust, 64¾@65; German American Savings & Trust, 161@165; North American Savings, 125¾ asked.

Canadian Pacific advanced in spite of the disappointment felt in some quarters about the failure of the directors to increase the half yearly dividend rate on the stock.

Capt. J. F. Greene of the Pennsylvania railroad is quoted as saying that the new stock issue which the management will ask the stockholders to authorize will probably be $100,000,000, and that this will be issued from time to time, as may be necessary to meet the payments for the improvements which the company has authorized.

A prominent Boston copper house wired: "We think a reaction will be a good thing for the market, as the bull interest will be larger and stronger on the next rally than on the last passed. Our advices on copper market today are the strongest we have received. We do not think the movement over by any means and on a reaction we recommend the purchase of all good copper stocks."

The gross earnings of Wisconsin Central for the first week in February increased $5,960.

Wall street had a rumor that a strong bull pool had been formed in Rock Island, Missouri Pacific, Missouri, Kansas & Texas and St. Louis & Southwestern.

Mr. J. J. Hill, who was connected with the deal that involved $200 a share for Burlington, etc., speaking of legislation to regulate corporations, says: "What is wanted is prevention of watering stocks."

The Imperial Bank of Germany made an unusually strong weekly statement yesterday.

The Allegheny Valley Railroad Company has reduced its debt in the state to $950,000 by the payment of another $100,000. The original indebtedness was $2,500,000. The Allegheny Valley issues bonds bearing 4 per cent, which it sells to the Pennsylvania Railroad Company at 105 and applies the proceeds in reducing the debt to the state, which bears 5 per cent.

A petition is being circulated on the Chicago stock exchange, floor, and is being signed quite extensively by brokers, asking that the commission on sales of less than 50 shares on the exchange be reduced from ¼ to ⅛ per cent, the same as the rate on large lots. The adoption of this change may stimulate trading in small lots, and also discourage the bucket-shops. Many of the leading members of the exchange believe that with further inducements in this way the business of the Chicago market can be made much more pretentious.

New York Consolidated Gas Company directors have declared the regular quarterly dividend of 2 per cent, payable March 15.

The Allegheny Heating Company has declared the regular dividend of 3 per cent and an extra dividend of 5 per cent, payable February 25. Checks will be mailed.

Turpentine and Rosin.

WILMINGTON, N. C., Feb. 10.—Spirits turpentine firm, 65c. Rosin firm, $1 85. Crude turpentine firm, $2 40@4 00. Tar firm, $1 65@4 00. Raw silver, 57¾c. Mexican dollars, 47½c.

CHARLESTON, S. C., Feb. 10.—Turpentine firm, 64½c. Rosin firm.

MARKET CLOSES WEAK AT GENERAL DECLINE

Evidence Show of Technical and Speculative Work in Wall Street.

[BY ASSOCIATED PRESS TO THE GAZETTE.]

NEW YORK, Feb. 10.—The spirited strength and activity with which the stock market opened today were not maintained, and the tone of the market became gradually more reactionary and at last easy at general net declines running to a point or more in a few of the leading active stocks. The most prominent of these was Wabash preferred, in which so much of yesterday's strength and activity centered. This made the speculative sentiment peculiarly susceptible to the fact, which became very obvious this morning, that there was very large selling going on of Wabash preferred under cover of the new strength which it was sought to develop elsewhere.

The whole movement of the day was strictly technical and was little influenced by any of the day's news. The size of the individual orders in Rock Island, for which the accepted unit seemed to be 1,000 shares, gave an artificial appearance to the movement in that stock, so that it had little impression on sentiment when it was moved upward in face of the general reaction which took hold of the market during the course of the second hour. The support of Missouri Pacific had no better success in restoring the tone of the market. The Atchisons were accorded their turn in the advance, and among the specialties Amalgamated Copper, Peoples Gas, Brooklyn Transit and American Smelting were conspicuous.

Sterling exchange continued to advance and London to sell stocks here, but these factors were no more prominent than during yesterday's strong market. Call money continued easy and an advance in sterling at Paris sufficiently offset the rise here to keep gold exports beyond profitable limits. The subtreasury took nearly $1,500,000 from the banks on yesterday's operations, wiping out the previous gain from that institution and establishing a net loss of $442,000 since Friday.

The bond market continued irregular. Total sales, par value, $3,580,000. United States 4s registered and the 2s declined ½ per cent on the last call.

THE MONEY MARKET.

The local money market is steady and unchanged at 5@6 per cent on call and time loans. Clearing house comparisons:

	Exchanges.	Balances
Yesterday	$8,065,551 91	$1,139,137 49
Last week	9,240,507 42	1,488,197 47
Last year	9,388,635 76	1,084,516 72

NEW YORK, Feb. 10.—Exchanges, $273,336,632; balances, $13,114,860.

BOSTON, Feb. 10.—Exchanges, $24,942,246; balances, $1,482,789. Money, 4@6 per cent.

PHILADELPHIA, Feb. 10.—Clearings, $19,970,475; balances, $2,461,087. Money, 4½@5 per cent.

BALTIMORE, Feb. 10.—Clearings, $4,274,964; balances, $676,350. Money, 5 per cent.

CHICAGO, Feb. 10.—Clearings, $26,269,504; balances, $1,425,053. Posted exchange, $4 85@4 86. New York exchange, 5c premium.

CINCINNATI, Feb. 10.—Money, 4@6 per cent. New York exchange, 25c discount. Clearings, $4,850,000.

ST. LOUIS, Feb. 10.—Clearings, $8,524,237; balances, $1,286,811. Money steady, 5@6 per cent. New York exchange 10c premium.

Money on Call Steady.

NEW YORK, Feb. 10.—Money on call steady at 2½@2¾ per cent; closing offered at 2½ per cent; time money easier; sixty and nine days, 4½ per cent; six months, 4½ per cent. Prime mercantile paper, 4¾@5 per cent; sterling exchange firmer, with actual business in bankers' bills at $4 87 3-5@4 87 4-0 for demand and at $4 84 3-5@4 84 4-0 for sixty-day bills; posted rates, $4 85@4 88; commercial bills, $4 83¾@4 84 0-0. Bar silver, 57¾c. Mexican dollars, 47½c.

Total sales, 752,400 shares.

Electric Stocks.

Westing. com	105	Mass. Electric	35½
General Electric	195		

Mexican Cen. 4s 72
Do 1st Inc. 27
Minn. & St. L. 4s 93
M. K. & T. 4s 93
Do com. 37
N. Y. C. gen 3½s 100
N. J. C. gen 5s 132
North. Pacific 4s 103
Do 3s 72
N. & W. con. 4s 102½
Reading Gen. 4s 87
S. L. & I.M.con.5s 114
St. L. & S. F. 4s 98
St. L. S. W. 1st 4s 87
Do 2ds 84
S. A. & A. P. 4s 86
Southern Pac. 4s 87
Southern Ry. 5s 117
Tex. & Pac. 1sts 116
T. St. L. & W. 4s 76
Union Pacific 4s 102
Do Conv. 4s 108
Wabash 1sts 120
Do 2ds 84
Do Deb. B 58
West Shore 4s 111
Wheeling 5s 108
Wisconsin Cent. 4s 92
Con. Tobacco 4s 64
Col. Fuel Cons. 5s 92
Int. Paper 5s 71
Mexican Central 2s 58
American Sugar 130
Do preferred 120
Am. Tel. & Tel. 110
Dominion S. & S. 85
United Fruit 103
U. S. Steel 33
Do preferred 89

Supplementary New York Stocks.
(By Private Wire to The Gazette.)

STOCKS.	High.	Low.	Close
Sales.			
200	Allis Chal. pfd	87	86	87
300	Am. Agricultural	22⅜	22	22⅜
100	American G. Twine	26⅜	24⅜	26⅜
1500	Am. Hide & Leather	10½	10	10
200	Am. Malt pfd	24¼	24¼	24¼
100	Intrnick	52½	52½	52½
100	Chicago Term. Tr	18⅝	18⅝	18⅝
500	Do preferred	34¾	34	34
1500	Denver & Rio Grande	42⅜	42	42
1700	Detroit Sou.	40⅝	40	40⅝
700	Detroit Sou. Ry	19	18⅞	18⅞
500	Do preferred	36½	35¾	36
500	E. & T. H.	69	68½	68½
1100	Kanawha & Michigan	42	40	40
1500	M. St. P. & S. M.	144½	142	142
700	Do preferred	125½	124½	124½
1300	Nat. R. R. of Mexico	10⅞	10⅝	10⅝
100	N. Y. Airbrake	170	170	170
5450	Rubber Goods	25½	25	25
150	St. J. & G. I.	15	15	15
100	Standard R. & T.	5¾	5¾	5¾
4500	Twin City	121	120½	121
200	United Ry. Inv	27	27	27
2200	Louis. & Nash.	127½	127	127½
7800	Manhattan	145¾	145⅝	144⅞
67800	Missouri Pacific	116⅝	116⅛	114⅝
5800	N. Y. C. & H.	153⅝	153	153⅜
1500	Metropolitan	137½	136½	136½
5800	Mexican Central	27¼	27⅝	26⅞
900	National Lead	28⅝	28⅜	28⅜
100	Do preferred	95	95	94½
200	National Biscuit	47	47	47
	Do preferred	105¾	105¼	105¼
1900	N. Y. Central	150⅜	150¼	150⅞
3500	N. Y. Air Brake	34¾	34¾	34¼
3200	Norfolk & West	70⅛	70	70⅛
100	Do preferred	92½	92½	92½
800	North Amer. Co.	11⅝	11⅝	11⅝
	Do 2d pfd	73	73	73
5900	Peoples Gas	107⅝	106⅜	107⅝
600	Pacific Mail	40¾	40⅝	40¾
	Pullman			252
1600	Pressed Steel Car	63½	62½	62⅜
100	Do preferred	93	93	92¾
14300	Penna. R. R.	151⅛	151⅛	150⅝
	P. C. C. & St. L.			88
	Do preferred			102
	Railway Springs	36⅝	36⅜	36½
	Do preferred	89	89	89
16900	Reading	64⅜	65	63⅝
200	Do 1st pfd	88½	88½	88
	Do 2d pfd			76
87150	Rock Island	50½	51½	50⅞
	Do preferred	82¾	82¾	82¾
1400	Republic Iron	21¾	21¾	21¼
200	Do preferred	75¾	75¾	75¼
800	St. L. & S. F.	31½	32½	31½
200	Do 1st pfd			82¾
	Do 2d pfd	73	73	73¼
11200	Southern Pacific	69⅛	68⅝	68⅞
5700	Southern Railway	36½	36½	36
600	Do preferred	98	98	95¼
10500	St. Paul	180⅜	180¾	179½
	Do preferred			182
1800	St. L. & S. W.	29½	29⅜	28⅝
2100	Do preferred	63¾	64	63½
1800	Penn Coal & Iron	65¾	65⅜	64⅜
22400	Texas & Pacific	43⅛	43⅝	42⅝
200	T. St. L. & W.	30	30	29½
300	Do preferred	46¼	46¼	46
26100	U. S. Steel	33⅝	33⅝	33
3000	Do preferred	89¾	89⅝	88¾
19700	Union Pacific	103⅛	103⅝	102⅝
1700	Do preferred	95	95¼	94¾
700	U. S. Rubber	19	19¼	18⅝
36300	U. S. Leather	14⅜	14⅝	14⅛
5900	Do preferred	92	94⅞	92
	U. S. R. & Con.	25¼	25¼	25
	Do preferred	70⅝	70⅞	70½
6400	Wabash	31⅝	32⅜	31⅛
29800	Do preferred	52⅜	53⅞	51⅝
1200	W. U. Telegraph	90⅜	90½	89⅝
300	W. & L. E.	27½	27⅝	27
	Do 1st pfd	61	61⅝	60⅜
500	Do 2d pfd	37⅞	38⅛	37⅝
1200	Wisconsin Cent.	29	29½	28¾
500	Do preferred	55½	55⅝	54½

752400 Total sales.

Electric Stocks.

Westing. com	105	Mass. Electric	35½
General Electric	195		

Pittsburgh Stocks.

Allegheny Nat.	150
Arsenal	150
Colum. Nat'l	500
Fifth Ave.	74
Iron City Nat'l	129
N.S.W.Pa.	105½
State	75
Third Nat.	185
Trad. & M.	80
N. S. Nat.	141½
Pgh. Tr.	142
Pgh. S. Ex.	9000
Pgh. Bks.	
Ally. Nat.	150
Arsenal	150
Colum. Nat'l	500
Fifth Ave.	74
Iron City Nat'l	129
N.S.W.Pa.	105½
State	75
Third Nat.	185
Trad. & M.	80
N. S. Nat.	141½
Pgh. Tr.	142

Chicago Stocks.

American Can	6⅝
Chicago T. T.	16½
Pneumatic Tool	87
Diamond Match	139
National Biscuit	47
Do preferred	105½
Quaker Oats com	70
Do preferred	125
Northwest'n. com	180
Do preferred	185
Rochester St. Ry	85
Do preferred	95

Chicago Stocks.

American Can	6⅝
Chicago T. T.	16½
Pneumatic Tool	87
Diamond Match	139
National Biscuit	47
Do preferred	105½
Quaker Oats com	70
Do preferred	125
Northwest'n. com	180
Do preferred	185
Rochester St. Ry	85
Do preferred	95

Drygoods Market.

NEW YORK, Feb. 10.—Market for cotton goods continues strong generally, with a fair demand than sellers are meeting in both staples and fancies. Print cloths are very firm, but quiet.

GOULD STOCKS ACTIVE IN WALL STREET MARKET

Realizing at the Close Brought on Something of a Reaction.

THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE BUREAU, Herald Building, Herald Square, NEW YORK, Feb. 11.

The Herald this (Wednesday) morning says: "The professional element in Wall street yesterday could not apparently resist the temptation to sell out stock and take profits upon the first appearance of public interest in the market. Just how extensive the outside buying has been in recent days is a matter of uncertainty, but commission houses have reported some buying of an excellent character, considering the short covering and trading purposes, which made up the bulk of the business, and the more cheerful atmosphere which has prevailed in brokers' offices has pointed unmistakably to an improvement in general speculative sentiment. The reaction in the late trading of yesterday, although accompanied by reports of gold exports, was due more largely to the heavy realizing and distribution sales by insiders than anything else.

"The reaction of the day, another weak closing, was attributed to the rumor that gold exports would be arranged during the week. The report was naturally associated with the sharp advance in demand sterling exchange, which sold as high as $4 87. Investigation failed to find any confirmation of the report. Though the tendency of sterling exchange has set in strongly in the direction of gold exports and foreign bankers look for some shipments later on, exports of gold in a call money market ranging from 2½ to 2¾ per cent and a time money market where loans rule between 4 and 4½ per cent ought to have very little real influence.

"The Gould stocks were still features in point of activity and in the early trading made further improvements, but the heavy realizing by the pool brokers checked the advances and at the last the stocks sold off rather sharply. Nothing in the way of news developed in connection with the properties. The report that the decline in Wabash was due to some hitch in alleged negotiations with the Pennsylvania railroad was heard in the street.

"It is asserted that the directors of the North American Company will today declare an initial quarterly dividend of 1 per cent. There have been numerous reports afloat concerning the payment of a dividend, some of which were very conflicting. It is now stated definitely that a dividend will be declared. The Pennsylvania Railroad Company has applied to the stock exchange to list $50,000,000 3½ per cent 10-year convertible bonds of 1912.

Foreign Quotations.

LONDON, Feb. 10.—Money, 3½@3¾ per cent; discount for short bills, 3¼@3⅜ per cent; three-months' bills, 3 3-4@3⅞ per cent. Gold premiums: Buenos Ayres, 127.30; Madrid, 33.62; Lisbon, 25.

BERLIN, Feb. 10.—Exchange on London, 20 marks 40¾ pfgs. The rate of discount for short bills is 3 per cent, and for three-months' bills, 3⅛ per cent.

Some Sales in Lawrenceville.

Lawrenceville: Thomas McCaffrey sold for Patrick McKenna to George Hemminger lot 25x100 feet, with three-story brick business house known as No. 3425 Butler street, for $6,100; for S. C. Gallagher to B. C. Wright lot 20x100 feet, with frame dwelling, No. 4420 Mintle street, for $1,450; for Attorney J. K. Sterrett to Mr. Porter property No. 4836-38 Penn avenue, lot 40x100 feet, with two frame dwellings, for $9,000.

CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

Engineers Preparing Details for Sawmill Run Branch Bids

Engineers of the Pittsburgh, Carnegie & Western yesterday began cross-sectioning in preparation for the call for bids on the masonry and grading of the Sawmill run branch. This is the line south of Mt. Washington running from the main line to the connection with the Union railroad. The whole line will be about seven miles long.

The Union railroad, belonging to the Carnegie interests, will build three or four miles to make this connection, the point of function being in Mifflin township. Few towns of much size will be located on the new line, West Liberty and Fair Haven being the principal ones. There will be, however, enough passenger business along the route, it is expected, to justify a passenger service, and that part of the country is expected to develop rapidly when this convenient connection with Pittsburgh is made.

From an engineering standpoint, the Sawmill run branch offers few difficulties, the largest task being a 1,000-foot tunnel through the summit of the ridge that divides Sawmill run from Streets run. There are no bridges on the route and the cost of construction will not be heavy. The line will be made a good one for operating. The work is expected to be placed under contract within a month, for completion before summer is over.

In a way this line is the keynote of the whole Wabash intent in coming to Pittsburgh. It was by reason of Andrew Carnegie's contract with the Wabash, to deliver to a line connecting with the Union railroad 25 per cent of the Carnegie tonnage, that first opened the eyes of the Gould financiers to the advisability of building the Pittsburgh extension. All the other developments followed as adjuncts of the original purpose of constructing the Carnegie connection. Perhaps no line of seven miles' length ever brought out as many important sequences as has the Sawmill run branch of the Wabash.

LOOKING THEM OVER.

President Ramsey Starts on Inspection Tour of Western Maryland and West Virginia Central.

BALTIMORE, Feb. 10.—The first inspection to be made over the Western Maryland railroad by the new president, Joseph Ramsey, Jr., began today. President Ramsey's private car was attached to the regular train from Hillen station. Besides Mr. Ramsey the inspection car were: Winslow S. Pierce, chairman of the board of directors; Secretary Timmerman; H. W. Ashley, assistant to President Ramsey; H. A

ALLEGHENY LAND CO. BUYS PLOT FOR $125,000

Jones & Laughlin Steel Co. Secure Three More Properties--Penusy Is Buying More Land for Its Cross-Town Line.

A deal in Allegheny property amounting to $125,000, closed yesterday, will be followed shortly by the formal organization of the Walker Place Land Company, to be capitalized at $150,000. The deal was negotiated by George T. McDonald, who has also secured the signature of the 10 incorporators of the company since last Saturday. The property in question is that of William Walker, treasurer of the Harbison-Walker Refractories Company, and is located at the northwest and southwest corners of California and Termon avenues, Eleventh ward. It consists of three lots, 300 feet and 1 inch by 150 feet and including 15 acres. The only improvement of value is the old Walker homestead, a large brick house. The members of the new company are James Young, president of the Fort Pitt Supply Company; ex-Sheriff Sensenich, Dr. Aschbronner, Charles F. Walther of the Walther-Robertson Drug Company; George T. McDonald and six other prominent business men, whose names are withheld. Possession of the property will be secured April 1, when the company will plot it into lots 50x150 feet, lay out and grade 50-foot streets and build at least 10 high-class brick houses. The property extends from Verner avenue to the Brighton Country club and with the car line running through it will make and admirable location for a group of tasty residences.

Three Sales Equal $47,500.

The Jones & Laughlin Steel Company has given still further evidence of its intention to take over all the property between Carson and Sidney streets, between Twenty-fifth and Twenty-sixth streets for $47,500. From Mrs. Lydia Hecktinger they bought a three-story brick store building with a frame house in the rear, for $20,000. The lot measures 24x124 feet. A property of the same size adjoining was secured from C. L. Glasser for $12,500. It is improved with a two-story brick dwelling, occupied by Charles Shipp. Mrs. Mary Lapple sold to the same company a lot, 24x120 feet, adjoining and improved with a three-story brick store and dwelling, for $15,000. The tenants, it is said, have been notified that the property would be wanted soon by the purchasers.

Through the Commonwealth Real Estate and Trust Company the Security Investment Company sold to William Kell of the firm of Kell & Linhart, decorators, a colonial brick house of 12 rooms, situated on the west side of Mason avenue, near Saunders avenue, Wilkins place. Swissvale, for $13,000. The lot measures 50x150 feet and is directly across from the Sarah Black property, bought recently through the same company. Mr. Kell will occupy his purchase as a home.

Pennsy Wants More Room in East End.

The Pennsylvania Railroad Company is preparing to make further inroads into the residence section of the East End in order to provide room for its growth, according to the statements of real estate brokers and property owners the railroad plans to buy a strip of property 200 feet wide on the north side of its tracks and extending from Fifth avenue to the Brushton station. The Westinghouse Interurban line also has a trade for the property owners along Susquehanna and Finance streets, and several options are reported to have been secured. The strip wanted includes the site of the Homewood school, at the corner of Susquehanna street and the car barns. The Company's object in securing the property is said to be to obviate crossing its present tracks twice with the line that comes down from Silver lake. With its present holdings it would be necessary to cross near Dallas avenue and again cross at the north side of the present tracks near Brushton avenue, where the yards of the company will accommodate 1,500 freight cars. With the proposed addition to Brushton yards the double could be continued to the north side of the present tracks all the way.

New Land Companies.

Charters were granted yesterday to two land companies which will operate in Washington county. One is the Franklin Land Company of Washington, capitalized at $15,000. The directors are James I. Lockhart, W. B. Richey, John B. Allison, Jacob Zeit, Jr., Ray Zeit, and Andrew M. Linn of Washington. The other company is the Donegal Land Company of Claysville, with a capital of $1,000. Its directors are W. S. Borchers, W. C. Mc-Cleary, C. S. Richey, C. V. Harding and J. P. Miller of Washington.

The United Real Estate Company of McKeesport has finally secured its charter and is ogth for business. The capital is $3,000, and the directors are Henry Hartman, John C. Devenney, Joseph Hendricks, J. Milch and W. P. Cunningham, all of McKeesport.

Architects A. Dudgeon & Son have plans for a five-story apartment house, 28x87 feet, to be built for A. A. Quinette in Penn avenue, between Seventeenth and Eighteenth streets. The building will contain 12 flats of four rooms each and will cost $25,000.

Architect Louis O. Brosie will take bids next week on three 12-room brick houses for W. H. Rickenbach on the east side of Kolbeig street. They will cost $12,000.

The foundations are being laid for a three-story brick store and office building which Mrs. Lydia Close will erect on the east side of Wood street, adjoining the postoffice building, Wilkinsburg. The estimated cost is $15,000.

A Wilkinsburg Purchase.

Through the agency of W. H. H. Friend three eight-room brick houses belonging to D. A. Ritz have been sold to N. D. Hutchinson. The houses stand on lots 25x109 feet each on the north side of South street, near Johnson street, Wilkinsburg, and brought $12,000. The same brokers sold in the East Wilkinsburg plan lots Nos. 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 47, 48, 94 and 126 for $4,500.

W. L. Scott & Co. have been appointed agents for the block at No. 214 Federal street, Allegheny, recently bought by P. J. Ritter from William Jenkinson.

Edgewood: R. S. Faris & Co. sold for Duff & Wallace to Dr. J. F. Gaits an eight-room brick house, lot 26x110 feet, on the west side of Dallas avenue, near East End avenue, Edgewood, for $4,400. For the same parties they sold to Arthur Stambaugh a similar property in the same street for a like sum. They also sold for Charles K. Combs to Mrs. Amanda H. Faris a two-story store and flat building, southeast side of Winterburn street, near Ronald street, Twenty-third ward, for $7,800.

Paterson street: Joseph McClure sold to Mary J. Conard a lot, 50x107 feet, on the north side of Paterson street, Twenty-seventh ward, for $1,300. Also to Margaret Caldwell a similar lot in the same street for a like figure.

Ladora street: The Twin City Improvement Company sold to Charles Rouse an improved lot, 50x99, feet, on the west side of Ladora street, Twenty-third ward, for $1,400.

Elm street, Dr. E. S. Alegs sold to Alexander McCurdy an improved lot, 84x36 feet, in Elm street, near Pepler street Seventh ward, for $2,800.

Hellstreet: Marvin L. Snow sold to Jane W. Henderson a lot, 160x112 feet, on the west side of Hale street, near Hamilton Avenue, Thirty-seventh ward, for $7,000.

Brushton avenue: Caleb T. Fraser sold to Wharton Lear a lot, 6550x150 feet, on the west side of Brushton avenue, near Kelley street, Thirty-seventh ward, for $3,750.

Second avenue: Moses Millard sold to Louis Lang two lots, 50x100 feet, on the south side of Second avenue, near Simpson street, Fourteenth ward, for $3,000.

Transfers Recorded.

Adams Jos S et ux. to Marina Hobson et al., July 8, '02, 135th wd., Pgh., 60x75, Wylie ave	$ 3,000
Hobson Martha et al. to Jos. S Adams, et ux., July 8, '02, 26th wd., Pgh., 60x95, Maryland ave	3,000
Cubbage Boyd G et ux. to Eliz. Murray, Pgh., Carnegie, Boundary st.	650
Caledonite Perry to Darry H. Block, Dec. 24, '02, 22d wd., Pgh., 2 lots, Midway ave	2,000
Brabo David G et ux. to David T Riffle, Twp. Ross, July 5, '02, 26th wd., Pgh., 40x100	10,000
Dippel Lena et al. to Jno Wooster, Dec. 31, '02, L. St. Clair twp., 25x146, Patterson st	1,750
Fisher Jno T et ux. to Jas O Shaffer, Jan. 10, '03, Harrison twp., 40x140, Walnut alley	2,800
Pittsburgh Chas L et ux. to Jas B Oliver, Dec. 22, '02, 1st wd, Ally, 67x200, Bridge ave	55,000
Kuntz Jas Jr et ux. to Mary Anderson, Feb. 2, '03, 6th wd, Pgh, 24x120, Fifth ave	18,500
Paine Robt T Jr to Mrs Kattie T Springer, Jan. 21, '03, Ingram boro, 2 lots, Hobson ave	980
Filson Jas H et al. to Jos Goldhamer, Jan. 25, '03, 8th wd., Pgh, 20x72, Cedar ave	1,650
Wright Lottie et ux to Andrew C Peterson, Feb. 9, '03, Munhall boro, 17th ave	650
Rupert Wayland to Louise M Gettman, Jan. 25, '03, Avalon boro, 30x100, Marie st	4,500
Clarence H. Powell et ux. to Chas. H Kaey, Jan. 24, '03, 14th wd, Pgh, 35x150, Cleaver ave	9,000
Coyle Reed E et ux. to Geo W Darr et al., Jan. 6, '03, 22d wd, Pgh, 150x486, Shady ave	46,500
Bennett Francis S to Robt P Cuneingham, Jan. 25, '03, Baldwin twp., 6 lots, Southern ave	7,800
Morrison Robt A et ux. to Catherine A Clark, Jan. 25, '03, Emsworth boro, 50x110, Shady ave	3,500
Rowland Oliver B et ux. to same, same, same, 30x137, Shady ave	775
Morrison W Howard et ux. to same, same, same, 2 lots, Shady ave	7,500
Eberle Lauren C et ux. to Chas. Osterdyk, Jan. 21, '03, 17th wd, Pgh, 20x160, Hatfield st	2,050
Freeman Sarah A G et al. to Anna Gaswronski, June 19, '02, 18th wd, 20x100, Holmes ave	3,020
Eisenbeiser Ernest et ux. to Peter May, Jan. 29, '03, 12th wd, Ally, Suffolk st	1,700
McCallum Alice C et ux. et al. to Morris Sospeort et al., Jan. 22, '03, 11th wd, Pgh, 20x100, Lucia st	2,000
Fisher John H et ux. to Eli Proctor, Feb. 9, '02, Monteeth boro, Lincoln ave	5,000
Stanton Land Co to Jas Gallagher, Jan 2, '03, 18th wd, Pgh, 20x120, Hawthorne st	200
Hunter Sam'l A to Catherine Hickey, Oct. 6, '02, 1st wd, Homestead, Second ave	2,600
Behen Edward M et ux to Laura M Newlin, Dec. 23, '02, 16th wd, Pgh, 80x109, Main st	4,500

Mortgages Recorded.

Opperman Fred A to J H Sorg, Feb. 7, '03	$ 2,500
*Smith Nellie D to J J Booth, Jan 15, '03	3,500
*Ewing John K to same, Jan 15, '03	4,250
*Kumpany George to M Slamzak, Aug 15, '02	450
*Leiber S Philip to J P Grant, Feb 5, '03	6,500
*Peck George L to H H Clark, Feb 9, '03	6,820
Rice H E to H Thomas, Feb 4, '03	1,500
Jamison Archie C to J Hicks, Feb 7, '03	700
Kirby Daniel D to E W. Moore, Feb 9, '03	2,450
Graham John N to W P Barker Trustee, Feb 4, '03	3,000
Bleiton David C to J Harris, Jan. 21, '03	1,200
Hooper Horace D to S H Smith, Jan 26, '03	2,200
Kropp Jesse E to G L Bennett, Feb 16, '03	500
Rupert Wayland to E Cree, Feb 10, '03	2,250
Emmert Wm H to J B Booth, Feb 10, '03	1,000
Stewart Frank to S G Conner, Feb 9, '03	3,000
*Guckert Wm L to J P Ober, Dec 31, '02	3,000
Malone Anne C to W J Burns Jr, Feb 6, '03	400
*White Edward M to R M Holland, Feb 2, '03	700
Lyon David H to Gt Eastern B & L A, Jan 28, '03	3,200
Gardles Louis J to Gt Eastern B & L A, Feb 3, '03	1,500
Dodds Peter O to McChandless B & L A, Feb 7, '03	2,722
Jones Jerry to Orphans B & L A, Feb 7, '03	2,000
Gordich Abraham to Columbus B & L A, Feb 3, '03	2,000
Robinson Thomas H to Progressive Mut B & L, Jan 8, '03	3,200
Sinclair Nancy to Brighton B & L A, Feb 8, '03	1,900
Walker Solomon to Keystone State B & A, Dec 11, '02	200
Lehigh Herman J to Allegheny Trust Co, Feb 5, '03	16,800
Walker Sarah to same, Feb 6, '03	1,000
*Albrecht Mathias to Homestead Realty Co, Dec 27, '02	800
Neely Emma L to Pgh Trust Co, Feb 9, '03	6,500
Shallenberger Franklin E to Fidelity T & S Co, Feb 10, '03	3,000
Schmidlapp Louis Jr. to Peoples Trust Co, Feb 2, '03	7,000
Hild Walter to Laura Colling, Feb 6, '03	1,500

*Purchase money.

LIVE STOCK MARKETS.

CENTRAL STOCK YARDS.

Tuesday, Feb. 10, 1903.

Cattle—The supply was light and the market steady; choice, 1,400 to 1,500 lbs, $5 15@5 25; prime, 1,200 to 1,400, $4 90@5 10; good, 1,200 to 1,300, $4 60@4 85; fair, 1,000 to 1,150, $4 30@4 60; fair, 800 to 1,000, $3 80@4 25; heifers, 700 to 1,100, $3 25@4 40; bulls and cows, $1 75@4 25; fresh cows and springers, $20 00@58 00.

Sheep—Supply light; market steady; best wethers, 95 to 100 lbs, $4 80@5 00; mediums, 85 to 95 lbs, $4 50@4 75; fair, 75 to 80 lbs, $4 00@4 35; culls and common, $1 75@2 00; choice lambs, $5 35@5 50; fair to good, $5 15@5 25; common, $4 00@5 00; veal calves, $7 50@8 00; heavy and thin, $4 00@5 00.

Hogs—Receipts light, 10 double decks on sale; market active; prime heavy, $7 15; mediums, $7 15; heavy Yorkers, $7 05@7 10; light Yorkers, $6 90@7 05; pigs, $6 80@6 90; roughs, $5 50@6 75.

[By Associated Press to The Gazette.]

KANSAS CITY, Feb. 10.—Cattle—Receipts, 12,000 head; natives, 500 Texans, calves, 50 Texas grass steers; market is lower to 10c lower; top cattle 15@25c lower; quarantines 10c lower; cows, steady to 10c lower; stockers and feeders steady to lower; choice export and dressed beef steers, $4 75@5 25; fair to good, $4 75@4 75; stockers and feeders, $2 75@4 50; western steers, $3 75@4 75; Texans and Texas grass steers, $3 00@4 25; native cows, $2 20@3 00; native heifers, $3 00@3 90; canners, $2 00@2 60; bulls, $2 40@3 10; calves, $3 00@5 00. Hogs—Receipts, 5,500; market steady to 5c higher; top, $6 75@6 82½; bulk of sales, $6 70@6 80; heavy, $6 70@6 82½; packers, $6 72½@6 82½; lights, $6 60@6 80; pigs, $6 00@6 45. Sheep—Receipts, 5,000 head; market steady to strong; active; native lambs, $4 00@5 15; western lambs, $3 85@4 05; feeders, $3 00@3 50; native wethers, $4 20@4 25; western wethers, $4 00@4 25; stockers and feeders, $2 50@3 50.

CHICAGO, Feb. 10.—Cattle—Receipts, 4,000 head; no Texans; market slow; good to prime steers, $4 40@5 00; poor to medium, $3 00@4 35; stockers and feeders, $2 25@4 40; cows, $1 40@4 30; heifers, $2 00@4 40; canners, $1 75@2 25; calves, $5 50@7 75; Texas fed steers, $3 50@4 25. Hogs—Receipts today, 24,000 head, tomorrow 35,000 head, left over 6,000 head; market steady to 5c higher; mixed and butchers, $6 80@6 95; good to prime heavy, $6 90@7 12½; rough heavy, $6 60@6 85; light, $6 40@6 65; bulk of sales, $6 60@6 85. Sheep—Receipts, 14,000 head; market and lambs steady to 10c lower; good to prime wethers, $4 40@5 00; fair to choice mixed, $3 50@4 50; native lambs, $4 50@5 65; western lambs, $4 75@5 45.

EAST BUFFALO, N. Y., Feb. 10.—Receipts, 225 head; market steady; veals steady, top, $7 25@7 50; good to prime, $6 50@7 00; common, $5 00@6 00; heavy, $6 00@7 00. Hogs—Receipts, 4,800 head; market active; heavy higher; others about steady; heavy, $7 10@7 15; a few $7 20; mixed, $7 00@7 10; Yorkers and pigs, $6 90@7 00; roughs, $5 60@5 75. Sheep and lambs—Receipts, 11,400 head; market steady; top lambs, $6 00@6 05; fancy, $6 75; common to good, $4 25@5 50; top sheep, $4 50@4 75; wethers, $4 50@4 65; top mixed sheep, $4 50@4 75; common to good, $2 25@4 40.

INCREASED OFFERINGS MAKE OATS LOWER

Lettuce Quotations Rule Very Strong—Poultry Firm, While Eggs Are Easy.

Since the opening of the present week features of special importance in the hay and grain trade have been scarce, while offerings have been fairly plentiful, and any changes which have been made in selling figures were in a downward direction. Although there is not a great deal of stuff coming in over the Pennsylvania lines, the Pittsburgh & Western has shown up well in the matter of deliveries, and arrivals over that road have been liberal. But one quotable change was made yesterday, and that was a slight decrease in oat prices, all grades declining a half cent. The grades at the range of Monday. Corn is offering freely, but quotations are so far maintained. Millfeed is in limited supply, and quotations are firm.

The wheat market was a little easier, but not enough to to affect flour values, prices remaining as they were on Monday morning. Consignments are coming in with more freedom than was the case a week ago, and wholesalers are able to make more prompt shipments of orders. Cereals are good sellers, and prices have fluctuated but little for a couple of weeks. The navy bean market is easy and jobbers are making concessions from the list for desirable orders, while quotations have been openly reduced by a number of houses.

Coffee Market Firmer.

The coffee market is firmer on account of a considerable reduction in the world's visible supply during January and the decrease in the estimated receipts for this month, which are expected to fall below those for the corresponding month in 1902. Sugar is unsettled on account of the many recent changes in the list of local prices, and the trade hardly knows what to expect.

No changes have been made in canned goods or dried fruits for some time. Demand in both these lines is steady, but without particular feature of excitement.

Lettuce continues to rule strong, and California celery is a little higher. Mushrooms are lower. Aside from these there is no change of quotations in the fruit and vegetable market. Trade is fairly good, but not active. There is a plentiful supply of winter vegetables, and current green stuff arrives daily in sufficient quantity to take care of the demand.

Butter is steady, and the situation is somewhat strengthened by the continuance of last week's quotations. Cheese maintains its firm position and no change in quotations. Eggs are just about holding their own, with fresh eggs commanding a range of 23@25 cents, and storage easy at low figures.

Poultry is moving out freely, and prices all remain as they were at the opening of the week.

HAY, GRAIN AND FEED.

Receipts bulletined: Pennsylvania lines, 4 cars hay, 4 cars oats, 5 cars feed, 6 cars corn; Pittsburgh & Lake Erie railroad, 4 cars hay, 1 car oats; Pittsburgh & Western railroad, 17 cars hay, 7 cars oats, 6 cars corn, 1 car straw; Buffalo, Rochester & Pittsburgh railroad, 1 car hay. Total receipts, 44 cars.

No. 1 tim $17.50@18.00
do No. 2 tim 16.00@17.00
do C mix 15.50@14.50
do mix 15.00@16.00
Loose timothy—
wagon $16.00@18.00
Straw, oat $10.00@10.50
do wheat $10.00@10.50
Corn, No. 2 shelled 51@51½
do ear 51@52
do No. 2 mix 50@51c

Oats, No. 2 yellow, car 57@58c
do high mix 56@57c
Rye—
Michigan 69@69½c
Oats, No. 2, white 43@43½c
do No. 3 41@42c
White middlings, No. 2, ton $22.00@22.50
Brown middlings, do $21.00@21.50
Bran, ton $21.00@21.50

GROCERIES.

Flour, fancy spring—
patent $4.50@4.75
do fancy winter—
patent $5.80@4.60
do straight winter $3.60@3.90
do bakers' spring $3.45@3.60
do rye $3.45@3.60
do graham $4.00@4.50
Cornm'l, bbl $3.20@3.40
do 10-lb cot-ton bags 18@19c
Rolled oats, bbl $4.65
do 90-lb sacks 2.30@2.40
do 180-lb sacks 4.50
(Sugar quotations are for Pittsburgh and Allegheny wagon delivery.)
Coffee, roasted—
Rio, fancy 10½@12c
do Santos 22½@23½c
do Maracaibo 20c
Oatmeal, bbl $5.75
do keg 2.45
Sugar, cut loaf 6.25c
do fine 4.65c
do 2-lb cartons 4.85c
do 5-lb cot bags 4.85c
do powdered 4.90c
do pow'd XXXX 4.95c
do cubes 5.00c
do cut loaf 5.00c
do confec 4.80c
do C 4.60c
No. 1 yellow 4.50c
No. 2 yellow 4.50c
No. 3 yellow 4.35c

Beans, navy—
hand-picked $2.50@2.55
do navy 2.40
imp $2.40@2.45
do red kid $3.25@3.50
do Cal. lima, lb 6½@6¾c
Peas, dried—
Scotch, bu $1.80@1.85
do Scotch, bu $1.90@1.95
do split, lb 3c
Oil, carbon—
150 fire test 11½c
do headlight 12½c
do water white 12½c
do Elaine 16½c
do Ohio W. W. 12½c
do test 12½c
do miners 26@26c
do special brands 26@43c
Rice, cat fancy head, lb 7½@7¾c
do fancy Japan 6¼@6½c
do choice Carolina 6@6½c
Salt, No. 1, bbl $1.60
do No. 1 extra 1.70
do dairy 1.35
do gran. rock, sack 95c
do pocket $1.55@1.85

CANNED GOODS.

Peaches, std 1-lb $0.90@$3.00
do pie 2.50@1.00
do California 1.40@2.00
Pears, std 1.40@1.65
do California 1.70@1.80
Pineapples 1.20@2.20
Plums, damson $1.00
do California 1.40@1.80
Raspberries .85@97½c
Strawberries .85@97½c
Tomatoes, standard $1.00@1.10
do fancy 1.20@1.30
do gal 2.75@3.85
Succotash, 1-lb cans .65@$1.40
Baked beans, cans .85c@1.40
Lobsters, 1-lb cans .85c@1.40
Salmon, doz $1.00@2.05
Chipped beef .82½@2.75
Corned and roast beef, 1-lb cans $2.45@2.50
do 1-lb cans $1.45@1.50
Mackerel, tomato sauce, 1-lb cans $2.00@2.75
Sardines, domestic, ¼s $0.00@3.65
do imported, ¼s 8.25@2.80
Soups, 2 dozen $0.00@16.00
Oysters, 1-lb full weight .95@$1.25
do 1-lb lumen flat cans $1.10

DRIED FRUITS.

Apricots, evap—
bags 8½@12c
do 25-lb boxes 8@12c
Apples, bulk 7½c
do 1-lb cartons 9c
Peaches 7@10c
Raspberries 20@27½c
Raisins, seeded, 1 lb pkgs 8½@9¼c

Raisins, Muscatel, 2 and 4-crown 50-lb boxes 7@8c
do Sultana 9¾@10c
Currants, cleaned, 2d and 3d-lb packages 6½@6¾c
Prunes, Cal 4@10½c

SALT FISH.

Mackerel, No. 1 mess, bbl $45.00
do half bbls 24.00
do quar. bbls .80.40
Mackerel, No. 2, bbls 27.00
do half bbls 14.00

Mackerel qr. bbls $8.00
do 10-lb pails .1.50
Lake Herring, 100 lbs 3.75
do 50-lb quar 1.40
do 10 lbs .85
Bloaters, 50-box .75c

SEEDS.

Clover, from store, recleaned, 60-lb bu small $7.25@7.50
do common 7.30@7.35
do crimson 4.75@5.00
do white
Dutch $10.00@11.00
Alsike $10.00@10.50
Alfalfa $7.10@7.20

Millet $1.65@1.70
Grass, Hungarian .90c@1.10
do lawn, lb .18@20c
bu $1.50@1.75
do red top, 14-lb bu $1.10@2.00
Timothy $2.10@2.15

PRODUCE.

Potatoes, choice, carlots, bu .53@55c
do fancy car lots, bu .55@57c
do on track .58@60c
do mixed .50@55c
Sweet potatoes, Jersey fancy $4.75@4.90
do med $2.00@2.25
do poor $1.00@1.50
Onions, bbl $1.50@1.75
do bu .50@60c
Shallots .40@50c
Cabbage, domestic, new, per crate, doz $2.25@2.50
Cabbage, Danish, ton $7.00@10.00
Cabbage, Lbt 90c@$1.00
Beets, doz .40@50c
do bbl $1.75@2.00
Parsley, doz .40@50c
Radishes, doz .20@30c
Spinach, per bu .20@25c
Celery, doz .50@55c
do Golden Heart, crate $3.75@4.00
Lettuce, head, fancy, doz .75@$1.00
do Ashtabula, basket .40@50c

Cucumbers, hothouse, doz .50@75c
Parsnips, bbl $1.75@2.00
Rhubarb, doz .40@75c
Peppers, per box .50@75c
Florida tomatoes, crate $3.00@4.00
Peppers, Florida, per quart .12@14c
Mushrooms, lb .30@40c

TROPICAL FRUITS.

Cocoanuts, bags $2.75@3.25
Bananas, Brasp $1.50@2.00
do extra, $2.00@2.75
Pineapples, doz $2.00@3.00
Grapes, Malaga, kegs $3.50@5.00
Grape fruit, $3.00@7.00

DOMESTIC FRUITS.

Apples, Spy, bbl $2.00@3.00
Baldwins $2.00@3.00
do green, bbl $1.60@2.25
Pears, Kiefer, bbl $2.00@3.00

Cranberries, Cape Cod, per box $2.00@3.00
do choice, $2.75@3.00
do bbls $10.00@13.00
do Jersey, $3.00@3.25
Florida straw-berries, qt .25@35c

HONEY.

White comb .17@18c
Buckwheat .14@15c

N. Y. white clover .18@19c

NUTS.

Almonds, lb .14@16c
Filberts, lb .12c
Walnuts, Eng-lish, lb .12@14c
Pecans, lb .11@12c

Brazil nuts, lb .10@11c
Mixed nuts, lb .11@12c
bu $2.50@3.00
Peanuts, fancy .$1.25
do choice .$1.15

BUTTER, EGGS AND CHEESE.

Butter, prints .28@28½c
do tubs .27@27½c
do Ohio Pa. creamery .25@25½c
do dairy .21@22c
do country roll .19@20c
Cheese, N. Y. full cream .15@15½c
do Ohio .14@15c
do flats .13½@14c
do Ohio Swiss, tubs .12½@14c
do Wis Swiss, tubs .13c
do 5-lb block .14c
do Swiss .14@14½c
do 5-lb brick .14@15c
do limburger .14c
Eggs, select, per doz .23@25c
do candled .23@24c
do at mark .20@22c
do storage .15@18c

POULTRY

Live hens, lb .14@15c
Roosters .8@10c
Turkeys .18@19c
Geese .12@13c
Ducks .13@16c
Dressed hens .17c
Spring .17@18c
Broilers .20c
Roosters .12c
Turkeys .23@25c
Ducks .18@20c
Geese, select .20c
do Long Island .22c

GAME.

Mallard ducks, pr $2.00
Teal ducks, pair .$1.10
Redheads, pair .$2.00
Canvas bks, pair $2.75
Squabs, white, doz $2.00
Squirrels, pair .50@55c
Grouse, imp, pair $2.50
Pigeons, live, doz $2.25

Partridges, pair .$2.25
Blackcock, pair .$2.75
Groundhogs, ea .35@50c
Possums, each .35@50c
Rabbits, each .75c@$1.00
Rabbits, pair .75c@$1.00
Sucking pigs, each .$2.50@3.50
Capon, lb .25c

PROVISIONS.

Hams, large, 18 lbs and up .12½c
do medium, 14 to 18 lbs .12½c
do small, 10 to 14 lbs .12c
do small, under 10 lbs .13½c
do skinned .13½c
do boneless, boiled .15½c
do California .10½c
Shoulders, N. Y. cut .10½c
do skinned .11c
Breakfast bacon, rib, 8 to 10 lbs .13c
do 10 to 12 lbs .12½c
do back strips .12½c

Breakfast bacon, cigars, 8 to 10 lbs .13½c
do 10 to 12 lbs .13c
do back strips .12½c
Dry salt sides, extra short clears .10½c
Bellies, 20 to 25 lbs .10½c
do 16 to 20 lbs .10½c
do under 16 lbs .10½c
Dry salt smoked sides .12½c
short clears .11¼c
Bellies, 20 to 25 lbs .11½c
do 16 to 20 lbs .11½c
do under 16 lbs .11½c
Lard, pure, tierces .10½c

HIDES.

No. 1 green steer, heavy .10c
do light, under 60 lbs and cows .9c
No. 2 green .8c
No. 1 green bulls .7c
Calfskin, No. 1 .10c
do No. 2 .8c

Green salt or cured, No. 1 steers, over 60 lbs .10½c
do No. 2 .9½c
Cows and light steers .8c
Calfskins, No. 1 .11c
do No. 2 .9½c

HORSE MARKET

Conditions ruling the horse market are the same as those of a week ago, with a moderate quantity of stock offering which finds purchasers at fair prices. The auction sale yesterday resulted in the sale of 150 horses, all that were offered, at prices about the same as those of the week before, which are decidedly improved over figures prevailing last month.

Boston Wool Market.

BOSTON, Feb. 10.—The wool market remains in about the condition previously noted, with prices holding up well. On the whole the market is firm, but the volume of business is not up to the figures of a few weeks ago. There are still enough manufacturers in the market, however, to ultimately absorb all the wool available. There is apparent a feeling in the trade that the top has been reached, and while no lower prices are expected at the same time any further advance is considered probable, due to the fine territory wools have been selling freely, in fact being about the most active of anything on the list. Fine staple wools are unchanged at 58@59c, with fine mediums at 56@56c, and medium at 57@58c. Quotations are as follows: Territory, Idaho fine, 14@15c; fine medium, 16@16½c; medium, 16@17c; Wyoming fine, 14@15c; fine medium, 16@17c; Utah fine, 14@15c; fine medium, 16@17c; medium, 17@18c. Montana fine, choice, 16@20c; average, 17@18c; Colorado, New Mexico, etc., fine, 14@16c; fine medium, 17@18c; medium, 19@ 45c. There is a fair active demand for fleece wools with a stronger feeling on choice lots. Ohio and Pennsylvania XX and above, 32@33c; X, 28@29c; No. 1 and No. 2, 28@29c; Michigan X and above, 27@28c; No. 1 and No. 2, 28@ 29c; Kentucky, Indiana, etc., three-eighths blood, 28@24c; quarter blood, 23@24c; braid, 20@22c. Delaine, Ohio and Western choice, 29@32c; average, 17@18c; middle counties, 15@16c; southern, 12@13c; fall, 16@17c. Australian wool is quiet, owing to the small offerings in this market. Prices are steady and unchanged. Combing, choice scoured basis, 80@83c; good, 78@80c; average, 75@78c.

NEWS FROM THE MINES.

It is known that William C. Whitney is the owner of a considerable amount of the stock of the Tonopah Mining Company of Nevada, but the report that he has secured actual control is without foundation.

The report is current that Amalgamated Copper interests have secured control of the Champion Mining Company, one of the Stanton properties.

For month of July United States Mining Company shipped east 842,800 pounds of copper bullion, carrying gold and silver, the product of three furnaces. With four furnaces now in operation, the United States Mining Company is handling 1,000 tons of ore every 24 hours.

The production of Cripple Creek for January, 1903, was 58,850 tons, which, yielded a gross value of $1,083,000. The output is up to last year's average and is at the rate of over $13,000,000 per year.

The Portland Gold Mining Company's annual meeting was held at Council Bluffs, Ia., on February 2. The treasurer's statement shows a production to date of $18,828,000, of which $2,254,000 was derived from shipments of the past year. Dividends paid during the year of 1902 amounted to $270,000. The main shaft has reached a depth of 1,222 feet and more ore in sight than at any time during the history of the mine. The new mill put in operation May 1 last has already produced a profit of $60,000.

The sampler of Taylor & Brunton reports more ore in sight than for many months. This plant is now handling an average of 24 cars of 600 tons of ore every 24 hours. The value of ore sampled for the last three months shows the high average of $41 80 per ton.

A strike of importance to the Telluride district is just reported by the lessees on the Black Bird mine, located in Bridal Veil basin. A few days ago a pay streak measuring from 12 to 20 inches in width was encountered and with every foot of progress the values increased until forty feet was reached, considered one of the biggest ever made in the camp. Average samples show that the values at present run 500 ounces silver and two and a quarter ounces gold per ton. If the stuff is properly worked the high grade portion will yield this much in silver and nearly four ounces in gold. On the dump are 125 tons of ore that will run from $250 to $500 per ton.

Denver Post: One of the richest strikes of high grade gold and silver ore ever recorded in the mining history of the southwest is announced by the manager of the Treasure Hill Mining company, operating a group of claims on Treasure hill, Mohave county, Arizona, 50 miles north of Kingman. The find consists of strikes in three different claims, in ten foot holes, constituting the annual assessment work. In each of the large veins of high grade silver and gold ore was uncovered during the month of January which returns values varying from $100 to $300 per ton.

A Cripple Creek dispatch to City says: The month of January in the ore and bullion market closed on settlements aggregating $2,000,000, the settlements for the corresponding period in 1902 amounting to $1,788,000, a net gain the present year of $804,453, notwithstanding the heavy weather which weighed upon the output and the fabled impoverishment of values in some localities. Nor does the exhibit make a poor showing when compared throughout as the best evidence of the merits of Utah's diggings, include the tonnages of bullion that have been forwarded by the independent smelters of the valley to the eastern refineries which, according to the best evidence, reluctantly given, swells the total production of the month to approximately $3,600,000.

The Metal Market.

NEW YORK, Feb. 10.—There was a slight reaction in the London tin market, today, prices there being 5s lower at £132 12s 6d for spot, and £132 5s for futures, but the nearly dull market was quiet, but a shade easier at $29 00@29 12½. Copper advanced 2s 6d in London, closing at £76 17s 6d for spot and £76 10s for futures. Locally the market is unchanged and is quoted at $12 00 nominal; lake, $12 75@12 85; electrolytic at $12 70@12 80; casting, $12 37½@12 75. Lead was quiet here at $4 37½. and in London at £13 2s. Spelter was dull at £20 7s 6d in London and was quiet here at $5 00@5 05. Iron was steady abroad; Glasgow closed at 58s and Middlesboro at 47s 3d. On the side iron remains quiet and there is little change to note. In Pittsburg, northern, is quoted at $24 00@24 50; No. 2 foundry, $22 00@22 50; No. 1 foundry, southern, and No. 2 foundry, southern soft, at $23 50@24 50. Warrants are peculiar.

Boston Copper Stocks.

(Reported by A. E. Masten & Co.)

Allouez	6¼	Old Dominion	24
Adventure	16	Parrot	24
Arcadian	6½	Phoenix	6½
Atlantic	7	Quincy	125
Black Diamond	2	Range Cons	2
Bingham	25½	Swift	15?
Calumet & Ariz.	88	Trimountain	95½
Centennial	23½	Trinity	14
Calumet & Hecla	510	Tamarack	27
Franklin	14	U. S. Mining	2.78
U. S. & P. Dev.	65	Victoria	6
Mohawk	58	Wolverine	70
North Lake	24½	Winona	19¼
Osceola	26½		

New York Mining Stocks.

Adams Con	.20	Little Chief	.09
Alice	.25	Ontario	5.60
Horn Silver	.85	Ophir	2.50
Brunswick (Con	.06	Phoenix	.88
Comstock Tunnel	.06	Potosi	.08
Con. Cal. & Va	2.20	Savage	.50
Horn Silver	1.80	Sierra Nevada	.06
Iron Silver	.70	Small Hopes	.01
Leadville Con	.03	Standard	5.00

CORN IS MOST ACTIVE IN CHICAGO MARKET

No Sensational Trading in Wheat, but Nervousness Characterizes That Pit.

[By Associated Press to The Gazette.]

CHICAGO, Feb. 10.—There were no sensational features in the trade in wheat, but prices were nervous and fluctuated easily. Commission houses were good buyers throughout the day and there was some liquidation by local longs. The opening was steady with May unchanged, and on bullish reports from Paris, claiming damage to the crop, there was a spurt, but the gain was quickly lost on selling led by the principal longs. Later local traders turned active buyers on strong San Francisco market, and prices again rallied, but late in the day commission houses sold freely and the market eased off, the close being steady. Primary receipts, 560,000 bushels, compared with 812,000 bushels a year ago. Minneapolis and Duluth reported receipts of 364 cars, which with local receipts of 32 cars, none of contract grade, made total receipts for the three points of 396 cars, against 315 cars last week and 240 cars a year ago.

Corn was the most active market on the floor and the volume of business was large, while the sentiment was bullish. Influenced largely by the comparatively small receipts and the poor grading. Shorts covered freely during the early part of the session, which caused a strong tone, but realizing later in the day resulted in a decline. The close was firm. Local receipts were 335 cars, with none of contract grade.

Oats were less active than for several days past, but the market was firm in spite of the

FIGHT FOR COAL TRADE ASCENDENCY

Empire Coal Co. Plans to Be Second Bituminous Producer in Three Years.

AFTER SEVEN MORE MINES

Will Equip Them at Cost of $125,000 Each—Scheme to Seize Big Share of Southern Market by Cheaper Transporation.

The Empire Coal Mining Company of West Virginia, formed by Pittsburghers about two years ago, plans in the course of three years to place itself second only to the Pittsburgh Coal Company among bituminous producers. Through aggressive development in Belmont county, O., of what is regarded as the largest contiguous body of coal owned by any one concern in the world, the Empire company plans to reach the southern markets 36 hours ahead of Pittsburgh shipments. With the proposed improvement of the Ohio river completed the management of the company figures that its transporation cost to these markets will be 35 cents a ton less than on the Pittsburgh coal.

The company will this year open from five to seven new mines, the equipment, aside from the sinking of the shafts, to cost between $625,000 and $775,000. At the annual meeting yesterday at headquarters, in the Empire building, the company determined that in preference to paying dividends out of its growing surplus it would devote this fund to improvements. It is purposed to bring the production for the year, from July to July, up to 1,000,000 tons. The annual production rate in December and January was 600,000 tons from three mines.

Latest Equipment to be Installed.

The new mines will be equipped with double steel tipples, each of which will take care of 2,500 tons a day. The entries will be 16 feet. Rails, 40 pounds to the yard, will be laid throughout. Four hundred two-tons capacity mine cars and four electric locomotives will be provided. Each of these mines will cost for equipment about $125,000.

At the No. 1 mine of the company, 80 two-ton mine cars have made the round trip, one and a half miles from the point of loading and back, empty, in 34 minutes. In the No. 2 mine recently put into commission, with automatic haulage equipment, three two-ton cars a minute have been taken from the end of the slope to the dump, 180 cars an hour being thus hauled.

The company owns about 32,000 acres of coal, covering a territory of nearly 52 square miles. With a river frontage of nine miles along the Ohio, the company stands distinctively in the lead for water transportation. The Baltimore & Ohio and Cleveland & Pittsburgh roads pierce the property and the Wabash will also go there. While forging ahead with production, the company has been handicapped with car shortage.

History of the Company.

The Empire company was formed something over two years ago. The De Armit, who were conspicuous for years in their management of the New York & Cleveland Gas Coal Company, were the original managers. At a reorganization they passed out and the policy of the new management is one along the most modern lines of development. This policy is certain of continuity, the company having arranged for the continuance of the present general manager, L. F. Newman, for three years.

No statement of earnings was announced yesterday, but it is understood that the January earnings, despite transportation handicaps, were at the rate of $2,000,000 for the year, after meeting all fixed charges and marking off liberally for depreciation of property. The balance sheet of the company shows assets of cash in bank and bonds in treasury, $530,000; bills receivable, $51,000; property account, $6,600,000; real estate, $20,000; improvement, $120,000; total, $7,330,000; liabilities, capital stock, $5,000,000; bonds, $2,000,000; profit and loss, $330,000; total, $7,330,000.

Out of the 50,000 shares of stock, 38,816 were voted yesterday, the following directorate being named: J. R. Paull, W. L. Kann, T. R. Bakewell, T. H. Bakewell, L. F. Newman, Jacob Kaufmann and W. L. Berger. Mr. Berger, who is assistant general manager, is a new member of the board. The others were re-elected. The board will meet Monday for organization, and will probably name the present officers, who are, J. R. Paull, president; W. L. Kann, vice president; L. W. Frank, treasurer, and T. R. Bakewell, secretary.

LUTHERAN PASTORS HAVE ADJOURNED

New Officers Were Elected and Many Interesting Papers Read Yestereay.

The closing session of the southern conference of the Pittsburgh synod of the Lutheran church, which has been in session at St. Paul's Lutheran church, Glenwood, was held last night. A number of papers on the work and growth of the church in America were read by ministers attending.

At the morning session the business of the conference was transacted, and the following officers were chosen: President, the Rev. H. C. Keller of Aspinwall; secretary, the Rev. A. R. Longanecker of Swissvale; treasurer, the Rev. W. H. Nicholas of Allegheny. The Rev. W. J. Slonaker of New Castle and the Rev. D. E. Shaner of Tarentum read papers at the morning session. At noon lunch was served the delegates by the women of the church.

The Rev. J. C. Lerch of Sardis, Westmoreland county, read a paper at the afternoon session on "The Office and Work of the Holy Spirit as Found in the Old Testament." After the reading of the paper the subject was informally discussed.

The Rev. William H. Nicholas of Allegheny at the evening session read an interesting paper on "The Rise and Growth of the Lutheran church in America."

The Rev. E. B. Burgess of Connellsville gave a sketch of the early history of the Lutheran church in Western Pennsylvania, telling of the hardships endured by the few ministers who traveled from church to church on horseback and carrying firearms to protect them from wild beasts and savages. He said one of the earliest churches in this section was established near the present site of Brownsville, Pa., where there is no Lutheran church today.

A paper was also read by the Rev. J. W. Bomlich of St. Luke's church, Allegheny, on "How Can the Church Best Adapt Itself to the Age?" The next place of meeting will be selected at a later date.

PITTSBURGH GIRL MAKES HER STAGE DEBUT

Miss Gertrude Cosgrove McCauley Singing in "A Chinese Honeymoon" at Casino

[SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE GAZETTE.]

NEW YORK, Feb. 10.—Miss Gertrude Cosgrove McCauley, of Pittsburgh, last night made her debut in "A Chinese Honeymoon" at the Casino theater in this city.

Gertrude Cosgrove, as she will be known on the stage, is a neice of Capt. E. E. Strong, a Standard Oil dorector. Her father is J. F. McCauley, a Pittsburgh oil operator. She has a voice of remarkable range and sweetness. Her early years were spent in Mt. De Chantal convent, at Wheeling, and later she attended the fashionable East End College for Women in Pittsburgh. Last fall she entered Emerson college and returned to her home for the holidays. While on the way from Pittsburgh to Boston she made up her mind to give up school for the stage.

A Dramatic Sensation.

K. F. Kyrle Bellew, acting as De Marsac in "A Gentleman of France," was one of last season's sensations in New York. The production ran for months. Mr. Bellew will be seen in this play at the Alvin next week. Seats for the event go on sale tomorrow at the box office of the theater.

He (Hays) accepts the boss principle, declares loyalty to the boss, and who can doubt these will be the animating and controlling principles of his administration? There is nothing in Mr. Hays' personality or record to even suggest that he will be a resisting force.—Post, December 31.

BABIES ON FIRE

With Itching, Burning, Scaly Humors

Find Instant Relief and Speedy Cure

In Cuticura Soap and Cuticura Ointment

When All Other Remedies and the Best Physicians Fail

Instant relief and refreshing sleep for skin-tortured babies and rest for tired mothers in warm baths with Cuticura Soap and gentle anointings with Cuticura Ointment, the great skin cure and purest of emollients, to be followed in severe cases by mild doses of Cuticura Resolvent Pills. This is the purest, sweetest, most speedy, permanent and economical treatment for torturing, disfiguring, itching, burning, bleeding, scaly, crusted and pimply skin and scalp humors, eczemas, rashes and irritations, with loss of hair, of infants and children, as well as adults, and is sure to succeed when all other remedies and physicians fail.

Millions of the world's best people now use Cuticura Soap, assisted by Cuticura Ointment, for preserving, purifying and beautifying the skin, for cleansing the scalp of crusts, scales and dandruff, and the stopping of falling hair, for softening, whitening and soothing red, rough and sore hands, as well as for all the purposes of the toilet, bath and nursery. Thousands of women unhesitatingly recommend Cuticura Soap, in the form of baths for annoying irritations, inflammations and chafings, or too free or offensive perspiration, in the form of washes for ulcerative weaknesses and for many sanative, antiseptic purposes which readily suggest themselves. The sale of Cuticura Soap, Ointment and Pills is greater than the combined sale of the world's product of other skin remedies. Sold in every part of the world.

REALTY AGENTS AND POLITICS

Tenants Being Secured for a New Building by Representatives of Two Firms.

Real estate men have been somewhat puzzled the last three days over the apparent change in the management of the Farmers Deposit National bank building. Until last Saturday Samuel W. Black & Co. were recognized as the exclusive agents of the building, they having bought the various properties that were included in the site. On Saturday the signs of the Commonwealth Real Estate and Trust Company appeared on the building. Twice that afternoon the signs are reported to have been taken down by Mr. Black's orders. Monday morning they were again in evidence and yesterday the signs of both companies were displayed on the building.

T. Hart Given, president of the bank, when seen Monday, intimated that something would be given out yesterday. Further than to admit that both companies were authorized to rent offices in the Farmers building he had little to say yesterday. "Anybody that wants an office in the building can secure a lease from either agent," he said. "Whether Mr. Black retains his agency or not depends on himself. Mr. Given hinted at a political cause, which is said to have been a factor in the matter.

Mr. Black maintains that he is the exclusive agent of the building and says he was much surprised to see the signs of the Commonwealth hanging from the building. "There is a political story connected with it," he said, "but I cannot explain it in full."

Officials of the Commonwealth say they are in the dark in regard to the political phase of the situation and were simply asked by the bank to assist Mr. Black's agency in filling the building with desirable tenants.

Appointed by Governor.

HARRISBURG, Feb. 10.—Gov. Pennypacker sent these nominations to the senate today: W. A. Calderwood of Lock Haven, to be register of wills, recorder of deeds and clerk of the orphans court of Clinton county, until the first Monday in January, 1904, vice H. T. Durrell, deceased; Elwood Knouse of Benton, to be justice of the peace of Benton borough, Columbia county, until the first Monday in May, 1908, vice H. O. McHenry, resigned.

Laxative Bromo Quinine Cures a Cold in One Day, Grip in 2 Days. E. W. Grove on every box. 25c

GIRL WAS PERHAPS FATALLY BURNED

Exploding Lamp Set Her Clothes Afire and She Fell Unconscious.

Emma Coulter, the 14-year-old stepdaughter of Henry Coulter of No. 1517 Greenwood street, Allegheny, was perhaps fatally burned last night by the explosion of a lamp at the home of her uncle, Officer Cyrus Coulter of the Allegheny police force. The girl was visiting her cousin, Margaret Coulter, aged 8, and while playing with the latter upset a large lamp, which exploded. The burning oil was thrown all over Emma.

Mrs. Coulter, the girl's aunt, and the little cousin attempted to put out the flames that were burning Emma's clothes from her body, but in her agony she ran out of the house and down Greenwood street. After running half a block with her clothes ablaze she fell unconscious, and the flames were beaten out by Samuel McCune of Page street. Mr. McCune had his hands terribly burned.

The girl was carried into the office of Dr. H. E. Campbell, where her burns were dressed. She is terribly burned all over the body and it is scarcely likely she will live.

The house was set afire by the exploding lamp and an alarm was turned in from box No. 453. The flames were soon extinguished.

COMMITTEE FAVORABLE

Representatives of Dixmont Asylum and West Penn Hospital Urge Appropriations.

HARRISBURG, PA., Feb. 10.—[Special.]—A delegation representing the West Penn hospital of Pittsburgh and the Hospital for the Insane at Dixmont, appeared before the committee on appropriations of the house and senate tonight. Robert Pitcairn and Dr. Hutchinson represented Dixmont, Mr. Pitcairn also appearing for the West Penn hospital. S. J. Wainwright, the Rev. Dr. Boyle and C. S. Howell, the superintendent, also spoke for West Penn.

They urged the granting of the appropriations asked for, and when they came out reported that members of the committee spoke favorably.

The West Penn hospital asks for $140,000 for the medical and surgical department for two years, $125,000 for maintenances of the hospital and $15,000 for repairs, agreeing to maintain 15 free beds for the two years. Dixmont asks for $45,000 for the erection, equipment and furnishing of a kitchen and a dormitory.

Music for Piano

And voice. Our stock more than doubled this season. KLEBER, 221-223 Fifth ave.

makes good things light

Presto

(better than flour)

GUARANTEED BY YOUR DRUGGIST

Hyomei the Only Cure for Catarrh Which Returns Your Money If Not Satisfactory.

It is seldom that a druggist has enough faith in the medicine he sells even when prepared by himself, to be willing to refund the money if it does not cure; but Hyomei has cured so many cases of catarrh that leading druggists everywhere offer to refund the money to all who use it and report that they are not satisfied.

Hyomei is the simplest and most convenient remedy for catarrh ever offered to the public. Breathed through an inhaler so small that it can be carried in the vest pocket, for a few minutes four times a day, it will absolutely kill all the germs of catarrh and cure the disease.

Catarrh cannot exist where Hyomei is used. It has a two-fold action, killing all the germs in the air passages and lungs and soothing and healing the irritated mucous membrane.

Rev. Dr. Stryker of the Thirty-fourth Street church of New York city, writes: "Hyomei gives wonderful relief in catarrh when other remedies have failed. It has been of great service to me."

If you have catarrh, accept this liberal proposition and use Hyomei.

RESORTS.

Atlantic City.

Fourth Year Under Present Management.

HOTEL BELMONT.

Built entirely of brick and stone. Steam heat. Elevator service to street entrance. Rooms single or en-suite with or without bath. Special rates for families and parties contemplating a long stay. Further particulars on application. E. S. WATSON, Manager.

JOSEPH HORNE CO.

Weather—Cloudy. Wednesday, Feb. 11, 1903.

Store Closes Daily at 5:30.

Spring Dress Cottons of American Weavers.

Foreign Cottons were featured in our news yesterday and this morning we have some good words for American Cottons. Down East they made for us some of the filmiest and most delicate Cottons for Spring that you ever saw. Most of them are woven in colors mixed with white. Besides the filmy Cottons there are thousands upon thousands of yards of new Dimities and new Percales and Madrases, Galateas and Ginghams and Vestings.

Altogether we now have ready for Spring buyers something like 100,000 yards of American printed and woven Cottons, and of course that means unlimited assortment. This great store of the Basement is, indeed, putting on Spring airs.

Dimities at 10c, 12½c and 15c a yard—prettier, brighter, more Springlike than ever. There is really a 25c air about many of the attractive patterns, such as figures, stripes, classical and conventional designs. Everything that is new and at all attractive can be found in this Spring assortment of Dimities.

Batiste and Lawns of the 10c, 12½c, 15c, 18c and 20c and up to 25c grades. A great variety as to the weaving—some have satin stripes, some lace stripes, some fancy broche figures, all printed over with the most dainty designs.

Printed Percales and Madrases, shirting stuffs nice for making dapper shirts for men and shirtwaist suits for women and children, 12½c, 15c and up to 20c a yard.

Extraordinary large showing of Galateas, the mother's favorite for her boys' wash suits, also nice for ladies' dress skirts and outing suits. We never carried such a choice lot in any former season. Polka dots, stripes, conventional figures, printed over colored grounds, together with a complete line of plain colors to match. Select at 15c a yard.

New Ginghams in all the best styles, best weaves, best and most popular colors, 10c, 12½, 15c, 18c, 20c and 25c a yard.

Fancy Spring Vestings, woven dots and boutonne weaves, in tan, gray, navy, green, red and black, 25c a yard.

More New Silks From Lyons.

Can we begin to tell of the completeness and richness of our foreign Silks, now on exhibition? They represent the chosen products of France, and are controlled by us for Greater Pittsburg.

We are showing a few specials for today. Had we not arranged for this great sale many months ago we would be unable, owing to the present advance in prices, to make such sensational quotations. We contracted for immense quantities, and therefore the showing is prodigal. These leading numbers ready this morning:

A very special offer in Foulard Silks, several thousand yards of this season's beautiful patterns, including the always popular polka dots, at 65c a yard.

38 styles of printed India Silks, blue and white, black and white, and the reverse, white and black, 50c a yard.

Colored Taffetas in all the new Spring colorings, including delicate whites and ivories—50c a yard.

There are many other leading Silk values scattered through the large collection of new colored Silks, and just as many through our remarkable showing of new black Silks. Among the new Blacks are—

New styles in fancy black Grenadines, beginning at 75c a yard and running easily along to $5.

19-inch imported black Taffetas for 63c a yard, although their value is 75c.

21-inch imported black peau de Soie, 85c a yard, worth $1.10.

20-inch black peau de Cygne, 75c a yard, worth $1.

Fancy black Peau de Soies, $1 a yard, worth $1.75.

Young Ladies' New Spring Suits.

Roundelays of Spring are now on the lips of young ladies, and their thoughts turn to what will be fashionable in dress. Come and see. Some of the newest fashions:

Young ladies' Suits in curious fancy mixtures, also in the plainer cloths, prettily trimmed in various ways with braid and taffeta, the trimming giving a blouse effect, with and without collars, also with shoulder capes and peplums, ranging from $16 up to $45.

Misses' Suits of English checks, made with collarless Norfolk Jackets, flare skirt, the same style also in navy blue and black—sizes 14-16-18 years—price $30.

New White Dress and Waist Cottons.

Many of these are in broche effects so admirable for the dainty white waist. Buying now and having your sewing done leisurely through this between-seasons'-month, means saving of lots of worry by being prepared with your dresses and waists when the time comes to use them.

New designs in Mercerized Striped Oxford, and the price is only 20c a yard.

Mercerized Broche Brilliantines, Mercerized Oxford and Madrases, at 25c a yard.

Jacquard Oxford and Mercerized Satin Broches, at 35c a yard.

Fine grades of satin Damsk, Mercerized Oxfords, Brilliantines and Mousselines, 50c a yard.

Still finer grades of Mercerized Oxfords, satin Broches, Brilliantines and silk and cotton Waistings at 75c a yard.

Cotton Waists.

All our cotton Waists are practically new, and by reason of the very heavy selling since the first of January, some of the lines are down to odd sizes.

Quite a lot of these broken sizes in oxford, madras and vesting, sold for $1.50, and now you can choose, if you can find your size, at $1.

A handful or so of Waists of vesting, blue, tan and white, sold for $5 and $7, will be sold now for $3.50.

If you would like a good warm wool Waist, you can choose from the following materials for $1, same that sold for $3.50: Black and navy Brilliantine and other wool Waists in flannel, serge and cashmere.

Small lot of flannel Waists for 75c each, sold for $2.50.

Inexpensive New Walking Skirt.

Women who have a notion for an excellent every-day Walking Skirt are invited to see our new lines selling for $5. Green and white and gray and white outing cloth. Style 5-gore with side pleated flare.

A new style of Spring Dress Skirt is also ready. Blue and black broadcloth, made with 7-gore flare and 2-inch box pleat and 4 bands of taffeta silk between pleats. All over a handsome taffeta silk drop, $16.50.

By Way of Apology.

In the Basement Sale of heavy, coated gray Culinary Ware yesterday, notwithstanding we had some dozen extra salespeople from other departments to help expedite matters we are afraid many left without being waited upon. We are very sorry and it is only fair to say that the display was crowded for room. To cater rightly to such a gathering as that of yesterday would have required at least half the Basement, and that was impossible.

Of course what remains of this Ware is badly broken as to assortment. However, if you will take chances it may just be possible that there are some kitchen utensils that you need and will find, if you come today.

You already know how much less than usual the prices are.

PENN AND FIFTH.

CARPETS—Why Buy Now?

New Tapestry Brussels Carpets

This year's patterns, all-wool (no jute), that are just the thing for bedrooms, halls, cottage parlors, etc. We will cut them up, make, lay and line for you (using cotton padded lining, tacked and stitched), and your entire bill will be..... 58c yd.

☞ If you wait until the dandelions are in blossom likely as not these same carpets will cost you 60c a yard in the roll, with 15c extra for making, laying and lining.

New Tapestry Brussels Carpets

Which the latest advices from the carpet mills indicate will be 75c a yard in the roll when the last snowdrift melts away, we will make, lay and line for you now, or will make them now and will lay them when you are ready, for..... 68c yd.

New Extra Fine Tapestries.

Which we will have to ask you to pay 85c for when spring comes, and charge you extra for the making and laying, you can now have complete on your floors for..... 78c yd.

Because

whatever Carpets are bought from us in February, we will make up right away, keep until called for, and line and lay when wanted.

Free

Perhaps it's a fine parlor for which you desire a floor-covering. If so, the chances are that you will want a $1.50 Axminster or $1.75 Savonnerie. We have a number of patterns of these elegant carpets, made in November, some one of which you will be glad to get for $1.35 a yard—with no extra charge for the making, laying and lining.

Bring with you a diagram of the room to be carpeted and the exact measurements in feet and inches. Then we can tell you just how much your carpet will cost.

New Double Extra 10-Wire Tapestries

In about twenty-five patterns, from a mill whose products are the best tapestries in the United States, and the only carpets guaranteed against "sprouting"—the self-same carpets which another house in town has advertised as worth $1.10 a yard, we will make, lay and line for you for..... 85c yd.

Velvet Carpets.

A lot of new Velvet Carpets came in the other day which we are going to sell for $1.25 a yard. Alongside of them are fifteen patterns identical in quality, bought last fall and in perfect condition. Some of them are in patterns which you may prefer to the new ones. If you give us your order this month we will make them for you right away, and lay them and line them when you are ready, for..... 98c yd.

Stair Carpets.

The newest and handsomest patterns. Something certain to win your approval.

Rugs.

That's another story—and a long one—and a strong one. We will tell it to you in person if you come to see the new ones.

CAMPBELL'S

"THE PEOPLE'S STORE."

RAILROADS.

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD.

In effect January 20, 1903.
From Union Station, Pittsburgh.
(Eastern Standard Time.)

FOR PHILADELPHIA, NEW YORK, BALTIMORE AND WASHINGTON.

Atlantic Express, daily	3:00 a. m.
Pennsylvania Limited, daily	3:15 a. m.
Day Express, daily	7:50 a. m.
Main Line Express, daily	8:00 a. m.
Harrisburg Mail, daily	12:45 p. m.
Harrisburg Express, daily	4:40 p. m.
Philadelphia Express, daily	4:50 p. m.
Eastern Express, daily	7:10 p. m.
Fast Line, daily	8:00 p. m.
Fast Line (second section) daily. Sleeping cars to Philadelphia, Baltimore and Washington. No coaches	10:00 p. m.
"Pittsburgh Limited," daily, for New York only	10:00 p. m.
Philadelphia Mail, Sundays only	8:40 a. m.
For Butler and Niagara Falls, 9:00 a. m. and 10:45 p. m. daily.	
For Oil City, 6:15, 9:00 a. m., 1:30, 5:05 and 10:45 p. m. week days. Sundays, 9:00 a. m., 5:05 and 10:45 p. m.	
For Titusville and Corry, 6:15, 9:00 a. m., and 10:45 p. m. week days. Sundays, 9:00 a. m. and 10:45 p. m. For Titusville only, 1:30 p. m. week days.	
For DuBois, 6:15, 9:00 a. m., 1:30 and 5:05 p. m. week days. Sundays, 9:00 a. m. and 5:05 p. m.	
For Atlantic City (via Delaware River Bridge, all-rail route), 8:00 a. m. and 9:00 p. m. daily. Pennsylvania Limited, 7:15 a. m. week days.	
For Connellsville and Uniontown, 5:10, 8:25 a. m., 12:45 and 4:25 p. m. week days.	
For West Brownsville and Uniontown, 10:35 a. m. and 4:29 p. m. week days. For Dravosburg, East Elizabeth, Monongahela City, Belle Vernon and West Brownsville, 6:05, 8:20, 10:35 a. m., 1:05, 3:35, 4:29, 5:20 to Monongahela City), 9:40 and 11:20 p. m. week days. Sundays, 7:00, 9:35 a. m., 1:05, 5:00 and 9:40 p. m.	

FROM ALLEGHENY CITY:

For Butler, 6:25, 8:50, 10:15 a. m., 3:03 and 6:10 p. m. week days. Sundays, 7:03 a. m., 9:03 p. m.

The Excelsior Baggage Express Company will call for and check baggage from Hotels and Residences. Time Cards and full information can be obtained at the Ticket Offices—No. 360 Fifth Avenue, corner Fourth Avenue and Fifth Street, and Union Station.

W. W. ATTERBURY, General Manager. J. R. WOOD, Gen'l Pass'r Agent.

PITTSBURGH & LAKE ERIE R. R.

CLEVELAND SHORT LINE.

Schedule in effect November 23, 1902.

Central Time.	Depart.	Arrive.
Chi. & Cleveland "Flyer"	* 7:00 am	†11:15 am
Youngst'n & Cleve'd Mail	* 8:25 am	* 5:10 pm
Buffalo & Erie Express	† 8:25 am	† 5:55 pm
Lake Chautauqua Fast Line	*12:50 pm	* 6:30 pm
Buffalo & Erie Express	* 2:30 pm	* 9:05 pm
Cleveland & Chicago Ex.	* 2:30 pm	* 1:00 pm
Boston Special	† 4:20 pm	* 8:00 am
Chi. & Cleveland "Flyer"	† 6:00 pm	†11:15 am
Buffalo & Cleveland Ex	†10:00 pm	* 6:05 am
Cle'd & Youngs'n Accom.	† 5:25 am	* 5:00 pm
Beaver Falls Accom.	† 6:30 am	† 8:55 am
Beaver Falls Accom.	† 9:00 am	† 6:45 pm
Beaver Falls Accom.	*12:10 pm	† 9:30 am
Beaver Falls Accom.	† 3:30 pm	†12:30 pm
New Castle Express	† 4:20 pm	† 7:30 am
Beaver Valley Express	† 5:20 pm	† 4:15 pm
Fayette City Accom.	† 6:10 am	† 7:20 am
Fayette C. & N. Haven Ex	* 8:00 am	* 8:00 am
McKeesp't & Fayette City	†11:50 am	†12:40 pm
Fayette City & N. Haven	† 3:30 pm	† 4:50 pm
Fayette City Express	* 4:20 pm	† 5:40 pm

†On Sunday from Cleveland only.

P. C. & Y. trains for Carnegie, Beading and Beechmont, †6:25 a. m., †10:15 a. m.

*Daily. †Daily except Sunday.

‡Note—6:00 p. m. train on Sundays to Youngstown only.

City ticket office, 357 Fifth ave., Park Bldg.

J. B. TONE, Gen. Supt. L. A. ROBISON, Gen. Pass. Agent. Pittsburgh, Pa.

BESSEMER & LAKE ERIE R. R.

Schedule in effect Nov. 25, 1902. Trains leave B. & O. depot, Allegheny (Eastern Standard time). For Erie, Girard, Conneaut, O., and Meadville, 7:35 a. m. and 3:15 p. m. Greenville, Mercer, Grove City and Keister, 7:35 a. m., 1:15 p. m. and 3:15 p. m. All trains daily except Sunday.

E. D. COMSTOCK, G. P. A., Pittsburgh, Pa.

MANUFACTURERS.

ESTABLISHED 1863.

OLIVER Iron & Steel Company,

MANUFACTURERS OF

Soft Welding Steel and Iron, Bolts for Railways, Wagons and Agricultural Implements.

Telegraph and Telephone Pole Supplies.

General Offices at SOUTH TENTH STREET WORKS, PITTSBURGH.

OCEAN STEAMSHIPS.

ANCHOR LINE

United States Mail Steamship from New York Every Saturday for

GLASGOW VIA LONDONDERRY

First Saloon Passage, $50 & upwards
Second Saloon, $35 and upwards.
Third Class, $26 and upwards.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

DIRECT TO NAPLES

S. S. PERUGIA.....Thursday, Feb. 19.

HENDERSON BROTHERS, Agents, 17 and 19 Broadway, N. Y., or J. J. McCORMICK, 340 Smithfield st., Pittsburgh.

FRENCH LINE.

Compagnie Generale Transatlantique.

Direct Line to Havre—Paris (France)

Sailing every Thursday at 10 A. M. from Pier 42, North River, foot Morton St.

La Bretagne...Feb. 12|*La Savoie.....Mar. 5
*La Lorraine...Feb. 19|La Bretagne...Mar. 12
La Champagne.Feb. 26|*La Lorraine...Mar. 19

(*) New Screw Steamers.

General Agency, 522 Broadway, New York; McCormick & Co., 306 Smithfield st.; First National Bank, Fifth ave. and Wood st.; C. R. Weltershausen, 717 E. Ohio st., Allegheny.

JAPAN-CHINA PHILIPPINE ISLANDS VIA HONOLULU

Pacific Mail S. S. Co. Occidental and Oriental S. S. Co. and Oriental S. S. Co.

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STEAMER BEN HUR, H. E. Cramer, Master; Jas. Davis, Clerk, leaves Patterson's wharfboat Monday, 12 m., Thursday, 4 p. m. Connecting with Str. Helen Gould at Parkersburg for Charleston and all way landings. S. R. Patterson & Co., G. F. Ghrist, 307 Water st., Agents. 'Phones 428.

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OFFICIAL—ALLEGHENY.

IN the court of common pleas, No. 3, No. 183, February term, 1903.

In the matter of the petition of the city of Allegheny for the appointment of viewers to ascertain the costs, damages and expenses, and assess the benefits for the construction of a lateral sewer on Fulton avenue, from present sewer northward to McGrew's north line, Second ward.

Notice is hereby given to all parties in interest, that the undersigned viewers, duly appointed by the court in the foregoing matter, have prepared a schedule, showing the damages, costs and expenses ascertained and allowed, and the benefits assessed for the foregoing improvement, and that said viewers will meet and exhibit the same at their office, Municipal hall, Allegheny, on the 27th day of February, A. D. 1903, at 10 o'clock a. m., and will then and thereupon hear all exceptions thereto and evidence thereon.

JOHN A. FAIRMAN,
GEORGE GIBBS,
CHAS. F. HESELBARTH,
Viewers.

IN the court of common pleas, No. 2, No. 570, January term, 1903.

In the matter of the petition of the city of Allegheny for the appointment of viewers to ascertain the costs, damages and expenses, and assess the benefits for the construction of a lateral sewer on Radner street, from Raymond street to a 10-foot alley, Twelfth ward.

Notice is hereby given to all parties in interest, that the undersigned viewers, duly appointed by the court in the foregoing matter, have prepared a schedule, showing the damages, costs and expenses ascertained and allowed, and the benefits assessed for the foregoing improvement, and that said viewers will meet and exhibit the same at their office, Municipal hall, Allegheny, on the 26th day of February, A. D. 1903, at 10 o'clock a. m., and will then and thereupon hear all exceptions thereto and evidence thereon.

W. T. BRADBERRY,
JAMES S. KERR,
JOHN ESPY,
Viewers.

IN the court of common pleas, No. 2, No. 572, January term, 1903.

In the matter of the petition of the city of Allegheny for the appointment of viewers to ascertain the costs, damages and expenses, and assess the benefits for the construction of a lateral sewer on Compromise street, Twelfth ward.

Notice is hereby given to all parties in interest that the undersigned viewers, duly appointed by the court in the foregoing matter, have prepared a schedule, showing the damages, costs and expenses ascertained and allowed, and the benefits assessed for the foregoing improvement, and that said viewers will meet and exhibit the same at their office, Municipal hall, Allegheny, on the 27th day of February, A. D. 1903, at 10 o'clock a. m., and will then and thereupon hear all exceptions thereto and evidence thereon.

GEO. F. LARIMER,
J. H. DAWSON,
T. L. RODGERS,
Viewers.

IN the court of common pleas, No. 2, No. 573, January term, 1903.

In the matter of the petition of the city of Allegheny for the appointment of viewers to ascertain the costs, damages and expenses, and assess the benefits for the construction of a lateral sewer on McClure avenue, from an unnamed alley along Kleber's west line, to a point 80 feet west of Kleber street, Eleventh ward.

Notice is hereby given to all parties in interest that the undersigned viewers, duly appointed by the court in the foregoing matter, have prepared a schedule, showing the damages, costs and expenses ascertained and allowed, and the benefits assessed for the foregoing improvement, and that said viewers will meet and exhibit the same at their office, Municipal hall, Allegheny, on the 26th day of February, A. D. 1903, at 2 o'clock p. m., and will then and thereupon hear all exceptions thereto and evidence thereon.

W. T. BRADBERRY,
JAMES S. KERR,
JOHN ESPY,
Viewers.

IN the court of common pleas, No. 2, No. 570, January term, 1903.

In the matter of the petition of the city of Allegheny for the appointment of viewers to ascertain the costs, damages and expenses, and assess the benefits for the construction of a lateral sewer on Rock street, from Royal street to a point 250 feet south thereof, Fourteenth ward.

Notice is hereby given to all parties in interest that the undersigned viewers, duly appointed by the court in the foregoing matter, have prepared a schedule, showing the damages, costs and expenses ascertained and allowed, and the benefits assessed for the foregoing improvement, and that said viewers will meet and exhibit the same at their office, Municipal hall, Allegheny, on the 27th day of February, A. D. 1903, at 10 o'clock a. m., and will then and thereupon hear all exceptions thereto and evidence thereon.

JOHN A. FAIRMAN,
GEORGE GIBBS,
CHAS. F. HESELBARTH,
Viewers.

IN the court of common pleas, No. 3, No. 184, February term, 1903.

In the matter of the petition of the city of Allegheny for the appointment of viewers to ascertain the costs, damages and expenses, and assess the benefits for the construction of a lateral sewer on Rock street, from Royal street to a point 250 feet south thereof, Fourteenth ward.

Notice is hereby given to all parties in interest that the undersigned viewers, duly appointed by the court in the foregoing matter, have prepared a schedule, showing the damages, costs and expenses ascertained and allowed, and the benefits assessed for the foregoing improvement, and that said viewers will meet and exhibit the same at their office, Municipal hall, Allegheny, on the 27th day of February, A. D. 1903, at 10 o'clock a. m., and will then and thereupon hear all exceptions thereto and evidence thereon.

GEO. F. LARIMER,
J. H. DAWSON,
T. L. RODGERS,
Viewers.

IN the court of common pleas, No. 2, No. 573, January term, 1903.

In the matter of the petition of the city of Allegheny for the appointment of viewers to ascertain the costs, damages and expenses, and assess the benefits for the construction of a lateral sewer on McClure avenue, from an unnamed alley along Kleber's west line, to a point 80 feet west of Kleber street, Eleventh ward.

Notice is hereby given to all parties in interest that the undersigned viewers, duly appointed by the court in the foregoing matter, have prepared a schedule, showing the damages, costs and expenses ascertained and allowed, and the benefits assessed for the foregoing improvement, and that said viewers will meet and exhibit the same at their office, Municipal hall, Allegheny, on the 26th day of February, A. D. 1903, at 2 o'clock p. m., and will then and thereupon hear all exceptions thereto and evidence thereon.

W. T. BRADBERRY,
JAMES S. KERR,
JOHN ESPY,
Viewers.

IN the court of common pleas, No. 2, No. 577, January term, 1903.

In the matter of the petition of the city of Allegheny for the appointment of viewers to ascertain the costs, damages and expenses, and assess the benefits for the construction of a lateral sewer on Kleber street, from Westminster street to an unnamed alley south of Brighton road, Eleventh ward.

Notice is hereby given to all parties in interest, that the undersigned viewers, duly appointed by the court in the foregoing matter, have prepared a schedule, showing the damages, costs and expenses ascertained and allowed, and the benefits assessed for the foregoing improvement, and that said viewers will meet and exhibit the same at their office, Municipal hall, Allegheny, on the 27th day of February, A. D. 1903, at 10 o'clock a. m., and will then and thereupon hear all exceptions thereto and evidence thereon.

W. T. BRADBERRY,
JAMES S. KERR,
JOHN ESPY,
Viewers.

IN the court of common pleas, No. 2, No. 579, January term, 1903.

In the matter of the petition of the city of Allegheny for the appointment of viewers to ascertain the costs, damages and expenses, and assess the benefits for the construction of a lateral sewer on Rock street, from Royal street to a point 165 feet west, Fifth ward.

Notice is hereby given to all parties in interest that the undersigned viewers, duly appointed by the court in the foregoing matter, have prepared a schedule, showing the damages, costs and expenses ascertained and allowed, and the benefits assessed for the foregoing improvement, and that said viewers will meet and exhibit the same at their office, Municipal hall, Allegheny, on the 27th day of February, A. D.